

SecGraph: A Uniform and Open-source Evaluation System for Graph Data Anonymization and De-anonymization

Shouling Ji, Weiqing Li, and Raheem Beyah
Georgia Institute of Technology

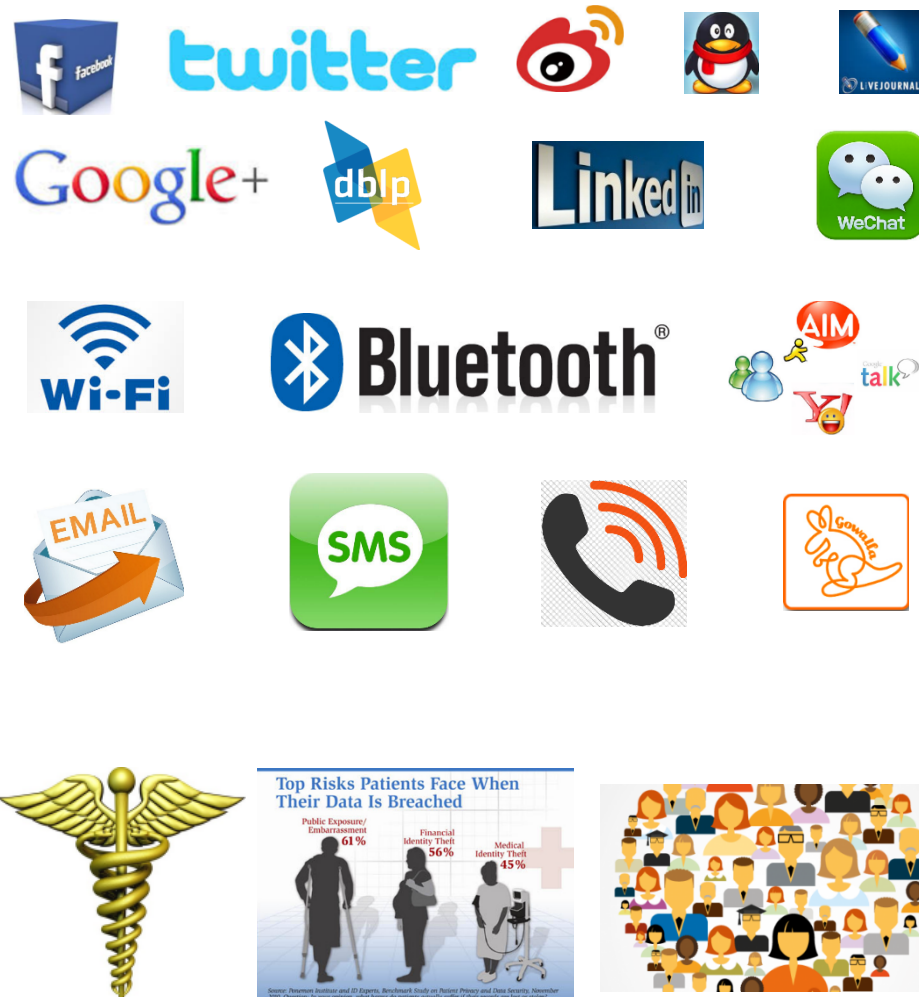
Prateek Mittal
Princeton University

Xin Hu
IBM Research

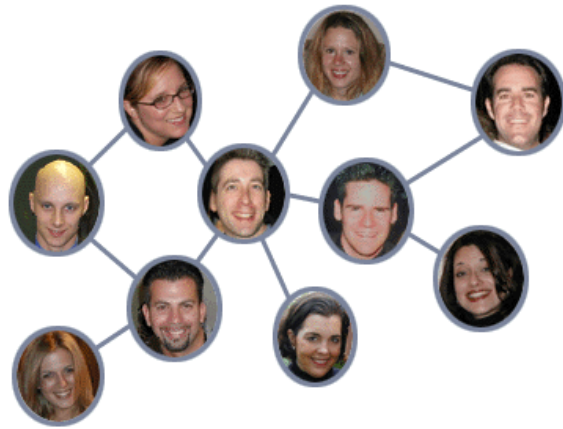


Introduction

- Graph Data
 - Social networks data
 - Mobility traces
 - Medical data
 -
- Why data sharing/publishing
 - Academic research
 - Business applications
 - Government applications
 - Healthcare applications
 -



