

Opportunities for Computing Research and Education in a Sustainability Context

Panel on The Present and Future of Sustainability R&D at the

First USENIX Workshop on Sustainable Information Technology

Douglas H. Fisher
Program Director
National Science Foundation (NSF)
Directorate for Computer & Information Science & Engineering (CISE)
Division of Information & Intelligent Systems (IIS)
Robust Intelligence Program (RI)

dhfisher@nsf.gov

Questions to ask

As educators

What should be sustained? What are the "needs" of future generations referenced in the Brundtland report? Why? Are the reasons compelling?

As computing professionals

Is the *low hanging fruit* being implemented (e.g., distance meetings)? What are the factors influencing implementation decisions?

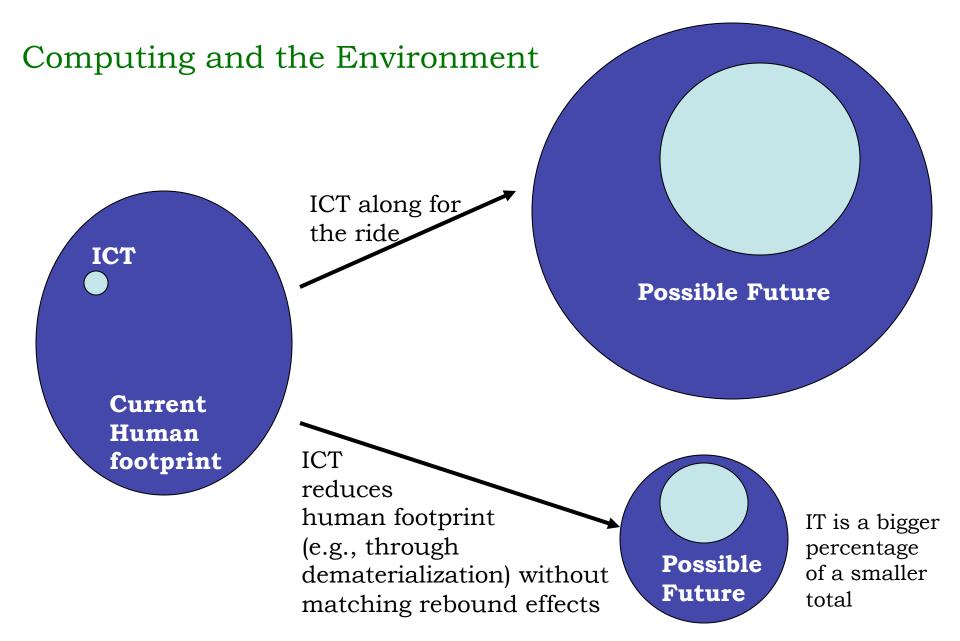
What are the *lifecycle* costs? What are aspirations? Lifecycle $\underline{s} \rightarrow \infty$?

As computer scientists

What is the (likely) <u>growth rate</u> (of adoption, of resource depletion, of energy demand, of improvement)? (across all societal/technical areas)

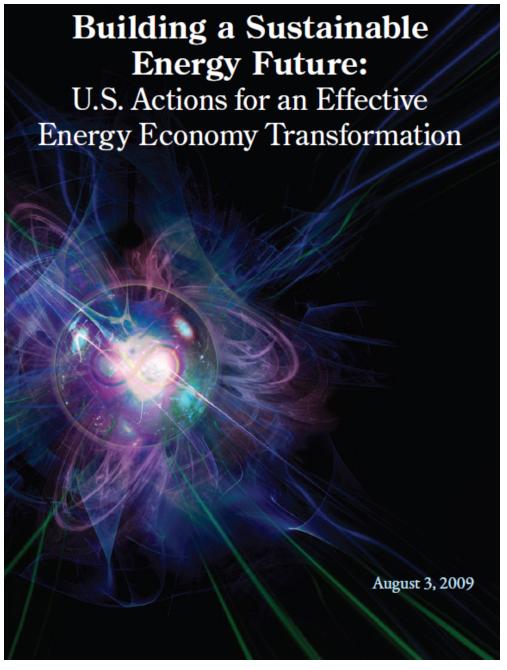
What is the *complexity class* (of growth rate, of change to growth rate)?

What *other communities* are prospective partners?



Don't (too) short shrift *direct* effects, because the 2% of "today" (2007) is the 30% of tomorrow (growth rates, growth rates, growth rates!)





