

# Cloaking Malware with the Trusted Platform Module

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USENIX Security

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# Trusted Computing

- Goal: Secure environment for computation
- Trust rooted in hardware
- Most familiar: Trusted Platform Module (TPM)
  - Standard by Trusted Computing Group (TCG)
  - IC in x86 machines connected to southbridge
  - Widely deployed (> 350 million TPMs)



# Uses of Trusted Computing

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  - Provide hardware-protected execution environment
- Ours: TPM provides hardware cloak for malware
  - Only run unmodified malware
  - Store malware secret keys
  - No monitoring/debuggers/virtualization

# Conficker B Explanation

```
get_updates()
```

```
→ gen_domains()
```

```
    date = get_date_from_web()
```

```
    calculate_domains...
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Contact  
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“8/12/11”

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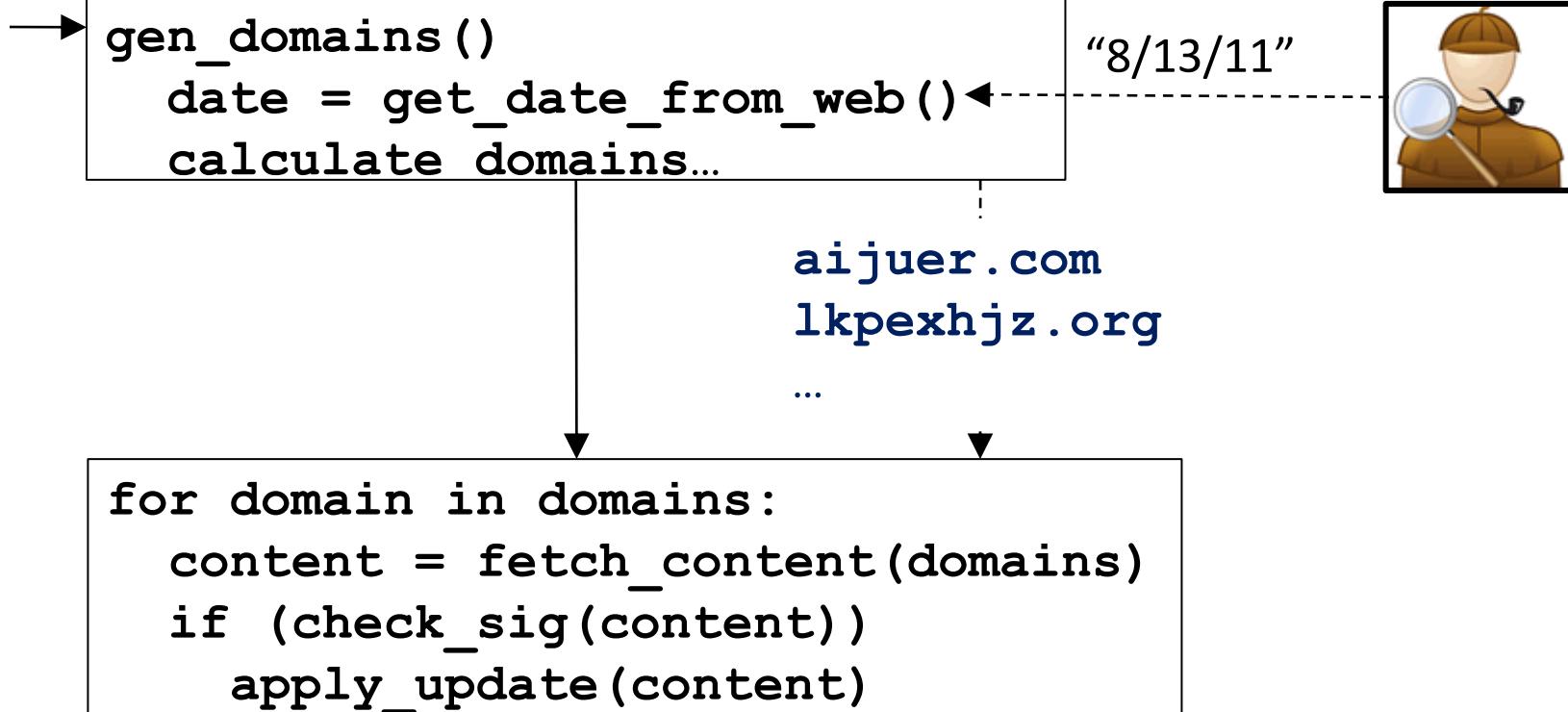
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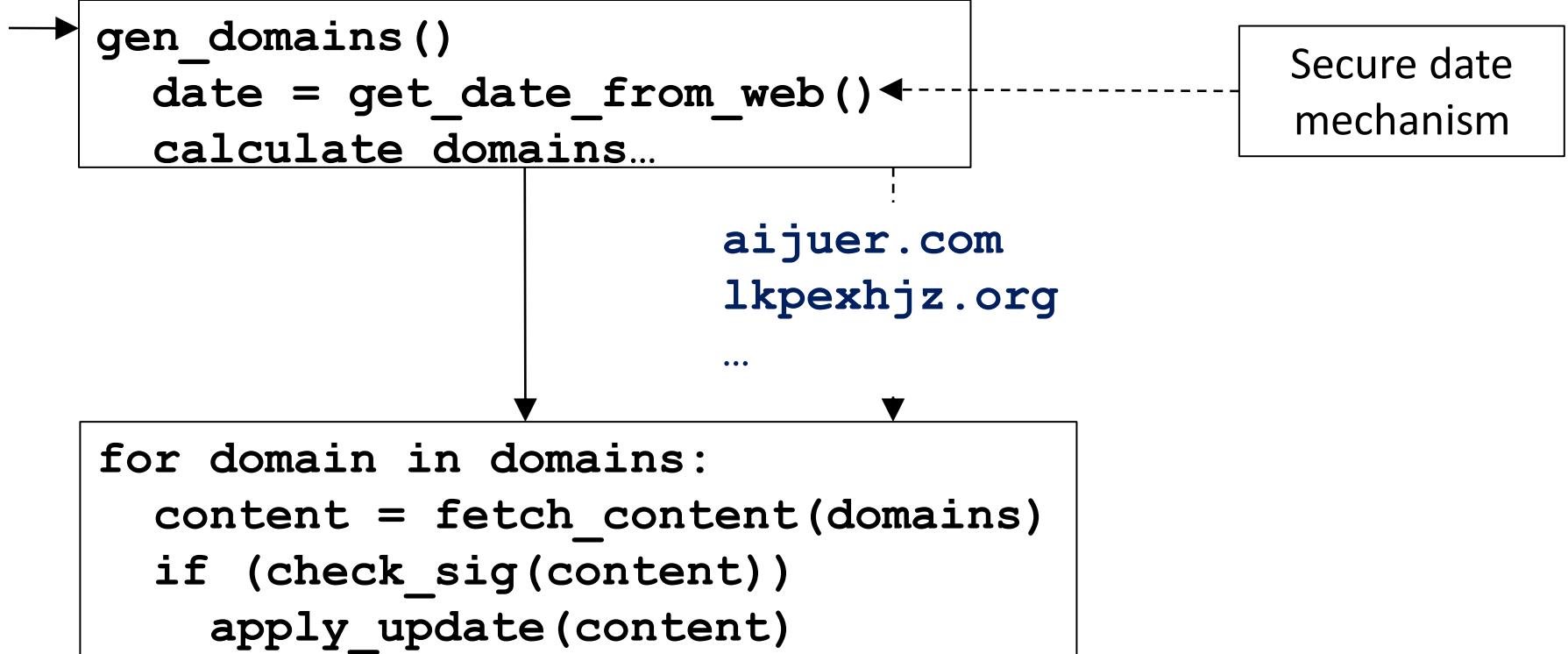
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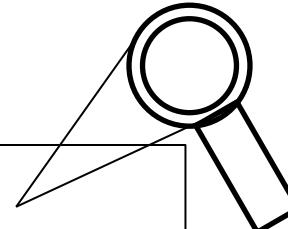
