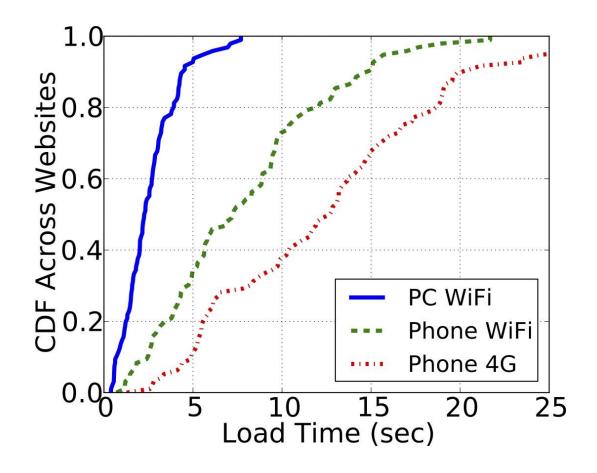
Klotski: Reprioritizing Web Content to Improve User Experience on Mobile Devices

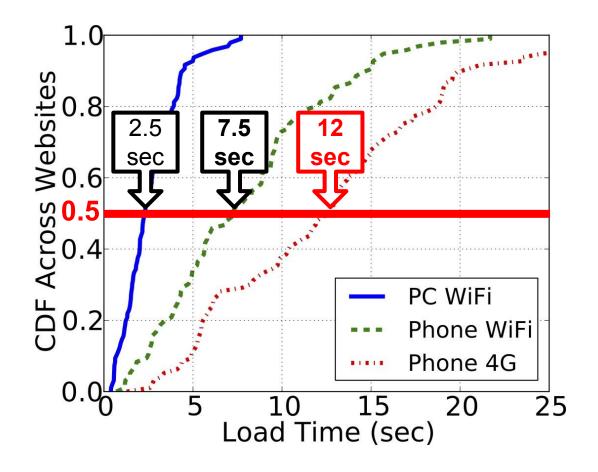
Michael Butkiewicz^[®], Daimeng Wang[®], Zhe Wu^[®], Harsha V. Madhyastha^[®], Vyas Sekar^²

[®] UC Riverside ^B University of Michigan ^A CMU

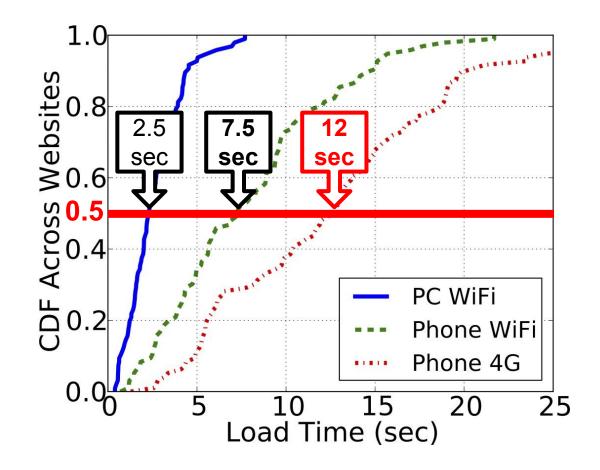
Motivation: Slow Mobile Web



Motivation: Slow Mobile Web



Motivation: Slow Mobile Web

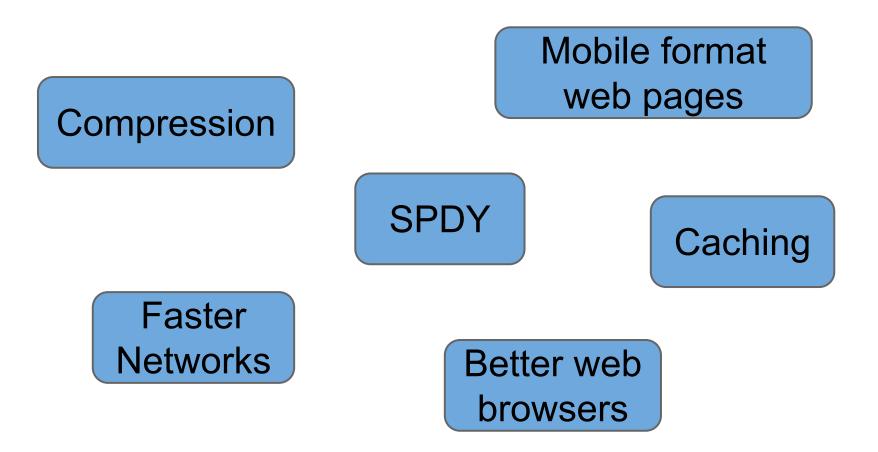


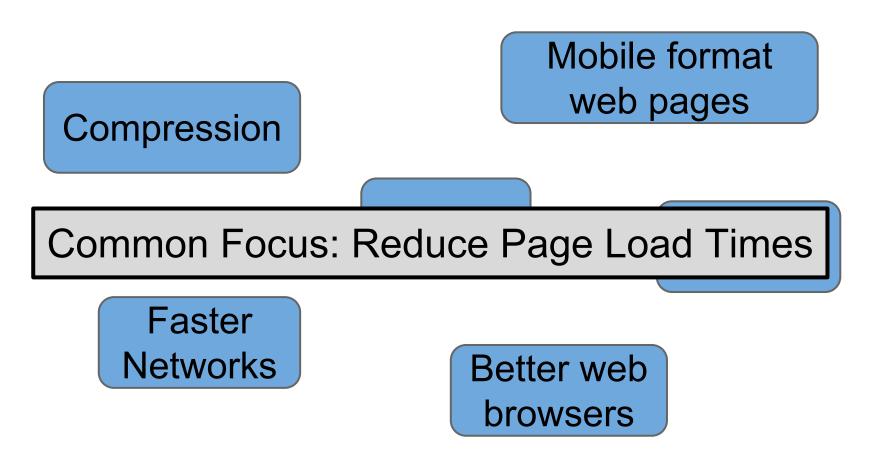
Slow page loads \rightarrow Less users, Lost business