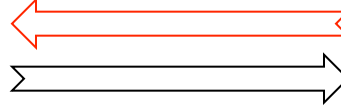
Anonymization and De-anonymization



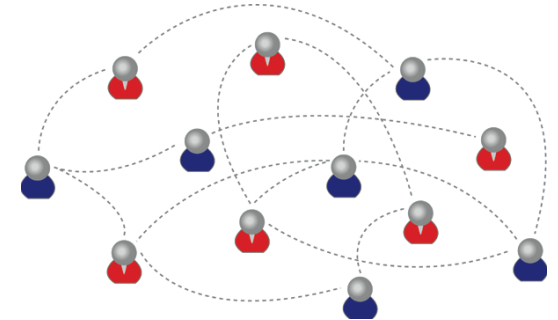
Google
facebook
twitter



De-anonymization



Anonymization



Utility



Anonymization vs DA



Contribution

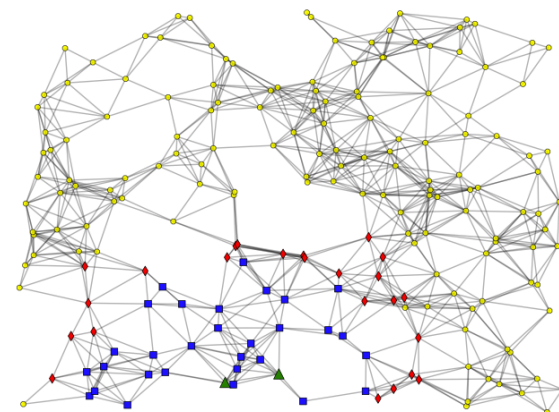
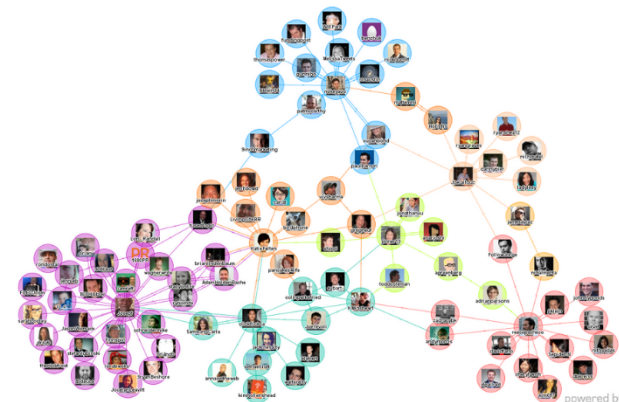
- We studied and analyzed
 - 11 state-of-the-art graph anonymization techniques
 - 15 modern Structure-based De-Anonymization (SDA) attacks
- We developed and evaluated SecGraph
 - 11 anonymization techniques
 - 12 graph utility metrics
 - 7 application utility metrics
 - 15 de-anonymization attacks
- We released SecGraph
 - Publicly available at <http://www.ece.gatech.edu/cap/secgraph/>

Outline

- Introduction
- Graph Anonymization
- Graph De-anonymization
- Anonymization vs. De-anonymization Analysis
- SecGraph
- Conclusion

Graph Anonymization

- Naïve ID Removal
- Edge Editing (EE) based anonymization
 - Add/Del
 - Switch
- K -anonymity
 - K -Neighborhood Anonymization (k-NA)
 - K -Degree Anonymization (k-DA)
 - K -automorphism (k-auto)
 - K -isomorphism (k-iso)
- Aggregation/class/cluster based anonymization
- Differential Privacy (DP) based anonymization
- Random Walk (RW) based anonymization



Utility Metrics

- Graph utility (12)
 - Degree (Deg.)
 - Joint Degree (JD)
 - Effective Diameter (ED)
 - Path Length (PL)
 - Local Clustering Coefficient (LCC)
 - Global Clustering Coefficient (GCC)
 - Closeness Centrality (CC)
 - Betweenness Centrality (BC)
 - Eigenvector (EV)
 - Network Constraint (NC)
 - Network Resilience
 - Infectiousness (Infe.)
- Application utility (7)
 - Role eXtraction (RX)
 - Influence Maximization (IM)
 - Minimum-sized Influential Node Set (MINS)
 - Community Detection (CD)
 - Secure Routing (SR)
 - Sybil Detection (SD)

Graph utility captures how the anonymized data preserve fundamental structural properties of the original graph

How useful the anonymized data are for practical graph applications and mining tasks