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Secure date  
mechanism

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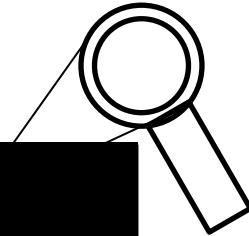
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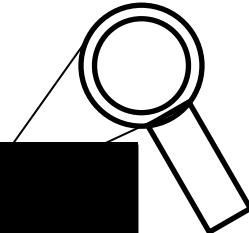
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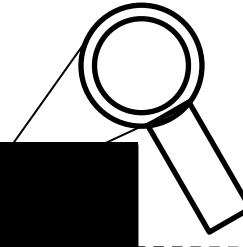
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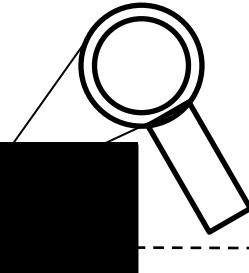
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Goal for malware  
writers: Secure and  
hidden malware sub-  
computation

# Conficker B Analysis

`get_updates()`



!

Secure date  
mechanism

TPM can help malware writers achieve this goal:  
Execute computation securely in non-analyzable  
environment

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Goal for malware  
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# Outline

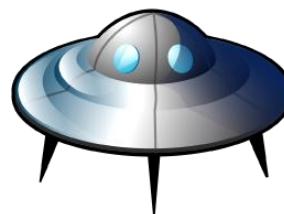
- Protocol Overview
- Protocol
- Implementation
- Defenses

# Protocol Overview

Infected Platform

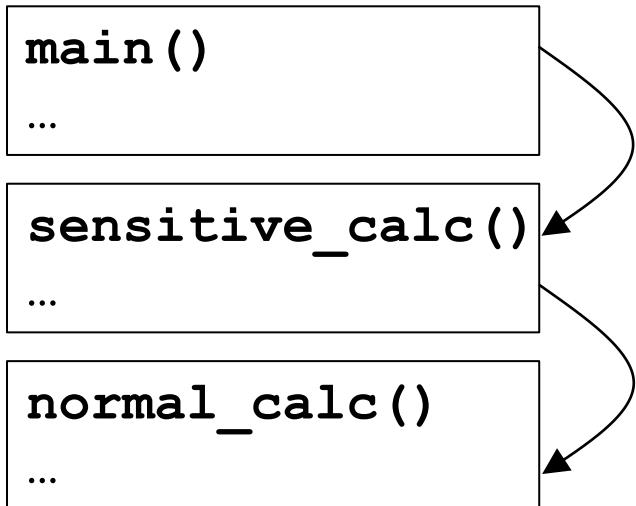


Malware Distribution Platform  
(MDP)

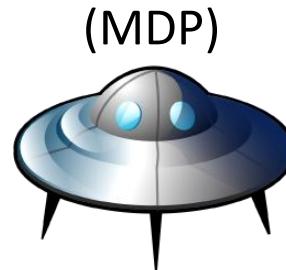


# Protocol Overview

Infected Platform



Malware Distribution Platform  
(MDP)



# Protocol Overview

Infected Platform