Compression

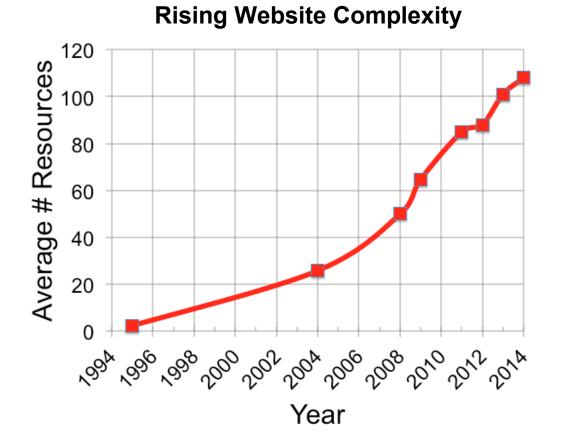




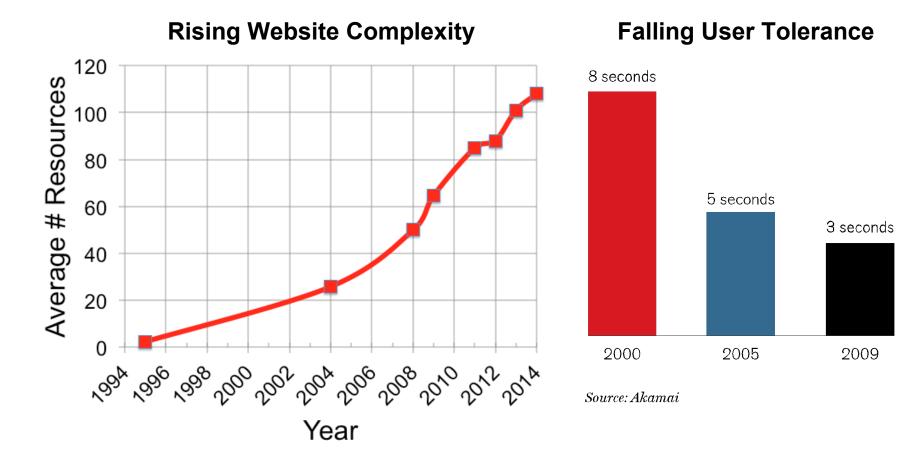




Reducing Load Time is Not Enough



Reducing Load Time is Not Enough



• Forseeable Future: High load times norm, not exception

- Forseeable Future: High load times norm, not exception
- Reformulate the problem:

- Forseeable Future: High load times norm, not exception
- Reformulate the problem:

How to reduce page load time?

- Forseeable Future: High load times norm, not exception
- Reformulate the problem:

How to reduce page load time?

How to *Prioritize* the content most *important* to user?

- Forseeable Future: High load times norm, not exception
- Reformulate the problem:

How to reduce page load time?

How to *Prioritize* the content most *important* to user?

- Typical tolerance limit of 2-4 seconds
- Deliver "high utility" resources within time budget

- Forseeable Future: High load times norm, not exception
- Reformulate the problem:

How to reduce page load time?

How to *Prioritize* the content most *important* to user?

- Typical tolerance limit of 2-4 seconds
- Deliver "high utility" resources within time budget
- Our solution: Klotski proxy
 - No modifications to clients and web servers!

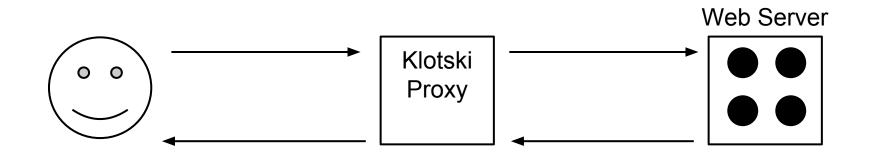
Klotski in Action!

