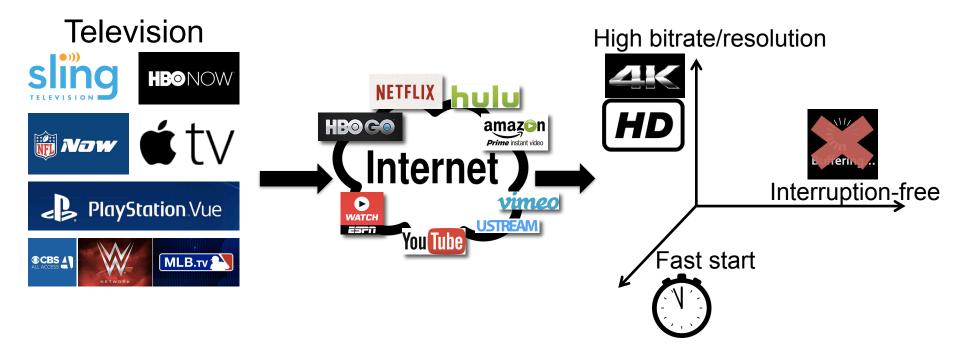
C3: INTERNET-SCALE CONTROL PLANE FOR VIDEO QUALITY OPTIMIZATION

Aditya Ganjam, Jibin Zhan, Xi Liu, Faisal Siddiqi, *Conviva* Junchen Jiang, Vyas Sekar, *Carnegie Mellon University* Ion Stoica, *University of California, Berkeley, Conviva* Hui Zhang, *Carnegie Mellon University, Conviva*

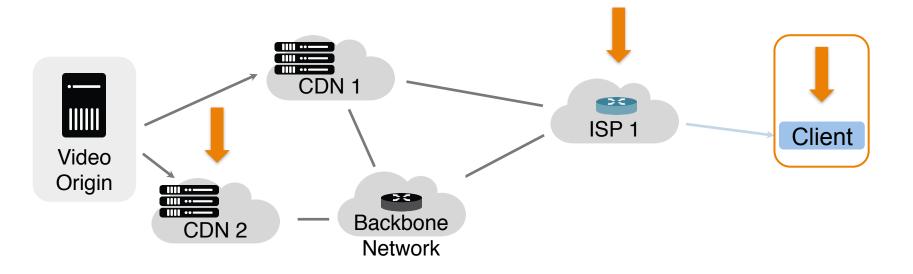
HIGH EXPECTATIONS ON VIDEO QUALITY



Need to optimize video quality through the lifetime of a session

WHERE TO IMPLEMENT OPTIMIZATION?

- Multiple choices for "actuation"
- Client-side actuation most favorable to incremental deployment



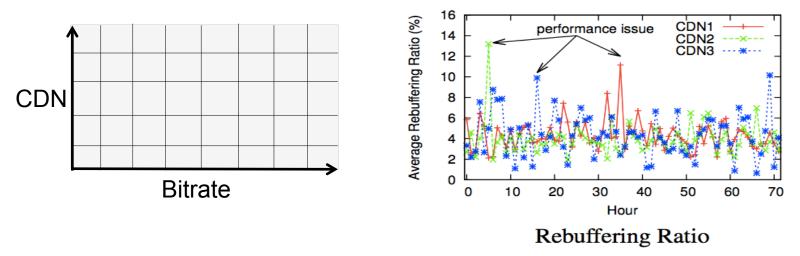
MANY CHOICES & NEED QUICK DECISION

Optimization parameters

Bitrate x CDN (over time)

Existing approaches are reactive, apply a probe and update method

➤ Too slow to find optimal choice



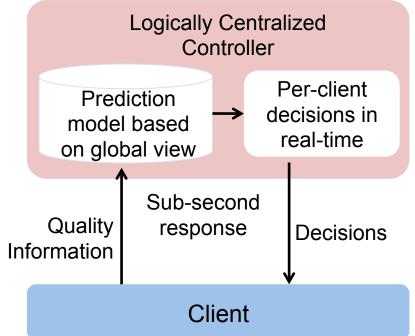
CENTRALIZED PREDICTIVE CONTROL

Ideal solution

- Predict outcome of each parameter choice in real-time
- Continuously select optimal choice

Achieving ideal solution requires ...