```
main()
```

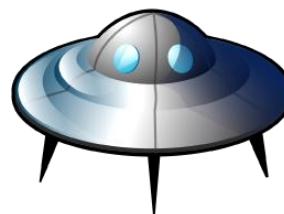
```
...
```

```
normal_calc()
```

```
...
```

Malware Distribution Platform

(MDP)



```
sensitive_calc()
```

```
...
```

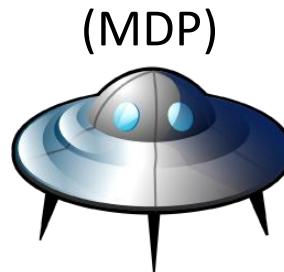
# Protocol Overview

Infected Platform



```
main()  
...
```

Malware Distribution Platform



# Protocol Overview

Infected Platform

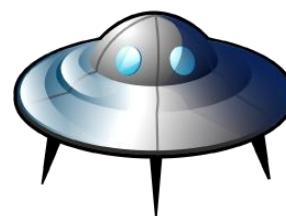


```
main()
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```
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Malware Distribution Platform

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```
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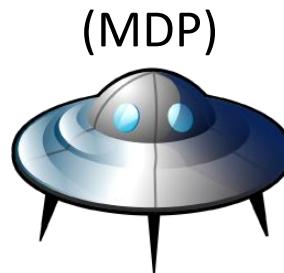


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Malware Distribution Platform



(MDP)

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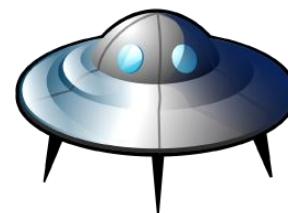
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Malware Distribution Platform

(MDP)



Infection  
Payload  
Loader



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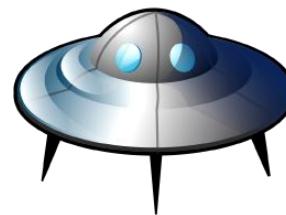


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Malware Distribution Platform

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Infection  
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# Protocol Overview

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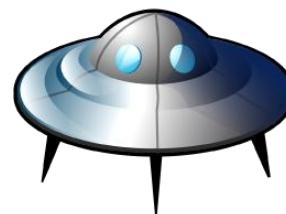


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Malware Distribution Platform

(MDP)



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Infection  
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Late launch environment

# Protocol Overview

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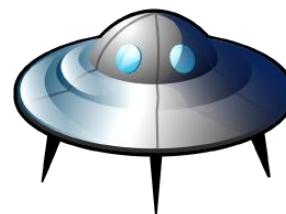