Anonymization vs Utility

Anonymization Techniques	graph utility												application utility						R2SDA	
	Deg.	JD	ED	PL	LCC	GCC	CC	BC	EV	NC	NR	Infe	RX	RE	IM	MINS	CD	SR		SD
	Naive	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Add/Del [6]	○	◆	○	○	◆	◆	○	○	○	◆	○	○	X	○	○	◆	X	◆	◆	X
Switch [6]	✓	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	○	○	○	◆	○	○	◆	○	○	◆	○	○	○	X
k-NA [7]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	○	○	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
k-DA [8]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	○	○	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
k-auto [9]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	○	○	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
k-iso [10]	◆		X	X	◆	X	X	X	◆	X	X	X	X	X	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
Aggregation [12]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	○	○	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
Cluster [14]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	○	○	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
DP [15]	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	◆	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
DP [16,17]	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	◆	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
DP [18]	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	◆	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
DP [19]	◆	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	○	◆	◆	◆	○	○	X	○	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
RW [20]	✓	◆	◆	◆	◆	X	○	◆	○	◆	○	○	X	○	◆	X	X	○	○	n/a

Conditionally preserve the utility

Partially preserve the utility

Not preserve the utility

preserve the utility

Resilient to DA attacks

Anonymization vs Utility

Anonymization Techniques

Resilient to DA attacks

R2SDA

	graph utility											application utility						R2SDA		
	Deg.	JD	ED	PL	LCC	GCC	CC	BC	EV	NC	NR	Infe.	RX	RE	IM	MINS	CD		SR	SD
✓ Naive	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	X
✓ Add/Del [6]	⊖	◆	⊖	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	⊖	◆	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	⊖	◆	X	◆	◆	X
✓ Switch [6]	✓	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	⊖	◆	⊖	⊖	◆	⊖	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	X
✓ k-NA [7]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
✓ k-DA [8]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
✓ k-auto [9]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
✓ k-iso [10]	◆	◆	X	X	◆	X	X	X	X	◆	X	X	X	X	X	◆	◆	X	◆	n/a
✓ Aggregation [12]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
✓ Cluster [14]	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	n/a
✓ DP [15]	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
✓ DP [16, 17]	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
✓ DP [18]	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
✓ DP [19]	◆	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	⊖	◆	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	◆	X	◆	◆	n/a
✓ RW [20]	✓	◆	◆	◆	◆	X	⊖	◆	◆	◆	⊖	⊖	X	⊖	◆	X	X	⊖	⊖	n/a

Conditionally preserve the utility

Partially preserve the utility

Not preserve the utility

Outline

- Introduction
- Graph Anonymization
- Graph De-anonymization
- Anonymization vs. De-anonymization Analysis
- SecGraph
- Conclusion

Graph De-Anonymization (DA)

- Seed-based DA
 - Backstrom et al.'s attack (BDK)
 - Narayanan-Shmatikov's attack (NS)
 - Narayanan et al.'s attack (NSR)
 - Nilizadeh et al.'s attack (NKA)
 - Distance Vector (Srivatsa-Hicks attack) (DV)
 - Randomized Spanning Trees (Srivatsa-Hicks attack) (RST)
 - Recursive Subgraph Matching (Srivatsa-Hicks attack) (RSM)
 - Yartseva-Grossglauser's attack (YG)
 - De-Anonymization attack (Ji et al.'s attack) (DeA)
 - Adaptive De-Anonymization attack (Ji et al.'s attack) (ADA)
 - Korula-Lattanzi's attack (KL)
- Seed-free DA
 - Pedarsani et al.'s attack (PFG)
 - Ji et al.'s attack (JLSB)