Original Page Load at 3s

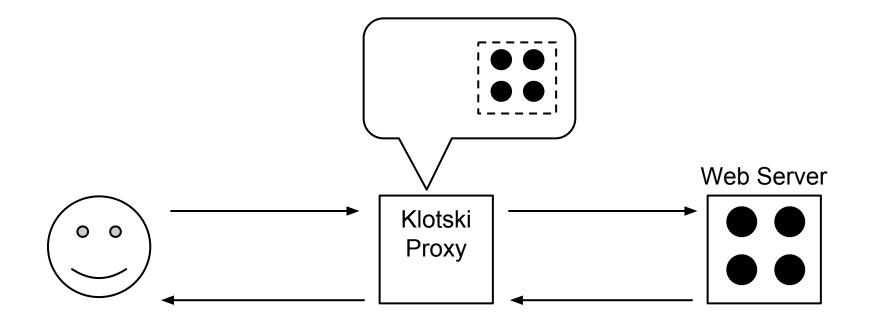


Klotski Page Load at 3s

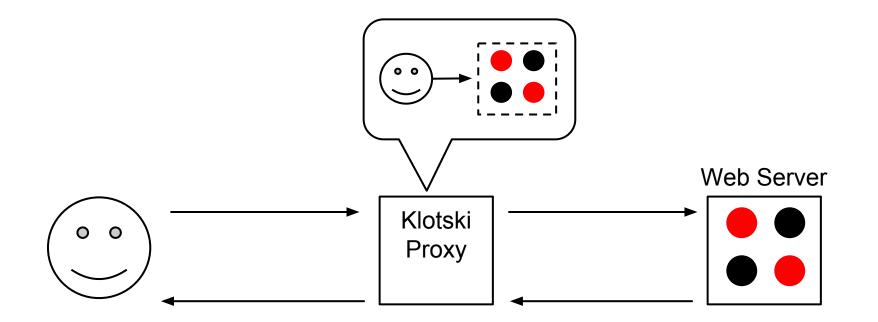


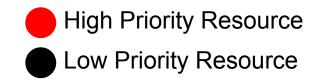


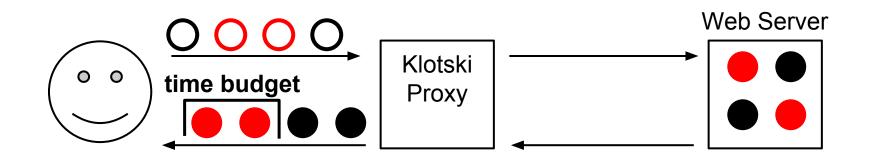


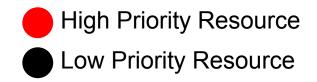




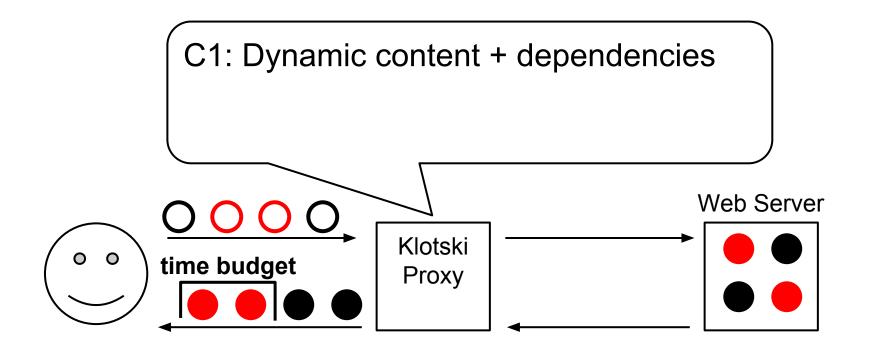


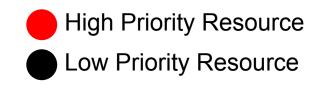




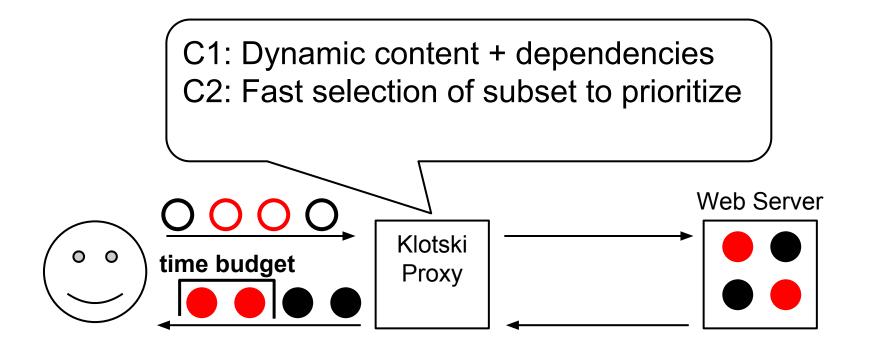


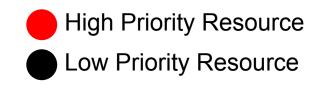
Challenges with Idealized View



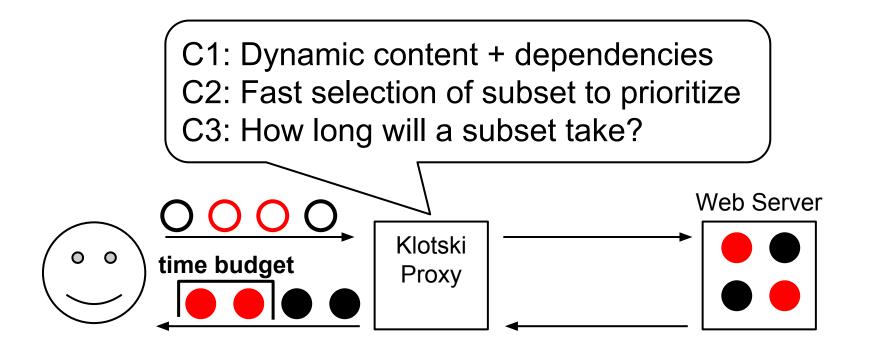


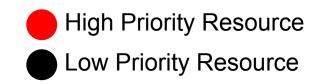
Challenges with Idealized View



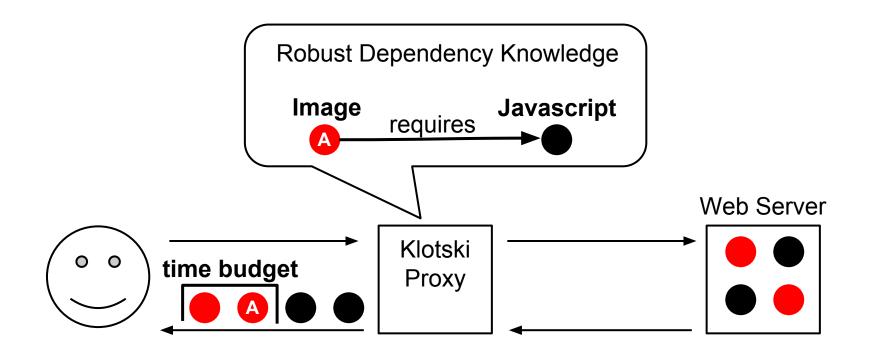


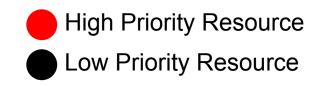
Challenges with Idealized View

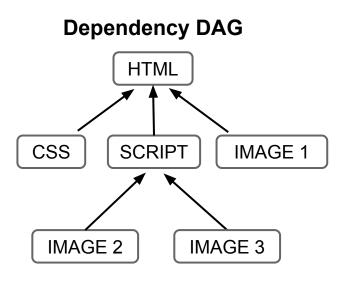




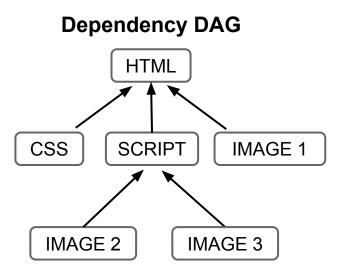
Challenge 1: Dynamic Content and Dependencies



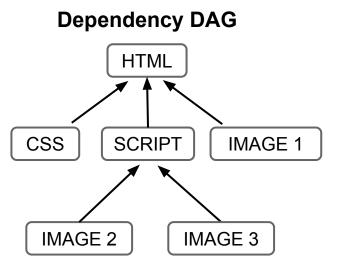




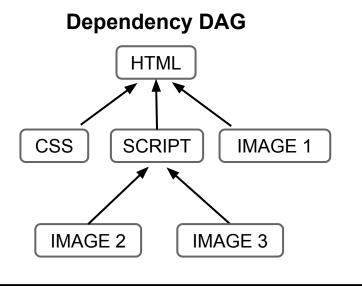
- Prior work on static dependencies
 - E.g., WebProphet, WProf



- Prior work on static dependencies
 E.g., WebProphet, WProf
- Problem: Dependencies not reusable due to dynamic content



- Prior work on static dependencies
 E.g., WebProphet, WProf
- Problem: Dependencies not reusable due to dynamic content
- Our observation:
 - Nodes in DAG change
 - DAG structure largely stable



- Prior work on static dependencies
 E.g., WebProphet, WProf
- Problem: Dependencies not reusable due to dynamic content

le

Our observation:

Load page repeatedly to generate *fingerprint*:

- DAG structure with a URL pattern at every node
- Pattern generalizes URL of dynamic resources

Learn URL Patterns

• Generalize known prior URLs of a dynamic resource

foo.com/SG39HZ78/a.js foo.com/SHFS2732/a.js \rightarrow foo.com/*/a.js

Learn URL Patterns

• Generalize known prior URLs of a dynamic resource

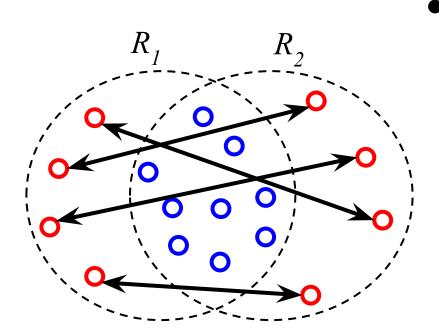
foo.com/SG39HZ78/a.js foo.com/SHFS2732/a.js \rightarrow foo.com/*/a.js

- 3 Cases = 90% of Replacements:
 - Single token in URL changes
 - Only URL argument changes: www.site.org/a.js?FOO=1...
 - O CDN node name: {CDN2.bar.com/x.jpg, CDN5.bar.com/x.jpg}

Identify Resource Replacements

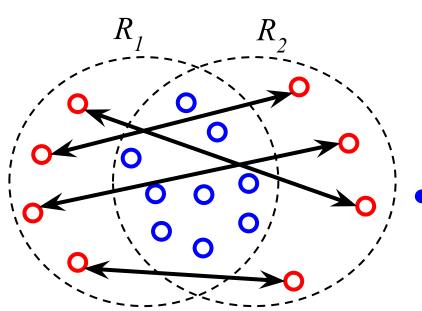
 Capture set of prior URLs: Track Replacement of Resource over multiple page loads

Identify Resource Replacements



Capture set of prior URLs:
 Track Replacement of Resource
 over multiple page loads