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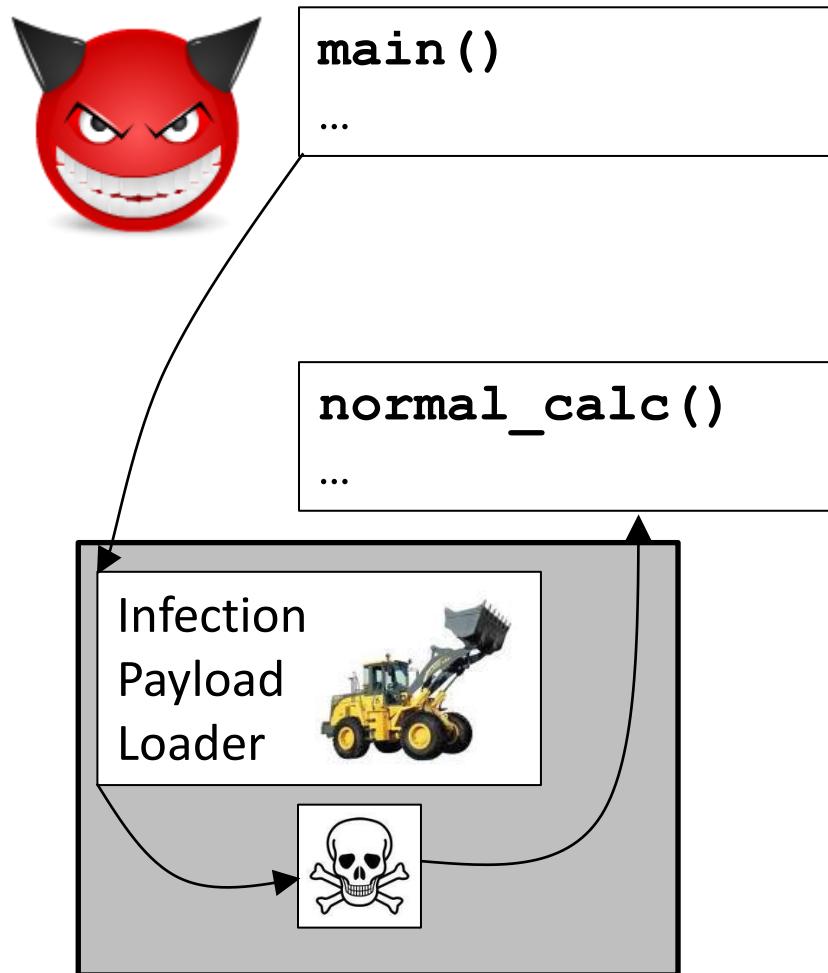
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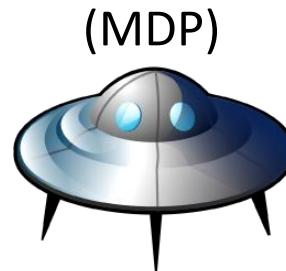
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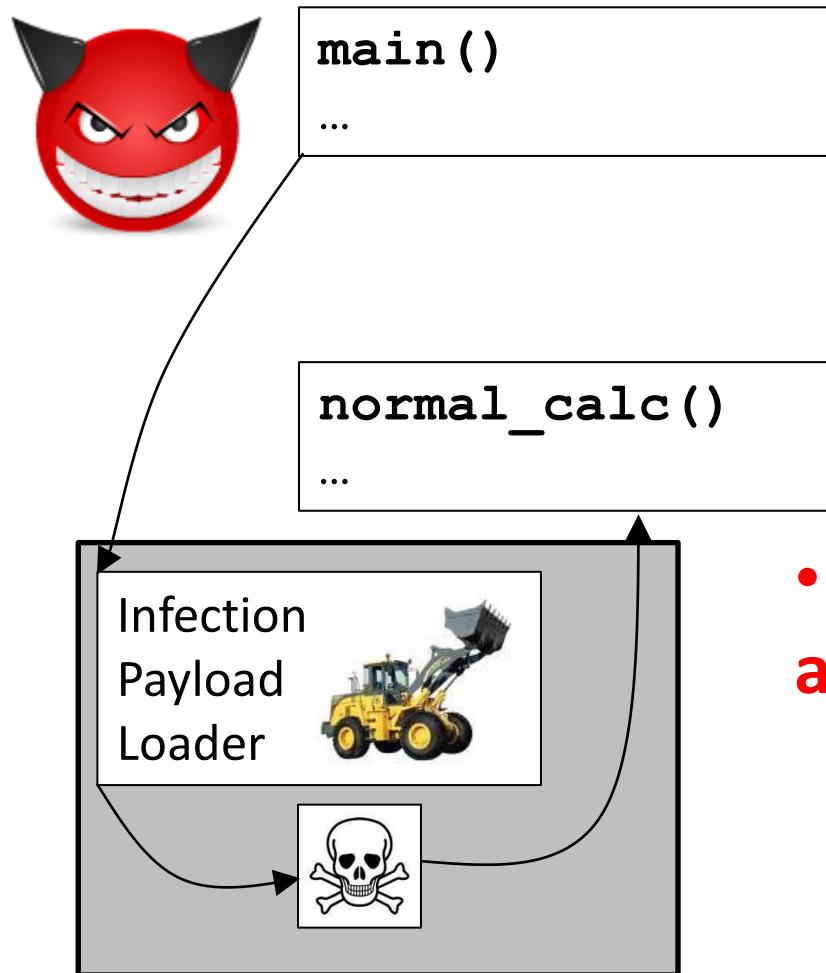
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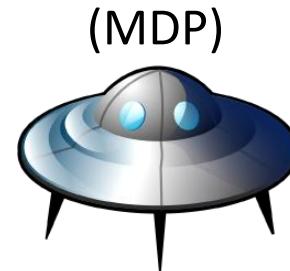
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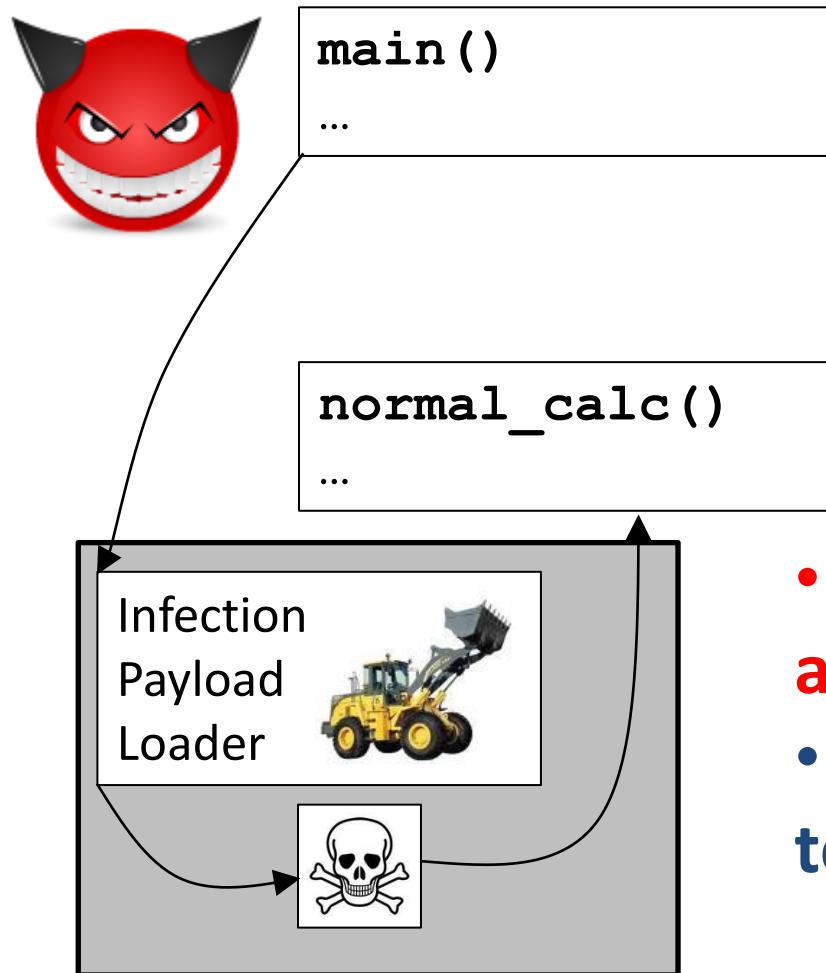
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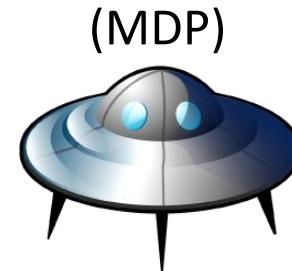
- Put platform in known non-analyzable state