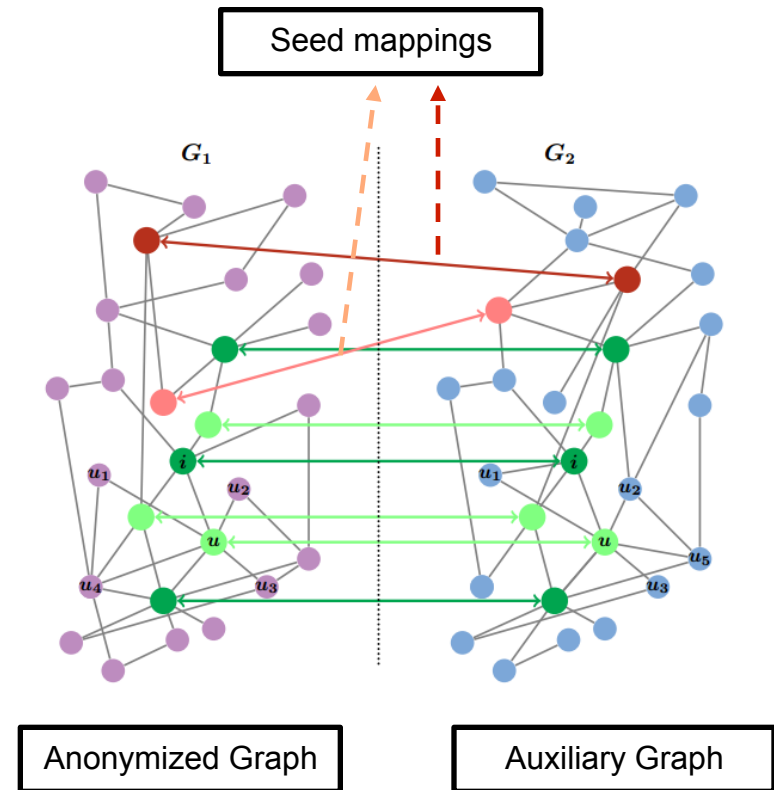


Figure source: E. Kazemi et al., Growing a Graph Matching from a Handful of Seeds, VLDB 2015

DA Attacks

	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	SF	AGF	SemF	A/P	Scal.	Prac.	Rob.
BDK [26]	✓	✓	✓	A, P	✗	⊙	✗
NS [2]	✗	✗	✓	P	✓	✓	✓
NSR [21]	✗	✗	✓	P	✓	✓	✓
NKA [22]	◆	✗	✓	P	◆	◆	◆
DV [5]	✗	✗	✓	P	◆	◆	✓
RST [5]	✗	✗	✓	P	◆	◆	✓
RSM [5]	✗	✗	✓	P	◆	◆	✓
PFG [23]	✓	✗	✓	P	✓	◆	◆
YG [27]	✗	✗	✓	P	✓	◆	✓
DeA [25]	✗	✗	✓	P	✓	✓	✓
ADA [25]	✗	✗	✓	P	✓	✓	✓
KL [24]	✗	✗	✓	P	✓	◆	✓
JLSB [3]	✓	✗	✓	P	✓	✓	✓

SF: seed-free

AGF: auxiliary graph-free

SemF: semantics-free

A/P: active/passive attack

Scal.: scalable

Prac.: practical

Rob.: robust to noise

✓ = true

⊙ = partially true

◆ = conditionally true

✗ = false

Outline

- Introduction
- Graph Anonymization
- Graph De-anonymization
- Anonymization vs. De-anonymization Analysis
- SecGraph
- Conclusion

Anonymization vs. DA

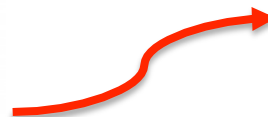
*State-of-the-art
Anonymization
Techniques*

✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
Naive EE *k*-anony. Cluster DP RW

BDK [26]	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
NS [2]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
NSR [21]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
NKA [22]	✓	◆	◆	◆	✗	✗
DV [5]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
RST [5]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
RSM [5]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
PFG [23]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
YG [27]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
DeA [25]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
ADA [25]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
KL [24]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓
JLSB [3]	✓	✓	◆	◆	✓	✓