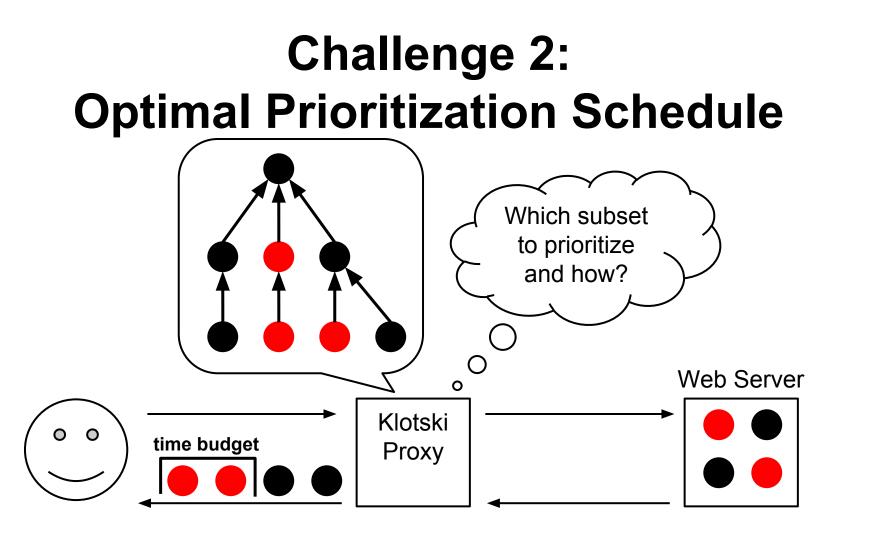
Identify Resource Replacements

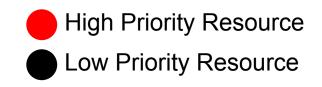


Capture set of prior URLs:
 Track Replacement of Resource
 over multiple page loads

Combination of techniques:

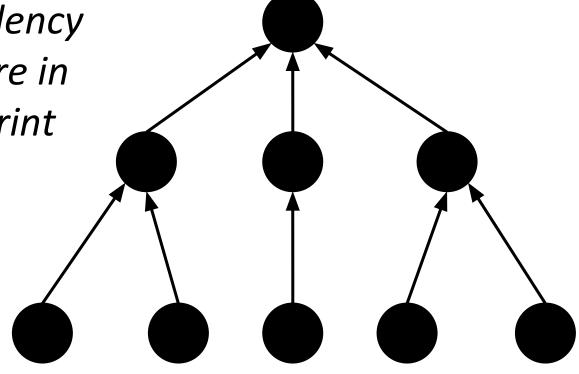
- Match position in DAG dependency structure
- Identical position on screen
- Identical reference in source





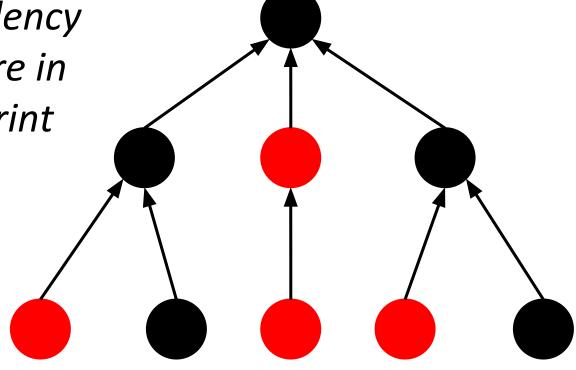
Select Subset of High Utility Resources

Dependency structure in fingerprint



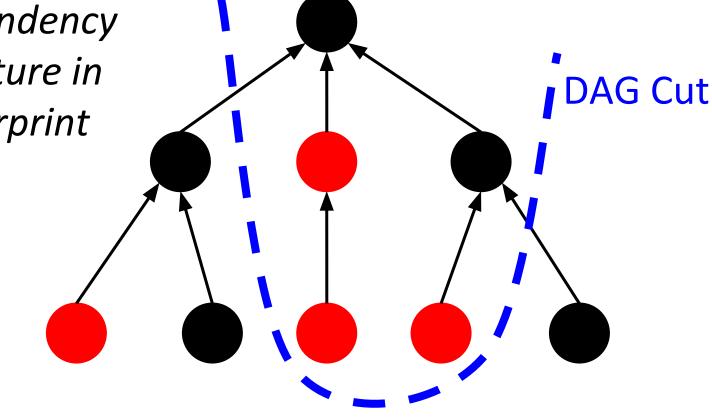
Select Subset of High Utility Resources

Dependency structure in fingerprint



Select Subset of High Utility Resources

Dependency structure in fingerprint



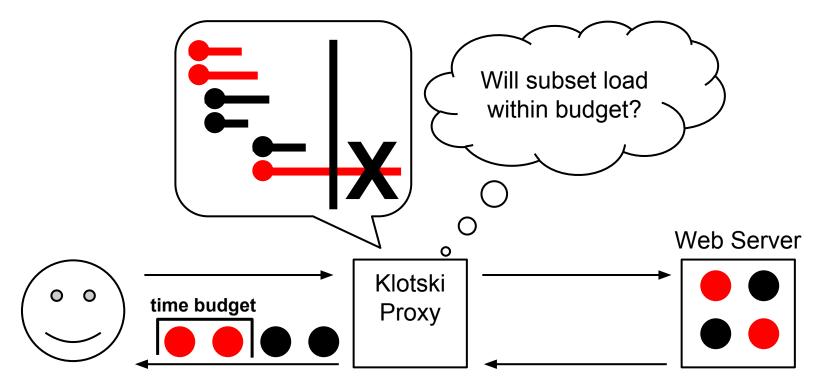
- Reduces to knapsack with dependencies: NP-Hard
- Apply greedy heuristic

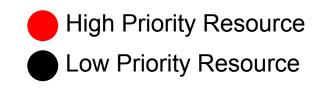
Prioritizing High-Utility Resources

 Static URLs: Use SPDY PUSH to pre-emptively deliver as soon as main HTML is requested

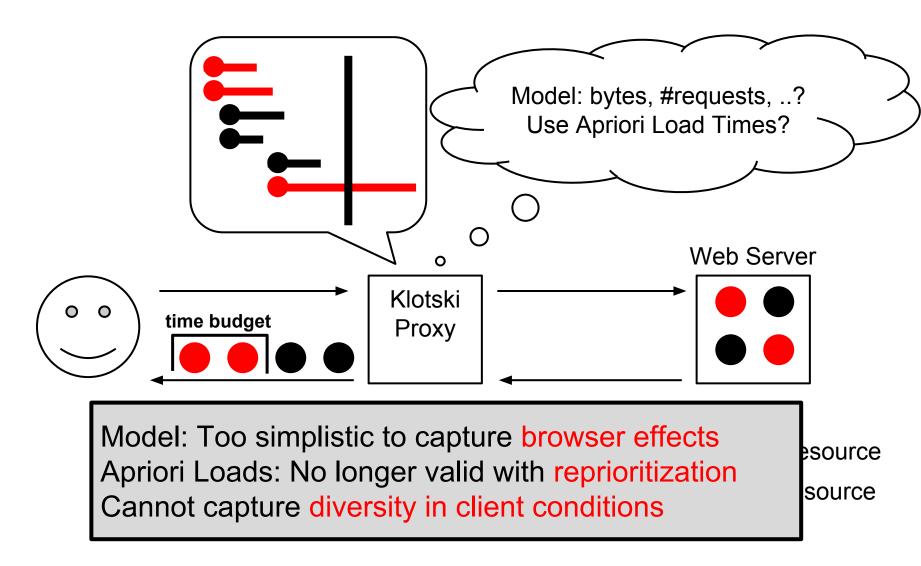
Dynamic URLs: Prioritize delivery if *match with regular expression* of a selected resource