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Infected Platform



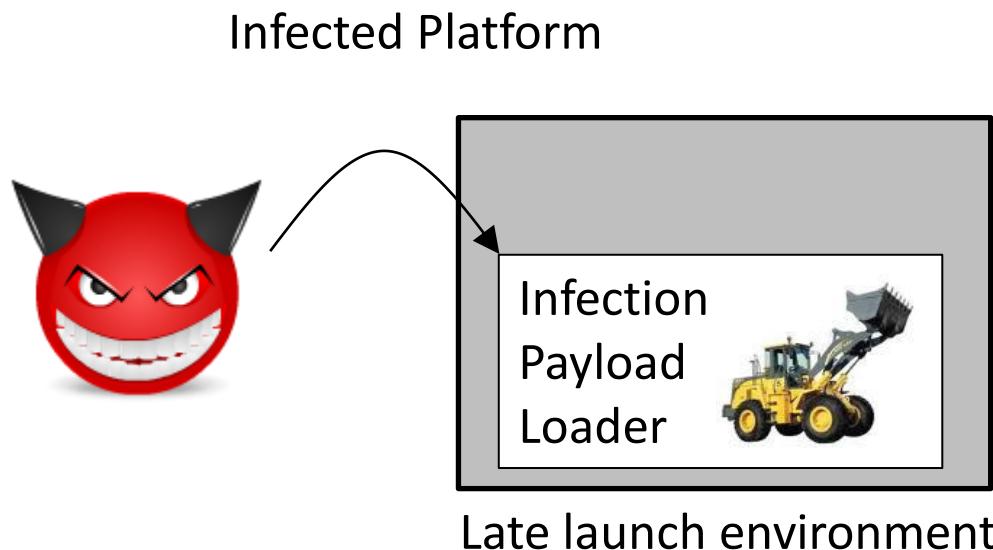
Malware Distribution Platform  
(MDP)