✓ : vulnerable
◆ : conditionally
vulnerable
✗ : invulnerable

*Modern
DA Attacks*

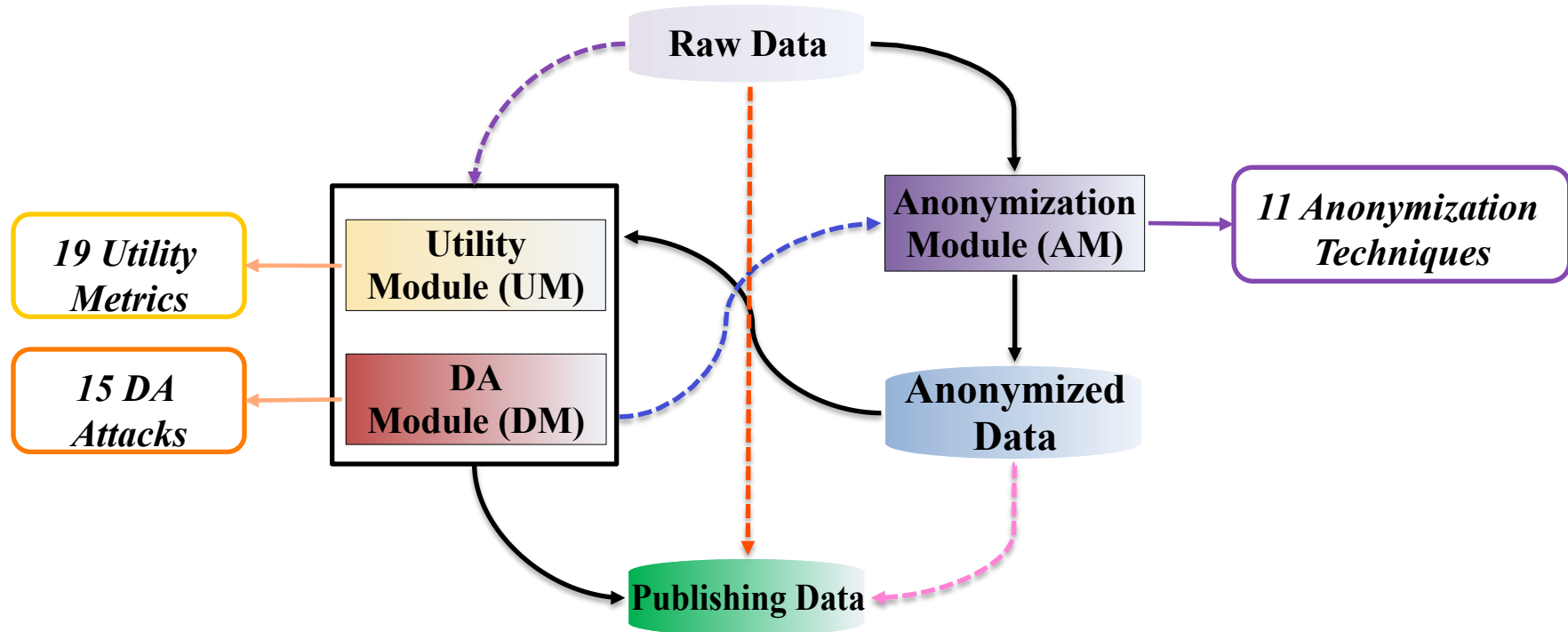


DA attacks!

Outline

- Introduction
- Graph Anonymization
- Graph De-anonymization
- Anonymization vs. De-anonymization Analysis
- **SecGraph**
- Conclusion

SecGraph: Overview & Implementation



Raw Data -> AM -> Anonymized Data -> UM/DM -> Publishing Data

Raw Data -> Publishing Data

Raw Data -> UM/DM -> AM -> Anonymized Data -> Publishing Data

SecGraph: Evaluation

- Datasets
 - Enron (36.7K users, 0.2M edges): an email network dataset
 - Facebook – New Orleans (63.7K users, 0.82M edges): a Facebook friendship dataset in the New Orleans area
- Evaluation settings
 - Follow the same/similar settings in the original papers
 - See details in the paper and <http://www.ece.gatech.edu/cap/secgraph/>
- Evaluation scenarios
 - Anonymization vs Utility
 - DA performance
 - Robustness of DA attacks
 - Anonymization vs DA