- Collect global quality information
- Build a prediction model
- Make per-client predictions and parameter decisions at Internet-scale

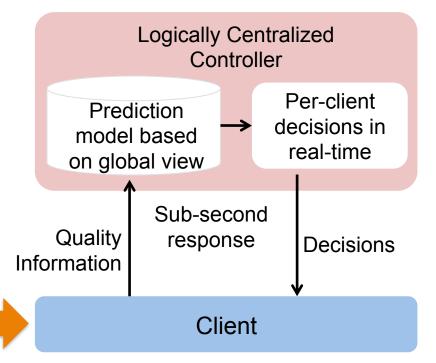


CHALLENGE: CLIENT HETEROGENEITY

- Strawman: implement 100 times
- Heterogeneous software environments and interfaces
- Slow software update cycle

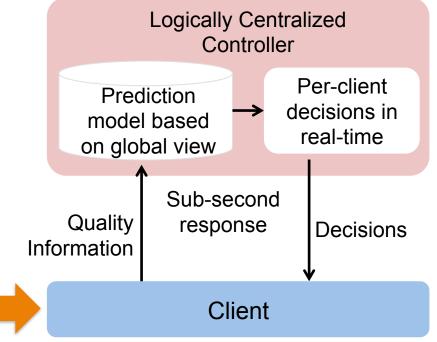
>100 unique

client platforms



DESIGN CHOICE: THIN SENSING/ACTUATION LAYER

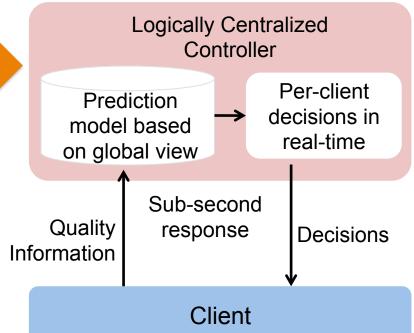
- Minimal client footprint
 - Move computation to controller
- Define a "narrow waist" interface



CHALLENGE: REAL-TIME PREDICTIONS AT INTERNET SCALE

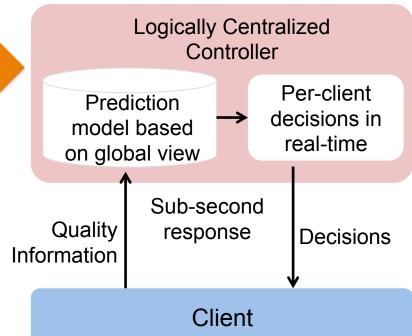
Internet scale?

- Geographic scale all continents
- Network scale all network types
- Client scale 10s to 100s of millions concurrent



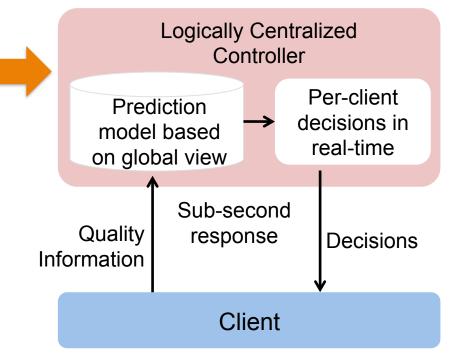
CHALLENGE: REAL-TIME PREDICTIONS AT INTERNET SCALE

- Achieving real-time response, with the most recent global view at Internet-scale is not feasible based on today's technologies
- Strawman solutions
 - Centralized global controller – not real-time
 - Partitioned controller
 no global view