- Put platform in known non-analyzable state
- Restrict payload decryption to non-analyzable state

# Put platform in non-analyzable state

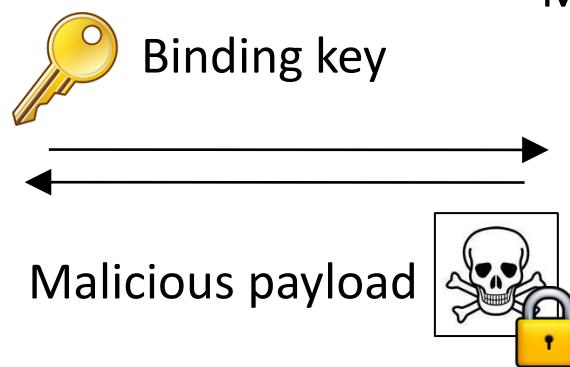
- Suspend all system software, jump into known software state
- *Late launch* performs jump, records program jumped to via hash



# Restricting payload decryption

- TPM *controls* private key use for keypairs it generates
- Binding key *constrained* to use in non-analyzable state
- Certificates show Endorsement Key (EK) belongs to legitimate TPM
- Remote attestation proves binding key generated by same party as EK, so payload only decryptable in late launch

Infected Platform



Malware Distribution Platform  
(MDP)



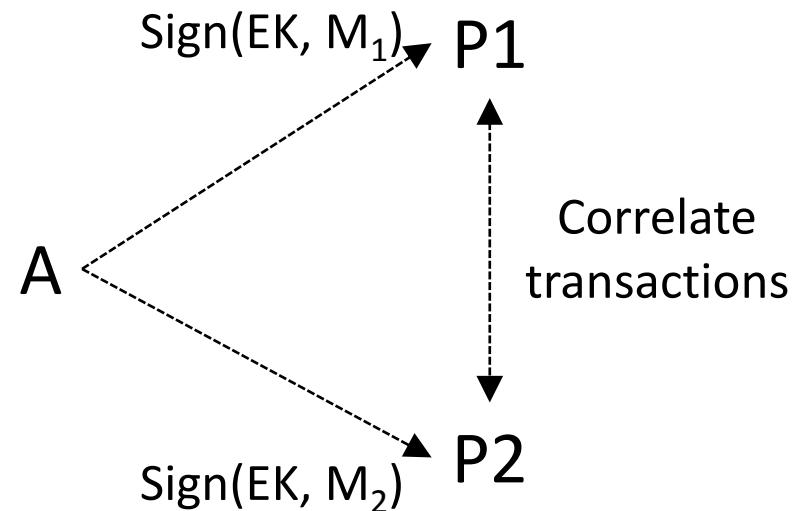
# Late Launch

- SENTER instruction transfers control to binary, sets TPM register based upon cryptographic hash of binary
  - Allows binary to execute securely: stop other cores, turn off interrupts
- For malware:
  - Transfer control to Infection Payload Loader (IPL)
  - IPL hash satisfies key use constraint
  - IPL decrypts, transfers control to malicious payload