SecGraph: Anonymity vs Utility

Utility	Enron										Facebook									
	Switch (vs. k)		k -DA (vs. k)		Cluster (vs. k)		DP (vs. ϵ)		RW (vs. t)		Switch (vs. k)		k -DA (vs. k)		Cluster (vs. k)		DP (vs. ϵ)		RW (vs. t)	
	.05m	.1m	5	50	5	50	300	50	2	ID	.05m	.1m	5	50	5	50	300	50	2	ID
Deg.	1	1	.9988	.9166	.9990	.9934	.9617	.8616	.9871	.9964	1	1	.9990	.9595	.9998	.9981	.9932	.9716	.9958	.9959
JD	.8725	.8338	.8928	.4183	.8216	.7055	.8496	.7363	.6972	.6438	.9941	.9804	.9947	.7328	.9872	.9024	.9755	.8263	.9678	.9362
ED	.9881	.9617	1.080	.9561	1.04	1.02	1.03	.9627	1.02	.9025	.9161	.8328	.9350	1.015	.9957	.9956	.9414	.9313	.9285	.8376
PL	.9954	.9887	.9891	.8934	.9994	.9905	.9565	.9839	.9963	.9657	.9618	.9159	.9999	.9946	.9999	1	.9960	.9653	.9706	.8965
LCC	.9830	.9631	.9972	.9809	.9966	.9797	.9528	.8328	.6785	.5985	.9204	.8303	.9998	.9983	.9968	.9947	.9793	.9437	.6239	.5543
GCC	.8967	.8013	.9921	.9283	.9774	.9097	.7755	.4609	.3107	.5383	.5180	.2241	.9847	.9986	.9766	.9937	.9522	.8702	.2552	.0334
CC	.9986	.9965	.9985	.9955	.9999	.9947	.9759	.9666	.9885	.9994	1	.9999	1	1	1	1	1	.9998	1	.9998
BC	.9859	.9812	.9691	.9019	.9936	.9733	.8360	.7406	.9613	.9246	.9787	.9494	.9790	.9515	.9983	.9897	.9779	.9518	.9935	.9669
EV	.9991	.9977	.9910	.8998	.9947	.9720	.9232	.8653	.9717	.9204	.9881	.9556	.9981	.9626	.9999	.9996	.9977	.9911	.9891	.9480
NC	.9984	.9962	.9999	.9991	.9996	.9956	.9977	.9596	.9042	.9028	.9995	.9986	1	1	1	1	.9987	.9934	.9928	.9942
NR	.9968	.9917	.9988	.9599	.9998	.9962	.9782	.8591	.9313	.8695	.9990	.9990	.9990	.9990	.9990	.9990	.9990	.9990	.9990	.9990
Infe.	.9627	.9597	.9604	.9411	.9427	.9413	.9662	.9593	.9664	.9446	.9748	.9704	.9758	.9695	.9730	.9719	.9730	.9699	.9788	.9778
PR	.9980	.9962	.9848	.8934	.9997	.9974	.9801	.9000	.8925	.9942	.9866	.9825	.9878	.9610	.9900	.9907	.9875	.9691	.9869	.9810
HS	.9991	.9977	.9910	.8998	.9947	.9720	.9232	.8653	.9717	.9204	.9326	.8780	.9711	.9789	.9648	.9625	.9626	.9322	.9283	.8655
AS	.9991	.9977	.9910	.8998	.9947	.9720	.9232	.8653	.9717	.9204	.9920	.9656	.9946	.9498	.9978	.9986	.9970	.9965	.9943	.9594
RX	.6575	.6009	.4561	.3173	.4512	.3685	.4196	.4116	.2955	.2680	.3494	.2608	.2974	.3139	.3902	.4652	.3483	.3134	.3250	.2772
RE	.9997	.9997	.9999	.9954	.9999	.9996	.9994	.9985	.9994	.9990	.9999	.9997	1	.9999	1	1	1	.9996	.9999	.9997
MINS	.7578	.6486	.9639	.9026	.9898	.9297	.7292	.3272	.1815	.1645	.6085	.4419	.9426	.9251	.9240	.9184	.8483	.7768	.2480	.1893
CD	.6251	.5411	.8454	.5339	.6794	.6692	.5095	.1028	.2531	.0569	.3536	.1986	.5043	.5887	.8558	.8523	.5027	.3213	.2860	.1205

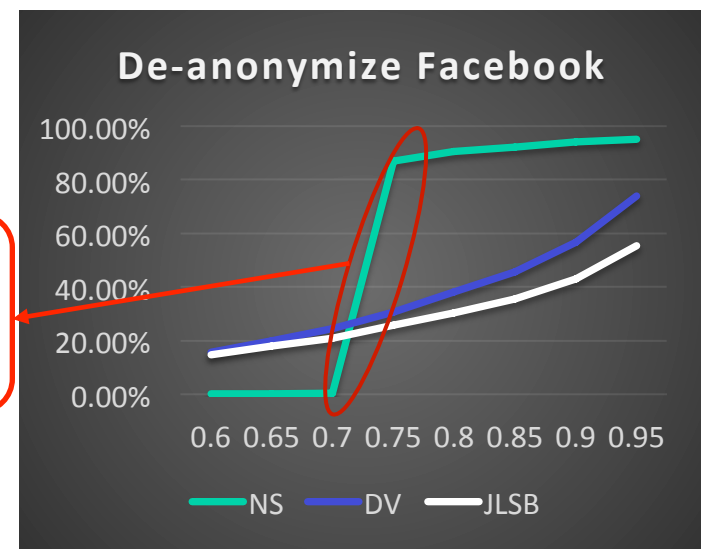
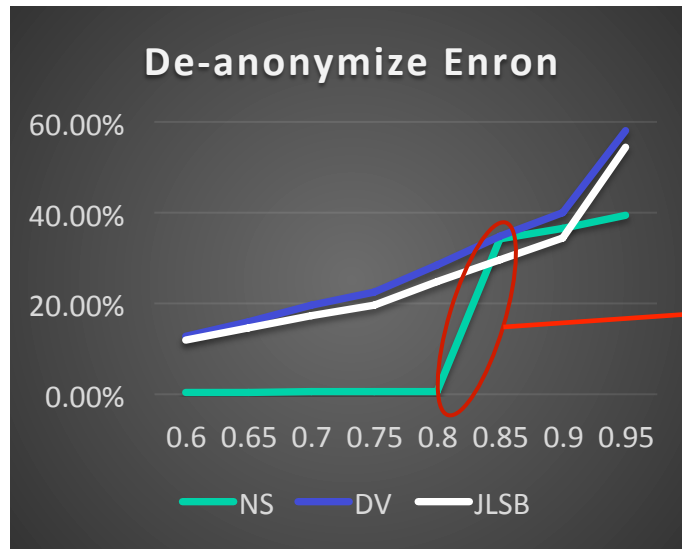
C1: existing anonymization techniques are better at preserving graph utilities