Challenge 3: Estimating Load Times in the "Wild"

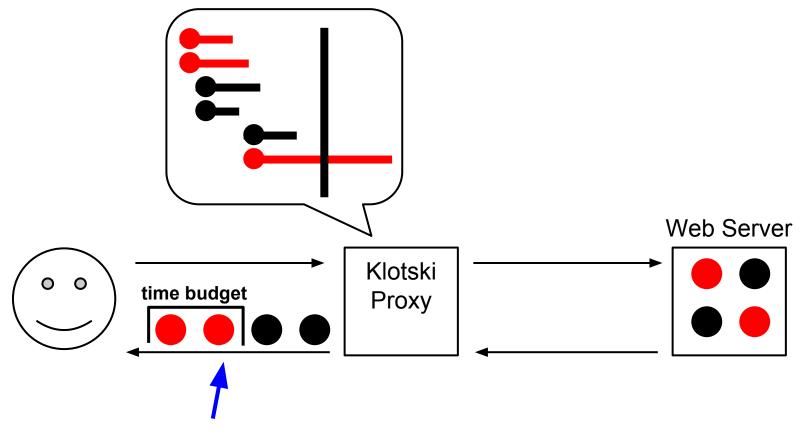




Seemingly Natural Non-Solutions

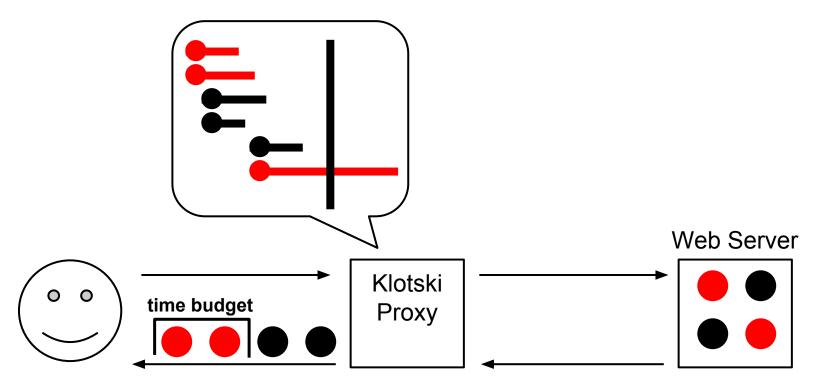


Intuition Behind Klotski Estimator



Bottleneck = Client-Proxy Link (e.g, 4G)

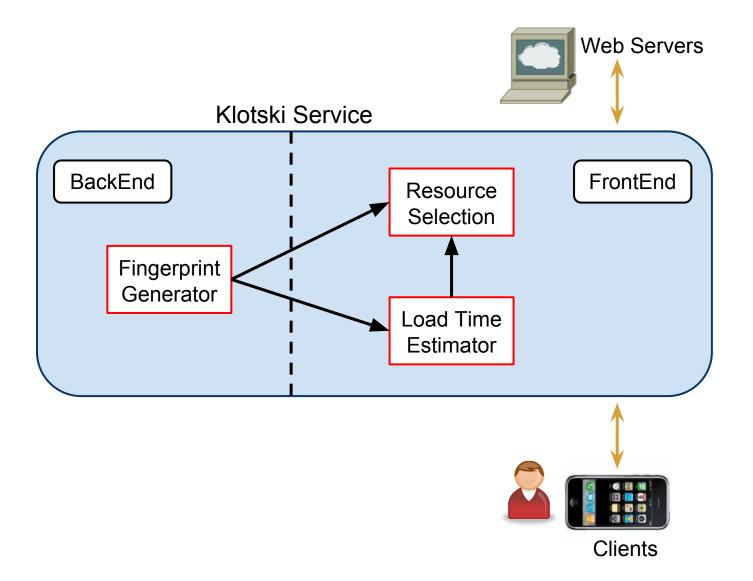
Intuition Behind Klotski Estimator



Build Fluid Model Simulation

- Proxy as work conserving scheduler
- Priorities/Dependencies, fairly shared bw for concurrent transfers
- Some subtle issues: PUSH, client processing delays

