

Automating Voting Terminal Event Log Analysis

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Why Auditing?

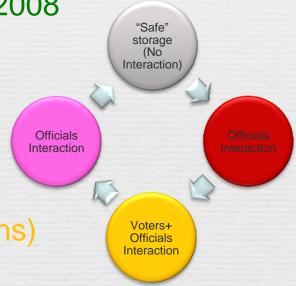


[http://www.statehousereport.com]



Motivation

- Electronic Voting Technologies
 - Direct Recording Electronic (DRE)
 - Optical Scan (OS) tabulator
 - VVPAT Voter Verifiable Paper Audit Trail
 - Used in over 50% of counties in 2008
- Terminal Usage in Election Procedures
 - "Safe" Storage
 - No Interaction (?)
 - Polling Place
 - Officials (Before Election)
 - Voters + Officials (During Elections)
 - Officials (After Elections)
- Is the interaction with the terminal benign and does it follow the election procedures?





Question

How can someone check the Actions and their Validity, performed on an E-Voting Terminal during an Election Process?

Can we devise an Automated Procedure to perform this check?



The Event Log

- What is an Event Log
 - A list of Timestamped Entries
 - Actions performed on the terminal, and
 - Time/Date associated with any recorded action
 - What actions are recorded?
- Where an Event Log is found
 - In every E-voting Terminal with Logging Capabilities
 - Usually Dedicated Memory Space
- Event Logs are useful for:
 - Monitoring actions on e-voting terminals
 - Before, During and After the elections
 - Report environmental effects
 - i.e. Power Failure



Why Auditing the Event Log?

- Detect Expected Event Histories
 - Compliant with electoral procedures
- Detect Irregular Event Histories
 - Deviation form electoral procedures
 - Malfunction of machines
 - Reveal any malicious intent
- To Improve Electoral Procedures
 - Minimize procedural uncertainties
 - Increase the chance of detecting malicious actions

Event Log Audit is Essential for any Election Process



Every E-Voting System should provide an Event Log



The Need for Independent Log Audit

- E-Voting Systems with Logging Capabilities
 - Print Event Log
 - Provide Software to read and analyze the Event Log
 - Usually Developed by the Vendor

□ Issues

- Printing Module
 - Module Defects
 - Wrong Sequence of events
 - Manual Parse of the printout
 - Time Consuming and Inaccurate
- Vendor Software
 - Reliability
 - What are the analysis criteria?
 - Conflict of Interest?
 - Is it trustworthy?



Our Approach

- Understand and Parse the Log
 - Input: Event Log raw data and format
 - Output: Exact Action sequence recorded in the Log
- Examine log sequences in light of predefined Action Rules
 - Rules can be customized by
 - Voting Terminal: Actions it can record
 - Election Process: Sequence of Actions it contains
- Report whether Log Sequences satisfy the Rules



Case Study: AccuVote (AV-OS)

- Premier's Accu-Vote Optical Scan tabulator
 - Provides inherent VVPB/VVPAT
 - But is not perfect:
 - Tampering with Memory cards [Hursti'05], [EVT'07]
 - Firmware manipulations [SAC'09]
 - Reports by others and CA, CT, FL, AL,...
- Provides Logging Capabilities
 - Printing the Event Log for Auditing
 - Print Module is Defective
 - > Suffers from other Deficiencies



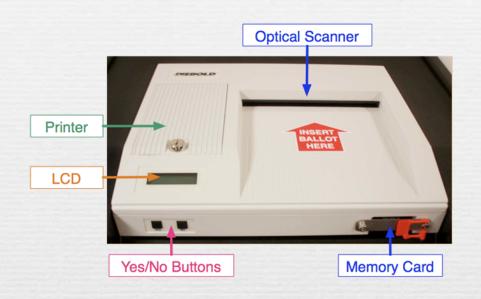
Case Study: AccuVote OS (AV-OS)

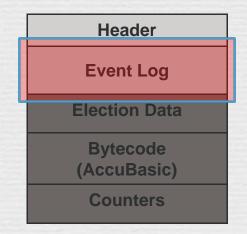
Physical Characteristics

- Firmware Version 1.96.6
- > Input Devices
 - Yes/No Buttons
 - Optical Scanner
- Output Devices
 - Printer
 - LCD