C2: all the anonymization techniques lose one or more application utility

SecGraph: DA Performance

Table 6: Performance of DA attacks. s is the probability of generating the auxiliary and anonymized graphs from the original graph. Each value, e.g., 0.1277, in the table indicates the ratio of successfully de-anonymized users.

s	De-anonymize Enron							De-anonymize Facebook						
	NS	DV	PFG	YG	ADA	KL	JLSB	NS	DV	PFG	YG	ADA	KL	JLSB
.60	.0037	.1277	.0739	.0310	.1305	.1596	.1191	.0018	.1563	.1087	.2832	.1568	.0599	.1473
.65	.0039	.1601	.0937	.0410	.1651	.1814	.1460	.0020	.1998	.1402	.3346	.2005	.0747	.1799
.70	.0054	.1969	.1397	.0725	.2013	.2026	.1723	.0031	.2437	.1523	.4124	.2444	.0841	.2094
.75	.0055	.2244	.1349	.1004	.2307	.2152	.1958	.8712	.3068	.2041	.4554	.3078	.1196	.2574
.80	.0061	.2841	.1837	.1014	.2896	.2519	.2474	.9056	.3802	.2586	.4970	.3805	.1508	.3042
.85	.3420	.3481	.2180	.1531	.3522	.3123	.2971	.9231	.4561	.3073	.5402	.4576	.1817	.3559
.90	.3660	.4004	.2736	.1885	.4043	.3389	.3443	.9414	.5659	.3977	.5737	.5670	.2552	.4289
.95	.3937	.5814	.4370	.2277	.5898	.5209	.5438	.9527	.7407	.5584	.6071	.7422	.3989	.5542



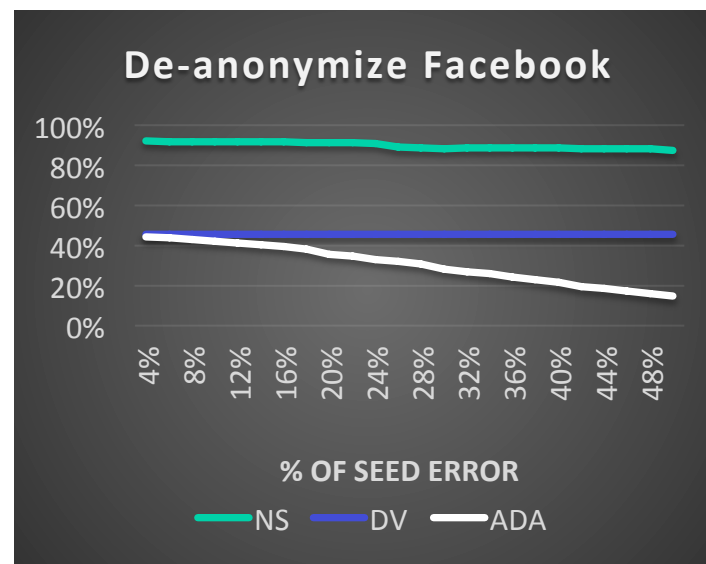
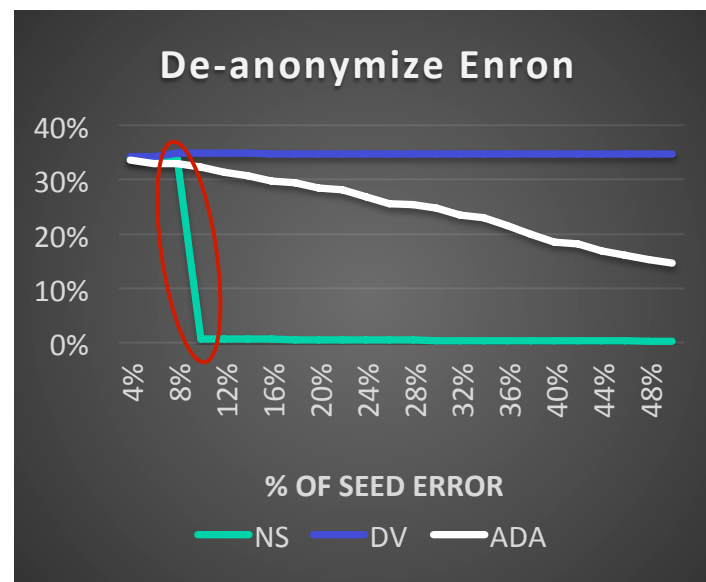
Phase transitional phenomena