Klotski: System Architecture



Klotski: Experimental Results

Data Set

Websites

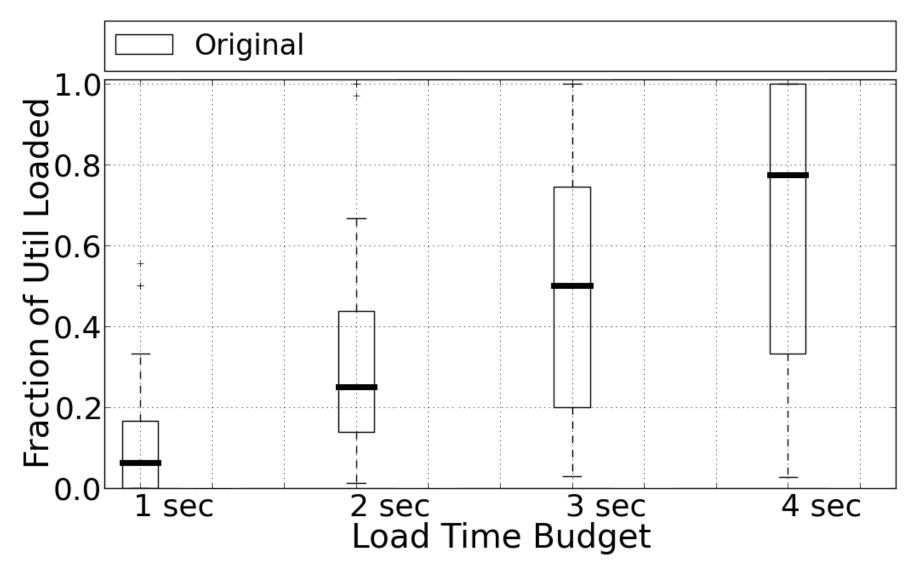
• 50 Random From Alexa Top 200

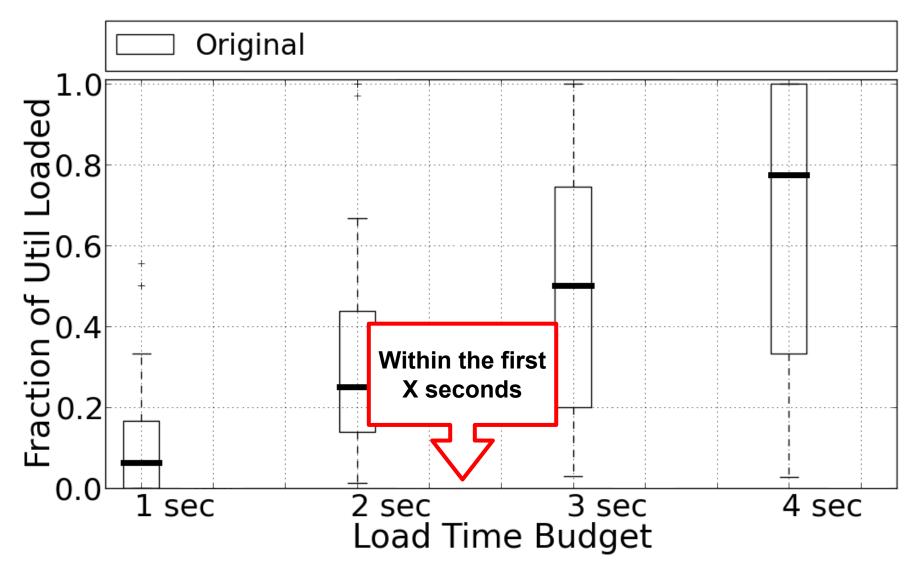
Mobile Device

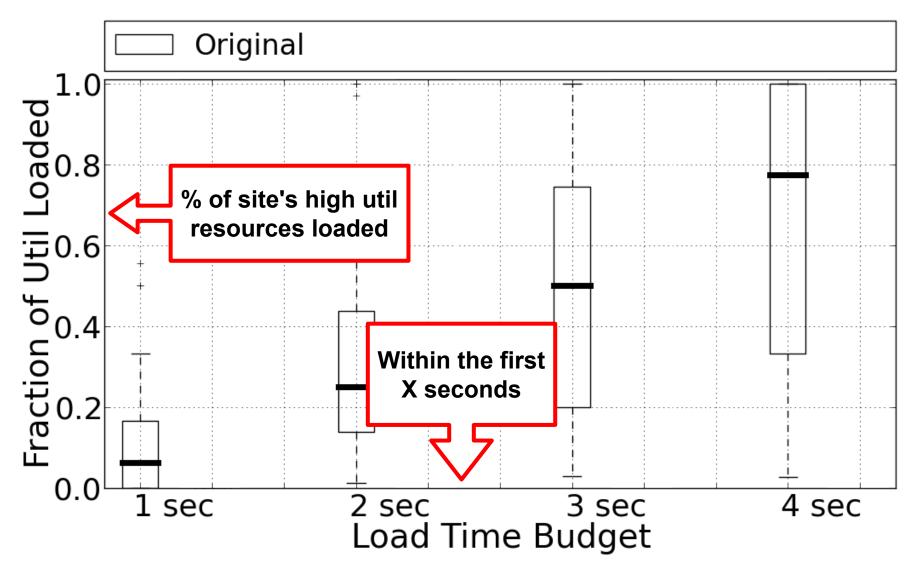
- Android Smartphone
- 4G Connection
- Google Chrome

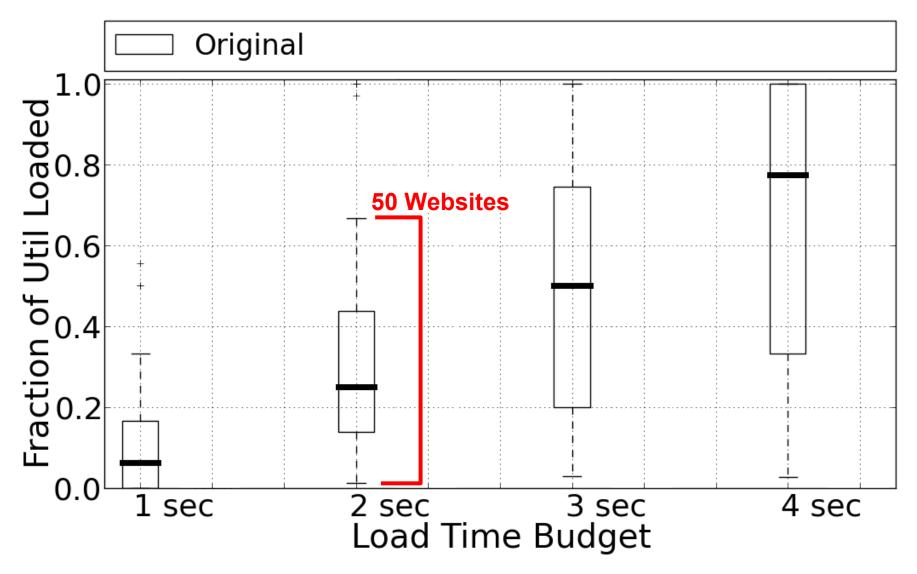
Paper Only Results

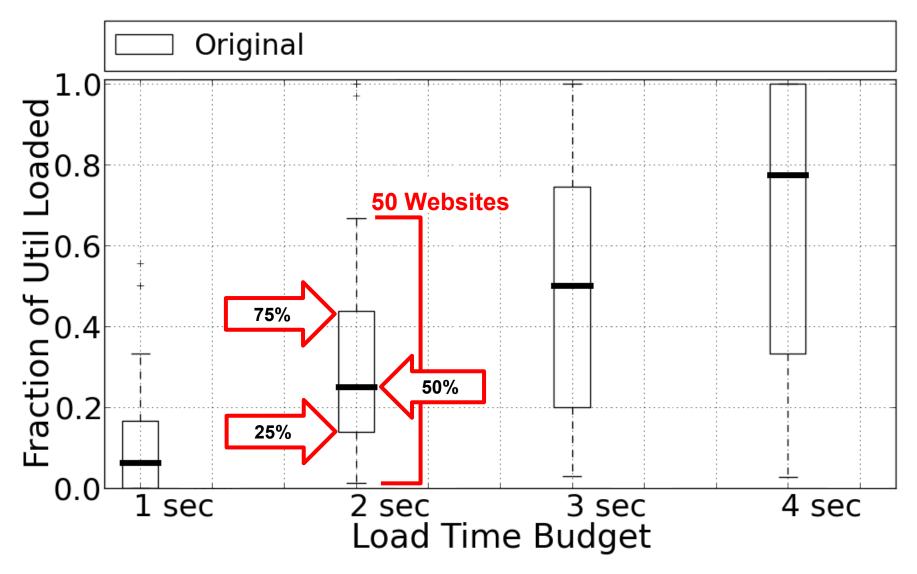
- Desktop PC + Ethernet
- Smartphone + Full Website
- User study on utility preferences
- Resource churn over time