Memory Card

- Contains Election Data
- Divided in 5 sections
- Contents of the MC obtained by build-in extraction module







Applying Our Approach: AV-OS Logs

- Design and Implement a Procedure for AccuVote OS Event Log Audit
 - Parse, analyze and evaluate event logs
 - Automated Log Analyzer
 - General for other E-Voting Systems
- Discover AV-OS event log Defects and Deficiencies
- Used in the Event Log Audit in the CT Presidential Elections of November 2008



Log Audit Procedure at a Glance

- Understand the contents of the AV-OS Event Log
- 2. Model AV-OS as a finite state machine (FSM)
 - AV-OS states
 - State transitions (Actions)
 - Logged Events
- 3. Specify the electoral process
 - Augment FSM Actions with Time-Sensitive information based on the definition of the electoral process.
- 4. Develop Analysis Tool
 - Parse AVOS Event Log
 - Compare the Event Action Sequence over Time-Sensitive Action Sequence Rules



AV-OS Event Log Entries

- Log entries: 512
 - Circular Buffer
- AV-OS Event Log has two types of entries:
 - Action entries
 - Date entries.
- Action entries consist of
 - > Time of occurrence
 - Action name
- Date entries only follow:
 - INITIALIZED action
 - SESSION START action

06:45 SESSION START
11-04-08
06:51 ZERO TOT REPORT
07:05 BAL COUNT START
21:07 ENDER CARD
21:07 BAL COUNT END
21:11 TOTALS REPORT



Event Types Recorded by AV-OS

Action Name AUDIT REPORT BAL COUNT END BAL COUNT START BAL TEST START **CLEAR COUNTERS COUNT RESTARTED** DOWNLOAD END **DOWNLOAD START DUPLICATE CARD ENDER CARD** INITIALIZED MEM CARD RESET **OVERRIDE POWER FAIL** PREP FOR ELECT SESSION START TOTALS REPORT **UNVOTED BAL TST** UPLOAD END **UPLOAD ERROR UPLOAD STARTED VOTED BAL TEST** ZERO TOT REPORT

Action Description

Appears when an Audit Report is printed.

After the ender card is inserted in an election, this action appears.

Appears when the first ballot is cast in an election.

Records the beginning of a test election.

Appears when the counters are set to zero.

Appears if the machine is reset during an election, after at least one ballot is cast.

Recorded during the download of data is ended.

Recorded during the download of data is started.

Appears when a card is duplicated. Present in the master card and the copy.

Records when an ender card is inserted, signifying the end of an election.

The 1st action in the Log. Date action appears when one programs the card.

A memory card reset returns a card in 'not set' status, if it was set for election.

Records an override by a poll worker. Used for the insertion of overvoted ballots.

If the machine is unplugged or a power failure occurs, this action is recorded.

Recorded when the card is set for election.

Date action. Appears every time you reset the machine.

Appears when a Totals Report is printed.

Appears when an unvoted ballot test is performed.

When an upload is completed, this action is recorded.

Appears when an upload error is detected.

Marks the beginning of an upload.

Appears when an voted ballot test is performed.

Appears when a Zero Totals Report is printed.



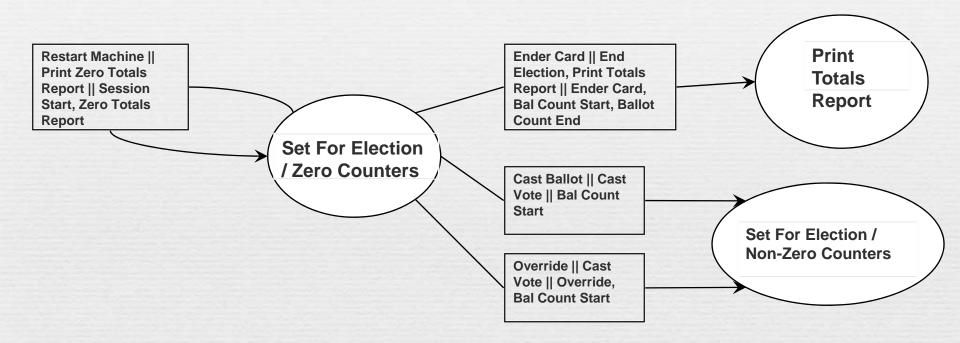
Modeling AV-OS as a FSM

States:

- Preserved after a restart
 - Blank State
 - Loaded Election State
 - Set for Election with Zero Counters
 - Set for Election with Non-Zero Counters
 - Print Totals Report
 - Election Closed
- Not preserved after restart
 - Voted Ballot Test
 - Unvoted Ballot Test
 - Test Election with Zero Counters
 - Test Election with Non-Zero Counters
- □ Transitions denoted by a triple < U || A || L >
 - U: User action
 - A: Ensuing Sequence of Machine Actions
 - L: Sequence of Logged Events

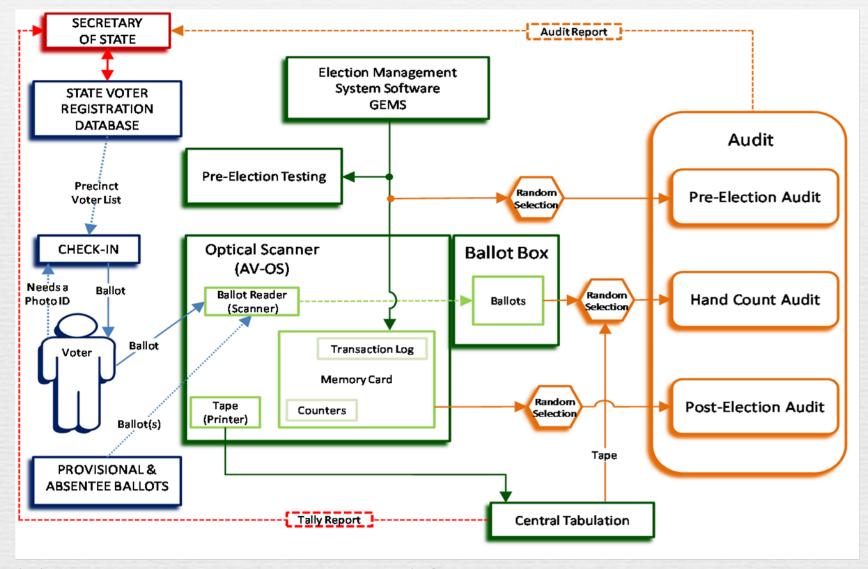


Example - Set For Election State





Specify the Election Process





Time-Sensitivity of the Election Process

- Card Programming and Pre-Election testing by Provider
 - > 3-4 weeks before the elections
- Pre-Election Testing and Setting for Election in the Precincts
 - > 1-2 weeks before the elections
- Expected Sequence of timed events on Election Day:
 - > SESSION START-DATE, ZERO TOTALS REPORT
 - Before the polls open
 - BALLOT COUNT STARTS
 - After the polls open
 - Any number of OVERRIDE events
 - While the polls are open
 - > ENDER CARD, BALLOT COUNT END, TOTALS REPORT
 - When the polls close



Automating the Event Log Analysis

- Define a set of Time Sensitive Rules
 - Derived from FSM and Election Process
 - Rules defined in an XML file
 - Easily customizable

- Analysis Tool
 - Input: Set of Rules and AV-OS Event Log
 - Output: Return "Expected" or "Irregular"



Examples of Flagged Events

- A. Expected Election Run
- B. Restart During the Election Process
- C. Power Failure and Restart During the Election Process

A. Expected Events	B. Flagged Events	C. Flagged Events		
06:45 SESSION START	06:45 SESSION START	05:17 SESSION START		
11-04-08	11-04-08	11-04-08		
06:51 ZERO TOT REPORT	06:49 ZERO TOT REPORT	05:25 ZERO TOT REPORT		
07:05 BAL COUNT START	07:02 BAL COUNT START	06:01 BAL COUNT START		
21:07 ENDER CARD	11:20 SESSION START	08:10 POWER FAIL		
21:07 BAL COUNT END	11-04-08	10:47 POWER FAIL		
21:11 TOTALS REPORT	11:20 COUNT RESTARTED	13:17 SESSION START		
	11:21 BAL COUNT START	11-04-08		
	21:03 ENDER CARD	13:17 COUNT RESTARTED		
	21:03 BAL COUNT END	13:20 BAL COUNT START		
	21:13 TOTALS REPORT	14:44 POWER FAIL		