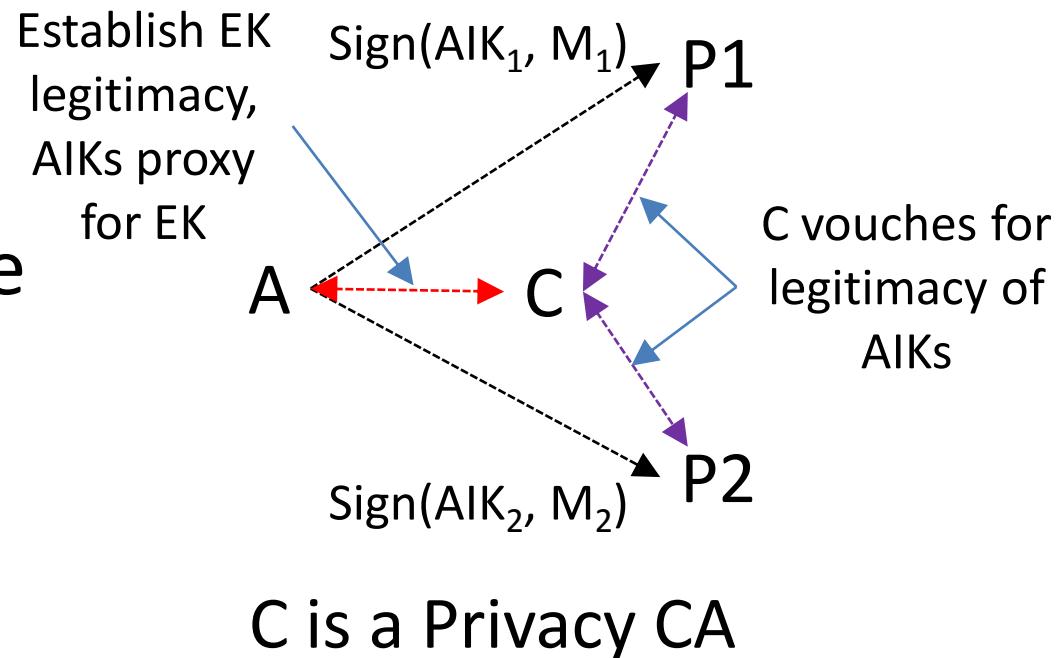
# Validating the Binding Key

- Endorsement Key (EK) – unique identifying key, certified by TPM manufacturer
- Sign binding key with EK? Forbidden!
- EK identifying, compromises anonymity



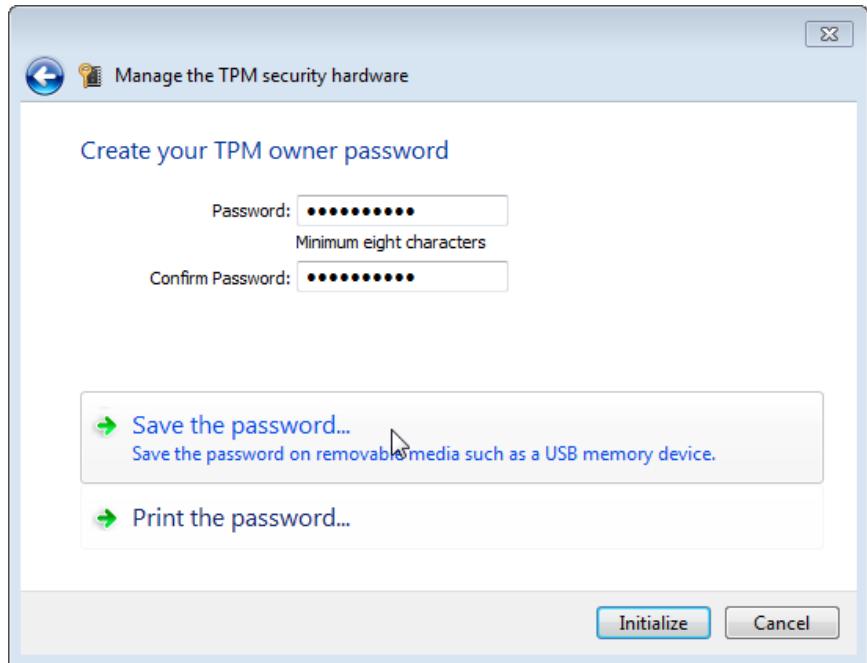
# TPM Identity (EK) with Indirection (AIK)

- Attestation Identity Keys (AIKs) fix anonymity
- *Privacy CA* vouches that AIK represents EK
- **Problem:** Privacy CAs don't exist
- **Solution:** Malware Distribution  
Platform acts as Privacy CA



# Can malware generate an AIK?

- Owner AuthData required for AIK generation
- Owner AuthData not needed on platform, used rarely
- Capture from keylogging or from memory (Windows: cached for days)

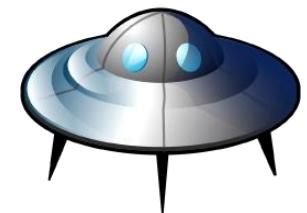


# Remote attestation details

Infected Platform



Malware Distribution Platform  
(MDP)



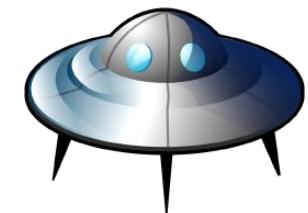
Phase 1: cred → AIK represents EK

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Infected Platform



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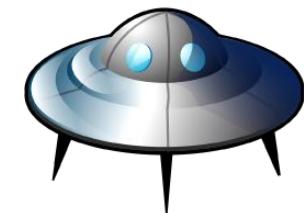
- 1) Generate AIK

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Infected Platform



Malware Distribution Platform  
(MDP)



Phase 1: cred → AIK represents EK

1) Generate AIK

2)  $\text{PK}_{\text{EK}}, \text{PK}_{\text{AIK}}, \text{Sign}(\text{SK}_{\text{manuf.}}, \text{H}(\text{PK}_{\text{EK}}))$

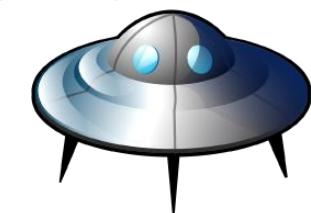


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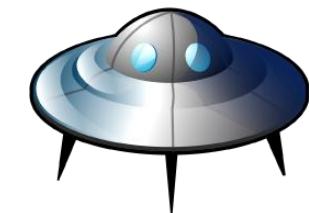
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4)  $\text{Enc}(\text{PK}_{\text{EK}}, \text{cred} \parallel \text{H}(\text{PK}_{\text{AIK}}))$