- **Finding 1:** ... A comprehensive coordinated Federal strategy is required ...
- **Finding 2:** ... Private and Federal support ... R&D is inadequate.
- **Finding 3:** ... The U.S. energy economy ... does not adequately value the environment ...
- **Finding 4:** Human capital development in the sustainable energy sector is vital.
- **Finding 5:** ... Limited international engagement and collaboration inhibits progress ...
- **Finding 6:** ... Strong public consensus and support ... are needed to achieve a national transformation ...

and 6 corresponding recommendations

Transitions and Tipping Points in Complex Environmental Systems



Among the report's recommendations are that:

Increase support of interdisciplinary environmental research and coupled human and natural systems.

Evolve to better promote and support interdisciplinary approaches that address environmental challenges.

Lead in developing sensor networks that monitor environmental variables and human activities with environmental consequences.

Redouble efforts promoting environmental education and public engagement.

Helping policymakers develop/utilize knowledge of environmental/socio-economic systems, complexities and tipping points is a priority.

Promote environmental literacy of all citizens

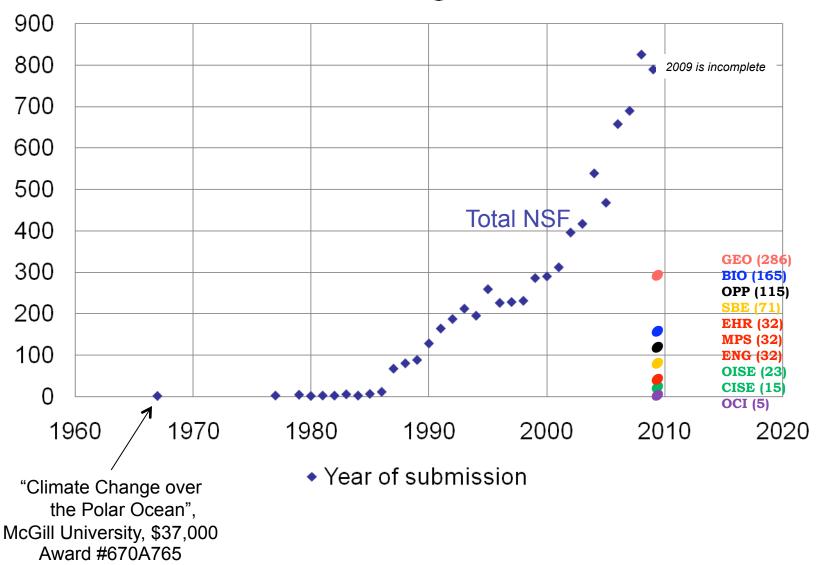
To successfully pursue an environmental agenda, the public must be actively engaged, encouraging a greater role for "citizen scientists."

Two recommendations *ed, but all computing-relevant

A Report by the NSF Advisory Committee for Environmental Research and Education

Growing Knowledge and Knowing

"Climate change" awards



http://www.nsf.gov/news/priority_areas/



Climate Change Science Program (PDF)

The Climate Change Science Program (CCSP) engages thirteen U.S. agencies in a concerted interagency program of basic research, comprehensive observations, integrative modeling, and development of products for decision makers. NSF provides support for the broad range of fundamental research activities that form a sound basis for other mission-oriented agencies in the CCSP and the nation at large.



Cyber-enabled Discovery and Innovation (PDF)

The Cyber-enabled Discovery and Innovation (CDI) investment promotes the advancement of science and engineering along fundamentally new pathways opened by computational thinking.



Cyberinfrastructure (PDF)

Investments in FY 2009 are designed to capitalize on the results of the pioneering early forays into cyberinfrastructure and to advance research and education through the implementation of strategies laid out in the document, <u>A Cyberinfrastructure Vision for the 21st Century</u>.



<u>Dynamics of Water Processes in the Environment</u> (PDF)

The goal of investments in Dynamics of Water Processes in the Environment is to increase our fundamental understanding of the Earth's freshwater systems and provide the scientific basis for decision making about water resources.

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

FY 2011 Budget Request to Congress

\$7,424,000,000 \$6,018,830,000 (R&RA)

SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND EDUCATION FOR SUSTAINABILITY (SEES)

<u>Goal:</u> To generate the discoveries and capabilities in climate and energy science and engineering needed to inform societal actions that lead to environmental and economic sustainability.

SEES Portfolio Funding Levels

(Dollars in Millions)

	FY 2010 Estimate	FY 2011 Request
Biological Sciences	\$121.00	\$126.00
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	17.00	29.36
Engineering	108.20	120.00
Geosciences	195.50	230.70
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	87.00	110.50
Social, Behavioral and Economic Sciences	20.78	27.98
Office of Cyberinfrastructure	5.50	5.00
Office of International Science and Engineering	2.50	8.20
Office of Polar Programs	65.26	69.26
Office of Integrative Activities	26.50	26.50
Total, R&RA	\$649.24	\$753.50
Education and Human Resources	\$11.50	\$12.00
Total, NSF	\$660.74	\$765.50
Totals may not add due to rounding.		