AV-OS Event Log Defects/Deficiencies

Printing an Overflowed Event Log

"Totals Report" Recording Deficiency

Date recording Deficiency



Printing Defect Demonstration

- Printing Enumerates Events
- Let an action event be denoted as <s,n,t>
 - > n: action name
 - > t: time it occurred
- Let assume #entries=522
 - Date Entries = 11
 - Action Entries = 511
 - > 10 first entries overwritten
 - Print starts from 11th entry <n11,t11>

Expected Behavior	Erroneous Behavior	Event Log Actions		
Seq	Seq	Buffer		
513	503	<n513,t513></n513,t513>	*	Beginning of buffer
522	512	<n522,t522></n522,t522>		
11	1 & 513	<n11,t11></n11,t11>	<	First Not- Overwritten
12	2 & 514	<n12,t12></n12,t12>		Entry
512	502	<n512,t512></n512,t512>	/	

Expected Printout:

<11,n11,t11>,<12,n12,t12>,...,<512,n512,t512>,...,<522,n522,t522>

Erroneous Printout

<1,n11,t11>,...,<502,n512,t512>,...,<512,n522,t522>,<513,n11,t11>,...,<522,n22,t22>



"Totals Report" Recording Deficiency

- Closing Election
 - Ender Card
 - Totals Report
 - Another Copy?
- Totals Report Event
 - Not logged unless "NO" is pressed
 - Single appearance in the log event
- Effects
 - Event is not logged
 - Controversy on the validity of printed totals report
 - Single appearance of the event affects
 - Auditing Process
 - Electoral Process



Date recording Deficiency

Deficiency

- Entries followed by date
 - NITIALIZE
 - SESSION START
- If >24 hours elapse from the date recording without any actions occurring
 - Cannot determine whether the next event occurred on the same date.

Effects

- Modification of the results
 - I.e., leave the terminal ON for a day, cast more votes and close it the next day at the expected time

06:45 SESSION START 11-04-08 06:51 ZERO TOT REPORT

07:05 BAL COUNT START 21:07 ENDER CARD 21:07 BAL COUNT END

21:11 TOTALS REPORT

Did these events happen on Nov 04, 2008?





Our Log Audit Procedure in Practice

- Connecticut Nov 2008 Presidential Elections
- We collected Event Logs from 421 AV-OS memory cards
 - > 279 used in the elections
 - Corresponding to random selection of 30% of all precincts
 - > 142 from back-up cards not used in the elections



Findings

- 314 out of 421 contain the expected sequences
- □ 15 (3.6%) had >10 SESSION START events
- □ 41 (9.7%) contained card duplication events
- 29 (6.9%) had a ZERO TOTALS REPORT printed before the date of the election.
- 24 (5.7%) were initialized between 10/27/2008 and 10/30/2008.
 - Our pre-election audit included only cards programmed until 10/26/2008
- 2 event logs had an additional ZERO TOTALS REPORT event during the election day.



Findings (Cont...)

- □ 1 event log had ELECTION CLOSE event at 22:08.
- 6 event logs had PREP ELECTION event the day of the election.
- 4 event logs had a MEMORY CARD RESET event.
- 1 event log had an UPLOAD STARTED event.
- 2 event logs had test elections on 10/31/08 and 1 event log showed a test election on 11/03/08.
- 1 event log had a test election on 11/26/08 and an election executed on 12/04/08.
- Findings Suggest
 - No serious security problem or malicious intent
 - Prescribed procedures are not followed uniformly



Summary

- Proposed and Developed an Automated Procedure for Event Log Analysis
 - Modeling AV-OS in terms of FSM
 - Time-Sensitive Action Rules
 - A tool to compare the actions in the logs over the defined rules
 - Our tool may be adjusted and used with other systems
- Discovered some defects and deficiencies in AV-OS logging procedures
 - Printing an Overflowed Event Log
 - "Totals Report" Recording Deficiency
 - Date recording Deficiency
- Used the automated tool in log analysis for CT Nov 2008 elections
 - Findings suggest no malicious intent but reveal non-uniformity in the electoral procedures



Conclusions

- Our Results Suggest
 - Full scale event log analysis is feasible
 - It provides information about
 - Usage of the machines
 - Deviation from procedures.
 - Should included in any procedural audit
 - Part of Post-Election Audit
 - Event Logs should be a part of any E-Voting Terminal



Thank You.

Questions?