DESIGN CHOICE: SPLIT CONTROL PLANE

- Create a global prediction model in near real-time (minutes)
- Make per-client decisions in real-time (sub-second) based on global model and most recent per-client local information

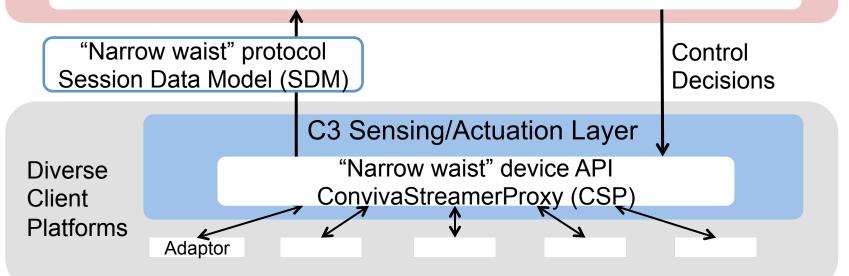


C3 ARCHITECTURE

C3 Controller

Modeling Layer – near real-time global prediction modeling

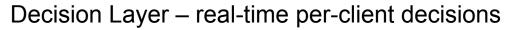


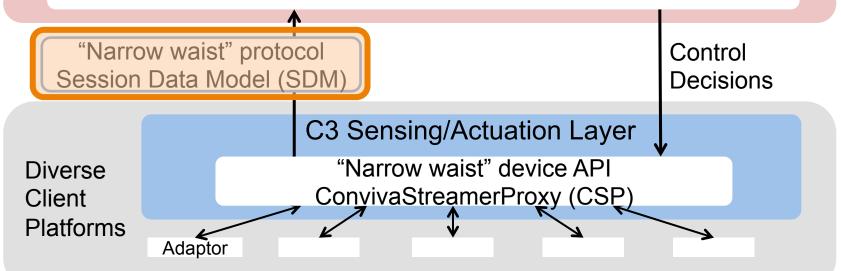


C3 ARCHITECTURE

C3 Controller

Modeling Layer – near real-time global prediction modeling



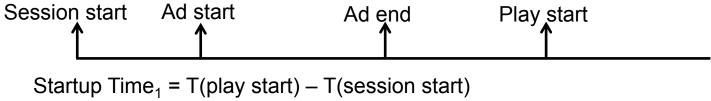


MOTIVATING EXAMPLE

Compute Video Startup Time metric

Default Option:

Compute Video Startup Time in the client, send to controller

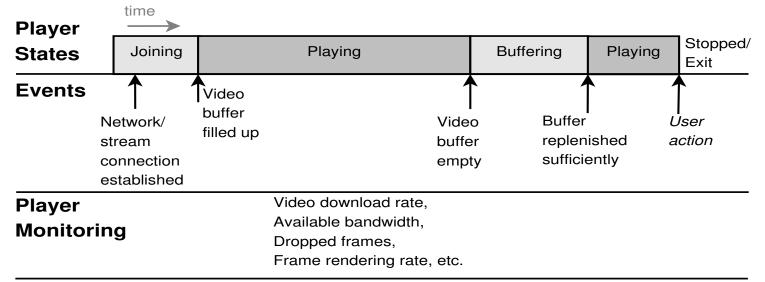


Startup Time₂ = T(play start) – T(session start) – (T(Ad end) – T(Ad start))

How do we adapt to changes?