February 1, 2010

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

CISE requests only (\$684,510,000)

FY 2011 Budget Request to Congress

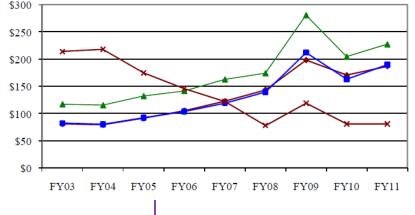






CISE Subactivity Funding





Cyberlearning Transforming Education (CTE) (\$15 M).

Science and Engineering Beyond Moore's Law (SEBML) (\$15 M)

February 1, 2010

http://www.nsf.gov/about/budget/fy2011/index.jsp

Douglas H. Fisher (NSF)

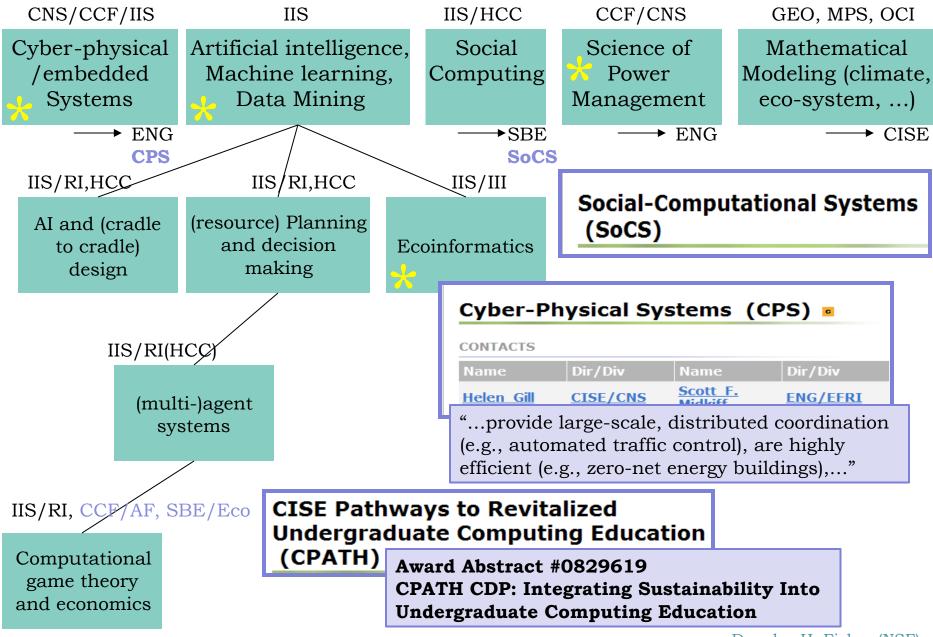
→ CCF

---IIS

→ CNS

-×-ITR

CISE programs relevant to Environment



Computing and the Environment

International Initiatives

e.g., OECD: http://www.oecd.org/sti/ict/green-ict
EU: http://ec.europa.eu/information_society/activities/sustainable_growth/index_en.htm
Japan: http://www.greenit-pc.jp/

- Many conferences, workshops, symposia, white papers
 e.g., http://www.cra.org/ccc/initiatives (and "visioning")
- Many corporate initiatives and programs e.g., GeSI: http://www.gesi.org/Media/tabid/61/Default.aspx
- Research community engagement starting to rev up (e.g.,
 http://www.kd2u.org/NGDM09/;
 http://scipm.cs.vt.edu/;
 http://www.usenix.org/events/sustainit10/;
 http://www.cra.org/ccc/initiatives;
 http://www.nsf.gov/awardsearch/showAward.do?AwardNumber=0950451)

Computational Sustainability:

Computational Methods for a Sustainable **Environment, Economy, and Society**

Lead PI: Carla Gomes, Cornell University





Sustainability: "development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs." Our Common Future, Brundtland Report, 1987

Constraint Reasoning & Optimization

Vision: Computer scientists can — and should —play a key role in increasing the efficiency and effectiveness of the way we manage and allocate our natural resources. while enriching and transforming Computer Science.

Goals for Sustainability

Expeditions

in

Computing

(CISE)

To inject computational thinking into Sustainability,

- establishing computational sustainability as a new field
- bringing new insights to sustainability challenges
- preparing a new generation to grapple with longterm sustainability

Dynamical Models

Resource Economics, **Environmental** Sciences & Engr.