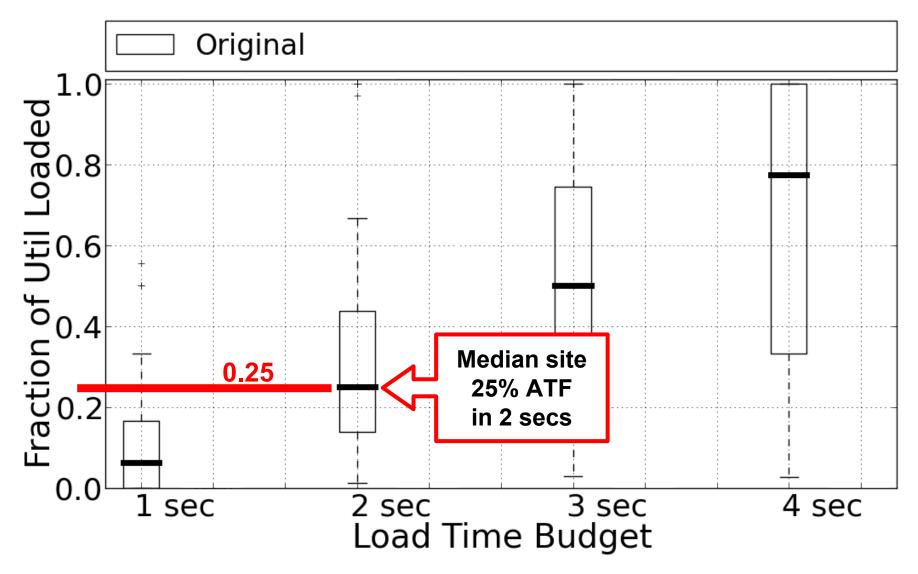


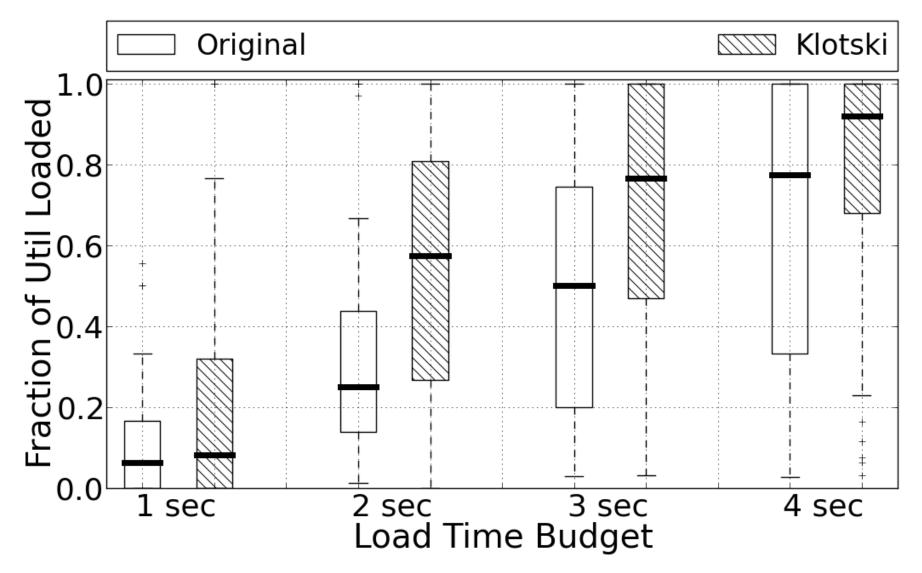


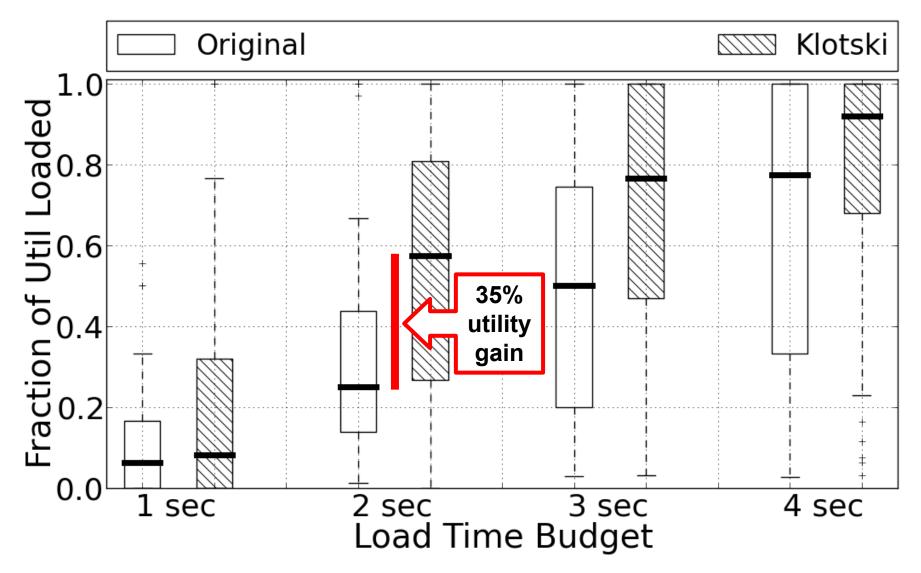


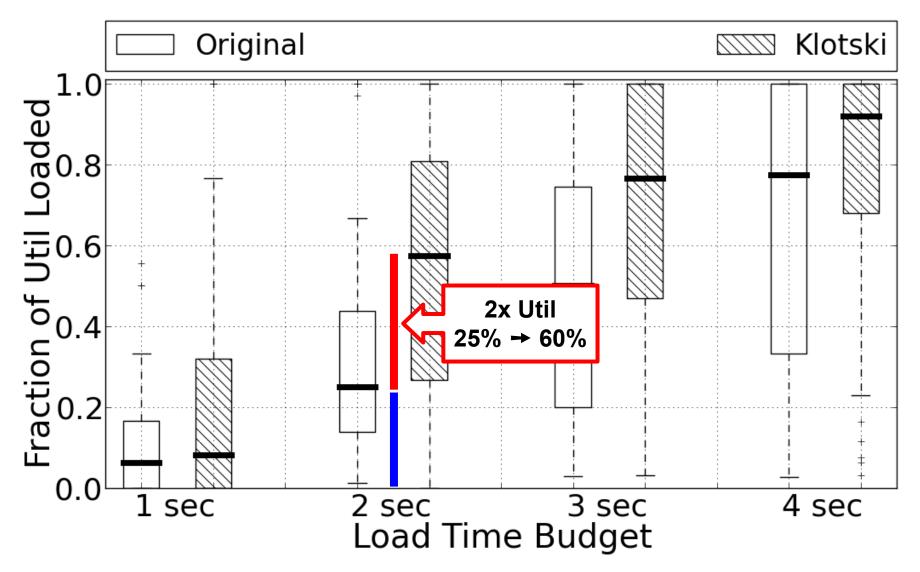


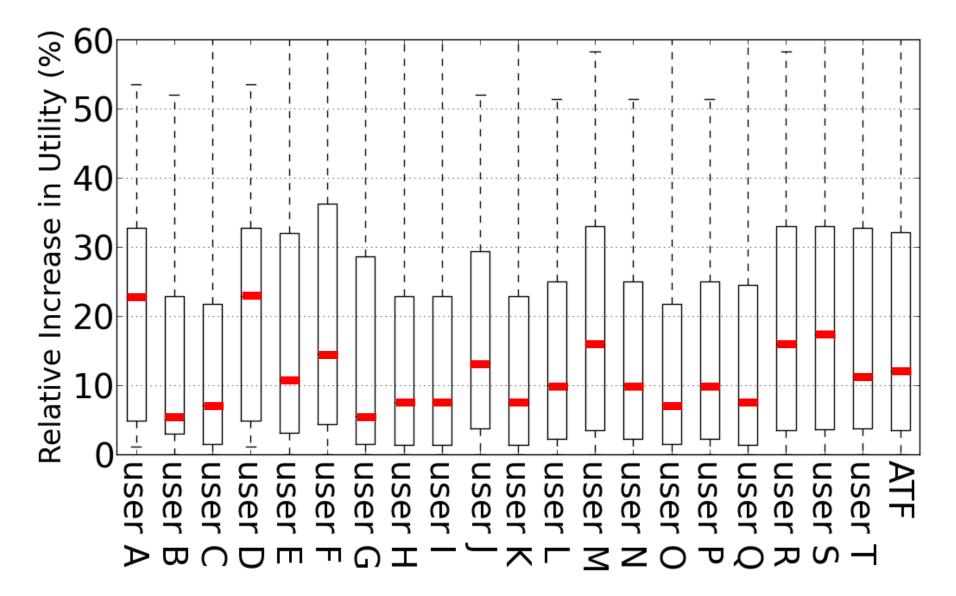


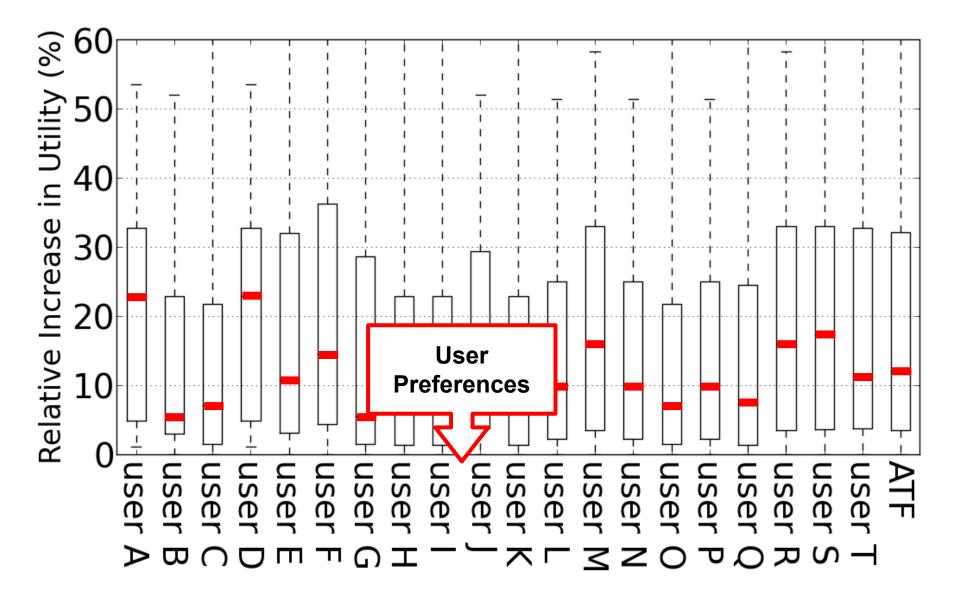


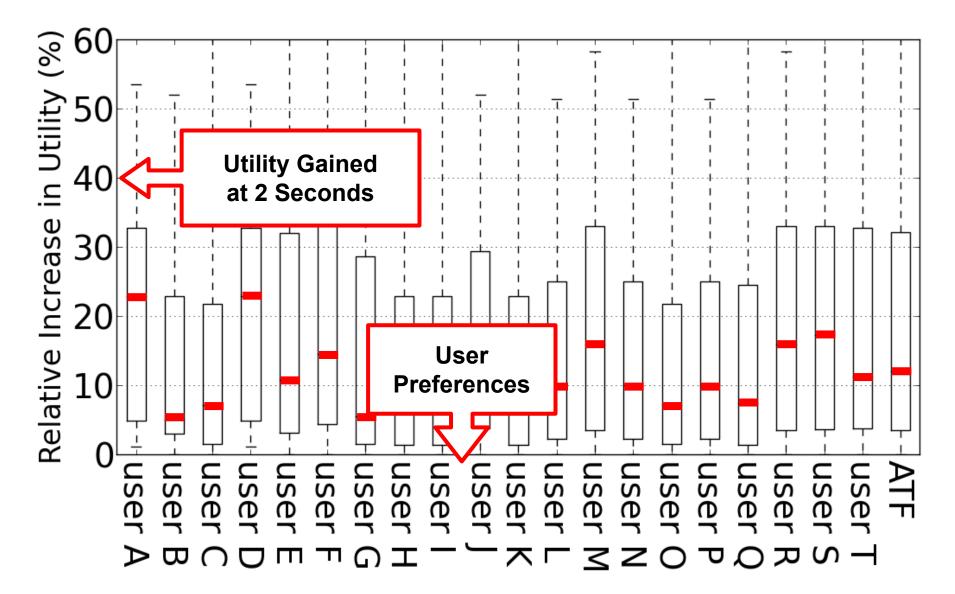


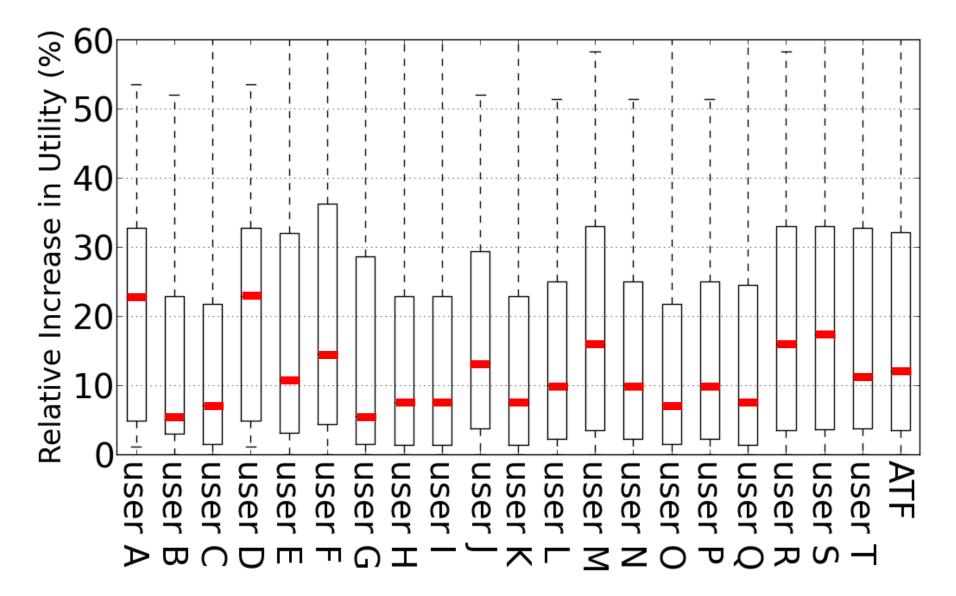












Conclusions

- Mobile web continues to be a pain point
 - Focus on load time alone is likely insufficient
- Instead we focus on dynamic reprioritization
- Key challenges we address:
 - dynamic dependency representation
 - fast resource selection
 - load time estimation
- Klotski greatly improves user experience
 - \circ for diverse preferences