IDEA: EXPOSE LOW-LEVEL ACTIONS

- Metric calculation pushed to the controller
- Session Data Model (SDM) Events, States, Measurements
- States robustness to message loss

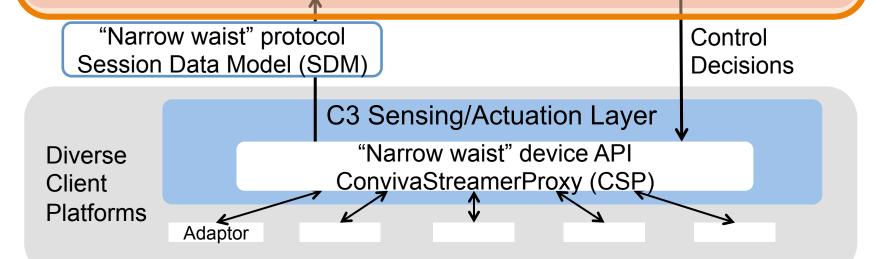


C3 ARCHITECTURE

C3 Controller

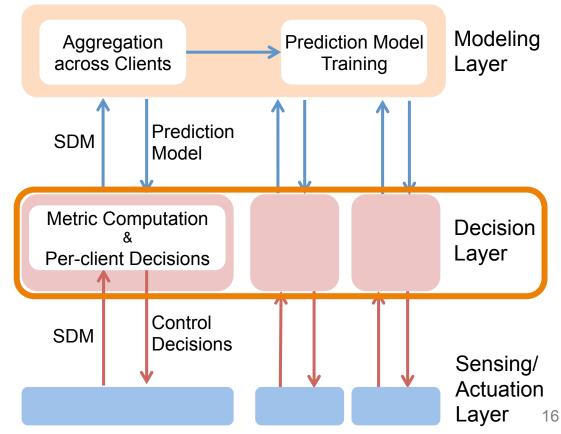
Modeling Layer – near real-time global prediction modeling

Decision Layer - real-time per-client decisions



SPLIT CONTROL-PLANE

- Dual-loop control
 - Client-driven real-time loop (red)
 - Periodic global model learning and dissemination loop (blue)
- Intelligent Decision Layer
 - Per-client decisions based on global model and client quality info



WHY SPLIT CONTROL CAN ACHIEVE NEAR OPTIMAL PERFORMANCE

- Domain specific insight globally optimal decisions tend to be persistent on minute-level timescales
- Persistence results do not hold for individual clients still need per-client up-todate state

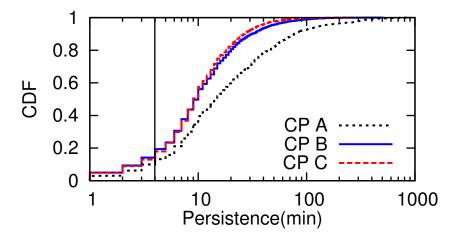
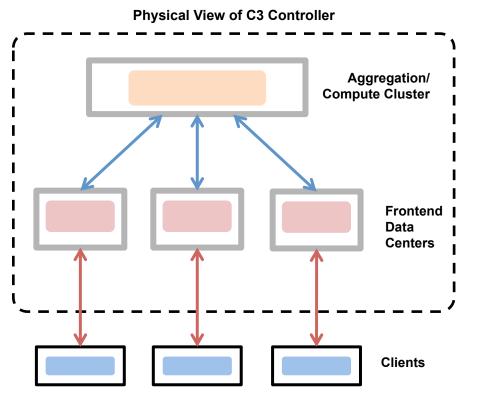


Figure shows the distribution of persistence of the best CDN for three content providers

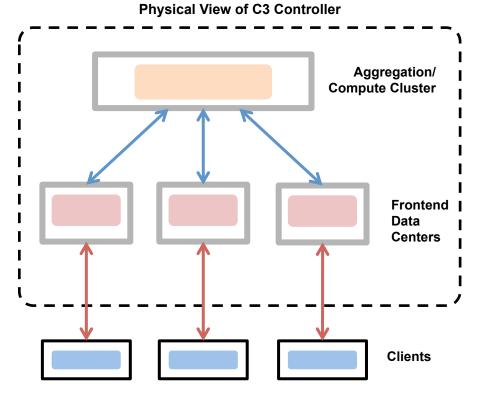
RESPONSIVENESS & SCALE

- Sub-second response time
 - Geographically distributed decision layer
 - Geo-distribution using cloud
- Controller scale
 - Horizontally scaled decision layer
 - Burst scaling using cloud
 - Big-data technologies including Spark for modeling layer