Balancing Environmental & Socioeconomic Needs

Synthesis



Goals for **Computational Studies**

- to motivate transformative synthesis and new methodologies across computing sub-disciplines
- to broaden participation in the computing sciences and engineering, in part by
- broadening the public image of computing science, as a Data field of great societal & Machine importance Learning

Transformative

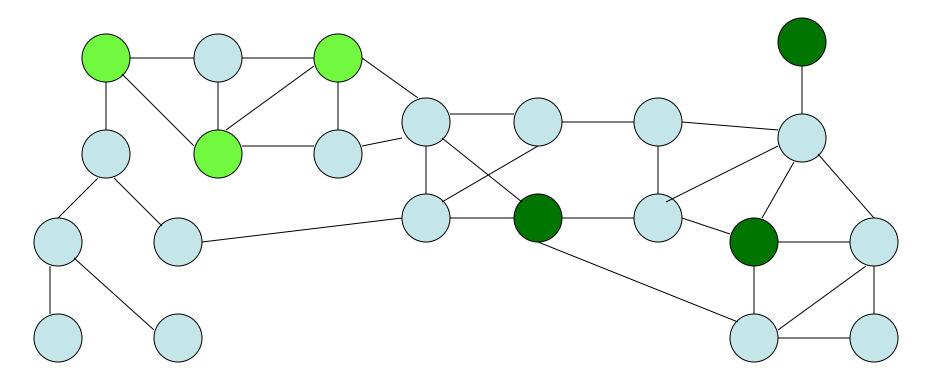




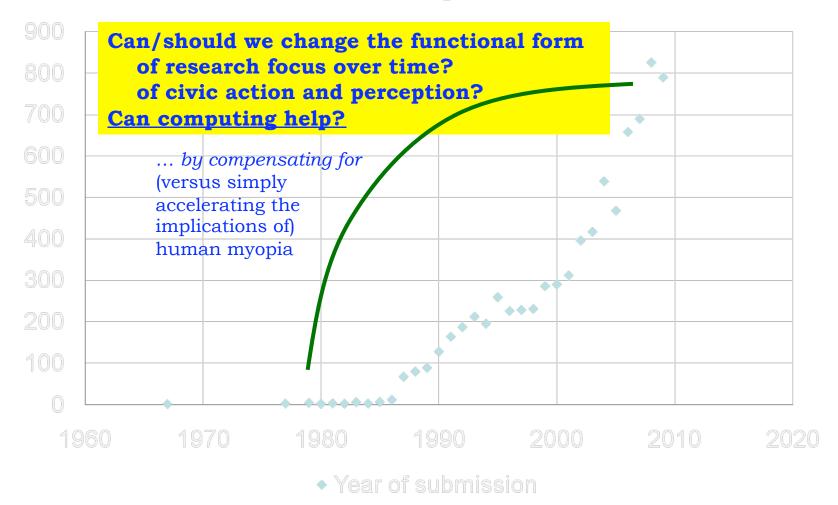
Vision: Computer scientists can — and should —play a key role in increasing the efficiency and effectiveness of the way we manage and allocate our natural resources, while enriching and transforming Computer Science.

For example, corridor design as a connection sub-graph problem:

Given a graph, G, which includes properties, to include reserves Find a sub-graph that (a) contains the reserves, (b) is connected, (c) has a 'cost' within budget, and (d) has acceptable utility



"Climate change" awards



elaborating on the systemic

elaborating on the systemic

Can/should we change the functional form

of research focus over time?
of civic action and perception?
Can computing help?





"The greatest potential risk, but also the most uncertain, is the effect of CO2 from burning coal and oil. ... we would have some warning and could perhaps act to mitigate the disaster. ..." (p. 99 of Energy and American Values by Barbour, Brooks, Lakoff, Opie, 1982).



ubmissior

November 9, 2009

Virtual Newscast: News at Seven

News Anchors: The Next Endangered Species?

(PI: Kris Hammond, Northwestern Univ)

Concluding Remarks

- Growth rates, growth rates, growth rates -- it's not all (or even mostly) about efficiency characterizing the complexity class of growth rate, as well as worrying about "the constant"
- Lifecycle, lifecycle, with aspirations to lifetime energy requirements and cradle to cradle.
- Researchers are often educators too infuse sustainability into the curricula, particularly if we want to *look beyond emergencies*. What is to be sustained and why? The role of historians in learning from humanity's reaction to climate change.
- Computing research and development has direct, indirect and systemic effects (pro and con) on the environment what are the indirect and systemic effects, in particular?