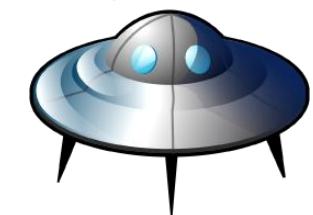


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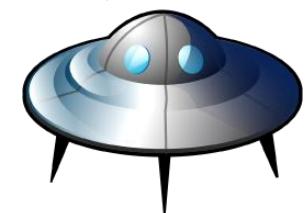
5) Activate AIK: if  $\text{H}(\text{PK}_{\text{AIK}})$  matches AIK generated on that platform, TPM releases  $\text{cred}$

# Remote attestation details (cont'd)

Infected Platform



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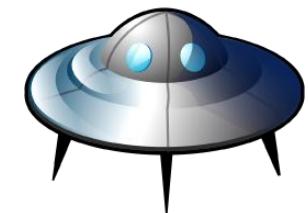
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Infected Platform



Malware Distribution Platform  
(MDP)



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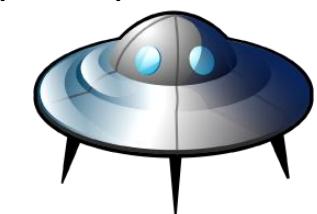
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use constraint

# Remote attestation details (cont'd)

Infected Platform



Malware Distribution Platform  
(MDP)



Phase 2: Prove **binding key** is  
from TPM that controls **EK**

1) Generate binding key with  
use constraint

2)  $\text{PK}_{\text{bind}}$ , **key use constraint**, **cred**,  
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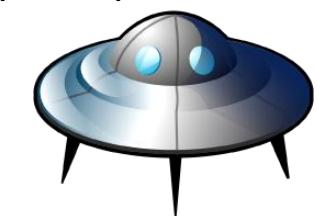


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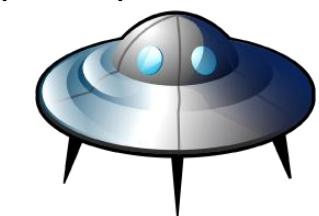
3) Verify use  
constraint, cred

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Malicious payload



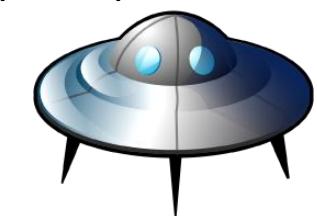
3) Verify use  
constraint, cred  
4) Send encrypted  
malicious payload

# Remote attestation details (cont'd)

Infected Platform



Malware Distribution Platform  
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2)  $\text{PK}_{\text{bind}}$ , **key use constraint**, cred,  
 $\text{Sign}(\text{SK}_{\text{AIK}}, \text{H}(\text{PK}_{\text{bind}} \parallel \text{key use constraint}))$

5) Late launch,  
decrypt and  
run payload

Malicious payload



3) Verify use  
constraint, cred  
4) Send encrypted  
malicious payload

# Implementation

- Protocol until late launch (w/TrouSerS)
- Late launch (via Flicker v0.2) on Intel platforms
  - Infection Payload Loader (IPL): decrypt, execute payload
  - IPL run appears as 3 second system freeze on Infected Platform due to TPM key operations in late launch
- Three malicious payloads
  - Conficker B-like example
    - Secure time via Ubuntu package manifests
  - DDoS timebomb
  - Secret text search

# Defense: Whitelisting late launch binaries

- Hypervisor-level whitelisting
  - Trap on SENTER, check late launch binary
    - List of hashes of whitelisted binaries
    - Digitally sign binaries, whitelist signing keys
- Problems
  - Requires hypervisor: tough for home users
  - Late launch binary updates
  - Signatures: Revocation, trust management (certificate chains)

# Defense: Manufacturer Cooperation

- Manufacturer breaks TPM guarantees for analyst
- Fake Endorsement Key (EK)
  - Manufacturer produces certificate for EK that is not TPM controlled
  - Problem: EK leak can compromise TPM security properties
- Fake Attestation Identity Key (AIK)
  - Manufacturer uses EK to complete AIK activation for AIK that is not TPM controlled
  - Problem: AIK requests need manufacturer response online

# Defense: Physical Compromises

- TPM compromise has been demonstrated
  - Simple: Grounding LPC bus allowed faking of TPM code measurement
  - Exotic: Etching away casing, probing around tamper-resistant wiring allowed EK recovery
- Industry incentives to fix
- Further discussion in paper (e.g. cold boot)

# Conclusion

- TPM can cloak malware sub-computations, hiding them from analysts
- Concrete implementation of TPM-based malware cloaking
  - Remote attestation
  - Late launch
- Strengthening TPM guarantees makes attack more resilient