FAULT TOLERANCE

- Decision layer gracefully degrades due to stale or missing global model
- Client-side failover and decision layer state reconstruction to handle instance failure

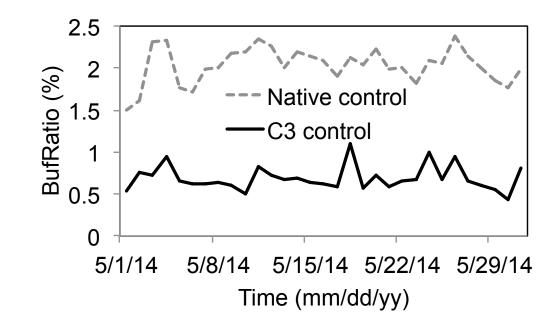


REAL-WORLD DEPLOYMENT & EVOLUTION

- Earlier phases explored alternate architectures
 - Partitioning
 - "Heavy client" (client offload of computation and decision logic)
- C3 platform used by premium video publishers over 8 years
 - Over 1 billion unique devices
 - Over 3 million concurrent devices during major events
 - ➢ E.g., World Cup, Super Bowl
- Significant quality improvement results

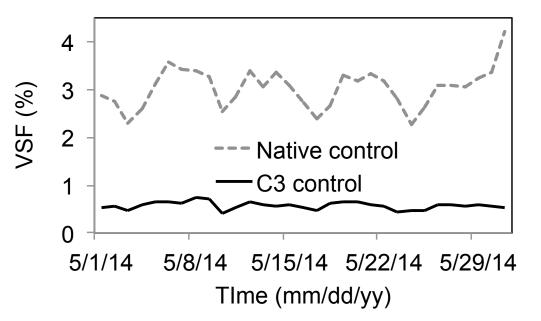
QUALITY IMPROVEMENT: REBUFFERING

- Premium content publisher
- One month A/B test
- Result: Greater then 50% reduction in Buffering Ratio



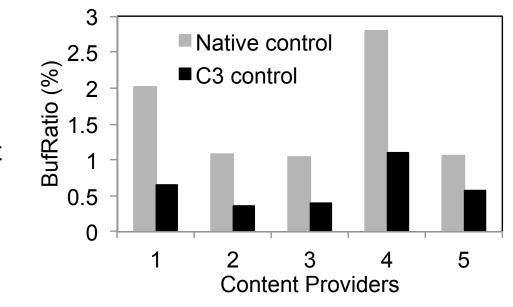
QUALITY IMPROVEMENT: START FAILURES

- Premium content publisher
- One month A/B test
- Result: Greater then 60% reduction in Video Start Failures



QUALITY IMPROVEMENT ACROSS PROVIDERS

Rebuffering Ratio improvement consistent results across 5 different content providers



LESSONS

- Validates centralized control at an unprecedented scale
- Reinforces the case for centralized control
 - Drivers: client heterogeneity, global policies, real-time monitoring
 - Enablers: big-data, cloud, application-level resilience
- Unique challenges driving new ideas
 - Split control balances global view and real-time
 - Minimal client critical to handle heterogeneity
- Broader applicability of C3 architecture
 - Other applications (e.g., gaming, voice, conferencing)
 - Network layer control (e.g., SDN, CDN)

CONCLUSIONS

- Television is coming to the Internet, high expectations on quality
- Large optimization space for video quality
 - Drives the need for a proactive approach
- C3 is a centralized predictive control approach
- Solves key challenges: (a) client heterogeneity, (b) Internet-scale
 - Minimal sensing/actuation layer & move all computation to the controller
 - Split control-plane scale-out solution exploiting application-level resilience
- C3 used by many content providers with quality improvement results