C1: the phase transitional (percolation) phenomena is attack-dependent

SecGraph: Robustness of DA Attacks

% of error seeds

$\frac{\Lambda_e}{\Lambda}$	De-anonymize Enron					De-anonymize Facebook				
	NS	DV	YG	ADA	KL	NS	DV	YG	ADA	KL
4%	.341	.342	.148	.336	.302	.922	.456	.537	.442	.183
6%	.341	.342	.133	.329	.303	.917	.456	.528	.440	.183
8%	.338	.348	.135	.329	.310	.918	.456	.542	.428	.184
10%	.007	.348	.147	.323	.310	.918	.456	.536	.420	.182
12%	.007	.348	.142	.313	.311	.915	.456	.529	.414	.185
14%	.006	.348	.112	.306	.307	.916	.456	.526	.403	.186
16%	.006	.348	.129	.297	.303	.916	.456	.525	.394	.184
18%	.006	.348	.099	.293	.308	.913	.456	.533	.380	.183
20%	.006	.348	.126	.285	.306	.913	.456	.518	.356	.179
22%	.005	.348	.125	.280	.303	.912	.456	.531	.347	.182
24%	.005	.348	.116	.268	.304	.910	.456	.521	.332	.180
26%	.005	.348	.118	.255	.303	.889	.456	.528	.319	.179
28%	.004	.348	.112	.253	.300	.886	.456	.520	.309	.182
30%	.004	.348	.120	.247	.307	.884	.456	.522	.283	.180
32%	.004	.348	.106	.235	.305	.888	.456	.521	.270	.178
34%	.004	.348	.081	.230	.304	.887	.456	.521	.259	.178
36%	.004	.348	.084	.216	.300	.889	.456	.505	.245	.182
38%	.004	.347	.096	.199	.301	.888	.456	.493	.230	.178
40%	.004	.347	.065	.186	.302	.886	.456	.505	.214	.179
42%	.003	.347	.071	.182	.302	.882	.456	.516	.195	.181
44%	.003	.347	.106	.169	.303	.881	.456	.495	.185	.180
46%	.003	.347	.050	.160	.299	.881	.456	.480	.173	.177
48%	.003	.347	.059	.153	.297	.881	.456	.497	.161	.180
50%	.002	.347	.063	.146	.298	.874	.456	.475	.148	.176



C1: global structure-based DA attacks are more robust to seed errors

SecGraph: Anonymization vs DA

		Enron										Facebook									
s		Switch (k)		k -DA (k)		Cluster (k)		DP (ϵ)		RW (t)		Switch (k)		k -DA (k)		Cluster (k)		DP (ϵ)		RW (t)	
		5	10	5	50	5	50	300	50	2	ID	5	10	5	50	5	50	300	50	2	ID
NS	.85	.0072	.0052	.3702	.0088	.3722	.3707	.0091	.0055	.0015	.0015	.8973	.8247	.9454	.9402	.9456	.9442	.9317	.8914	.0008	.0006
	.90	.0077	.0054	.3822	.0105	.3900	.3839	.0095	.0060	.0015	.0015	.9063	.8427	.9520	.9495	.9519	.9508	.9393	.8944	.0008	.0007
	.95	.3577	.0064	.4033	.0418	.4049	.4064	.3946	.0064	.0015	.0016	.9162	.8583	.9570	.9559	.9569	.9558	.9453	.9130	.0000	.0007
DV	.85	.1261	.0813	.1433	.0437	.2120	.1408	.1160	.0701	.1923	.2412	.1716	.0926	.2411	.0588	.3340	.3368	.2324	.0736	.1530	.1271
	.90	.1546	.0956	.1765	.0517	.2564	.1637	.1394	.0733	.2129	.2169	.2124	.1147	.2999	.0758	.4113	.4090	.3623	.0802	.1604	.1322
	.95	.2121	.1366	.2548	.0753	.3745	.2215	.1821	.0858	.2072	.2190	.3006	.1586	.4210	.1161	.5767	.5656	.4087	.1016	.1591	.1332
PFG	.85	.0667	.0422	.0692	.0214	.1116	.0683	.0489	.0365	.1578	.2131	.0706	.0395	.0703	.0154	.1191	.1155	.0891	.0206	.1349	.1190
	.90	.0805	.0478	.0810	.0263	.1317	.0789	.0571	.0390	.1711	.2012	.0978	.0497	.0946	.0213	.1480	.1595	.1870	.0223	.1382	.1217
	.95	.1193	.0695	.1123	.0353	.1978	.0952	.0755	.0479	.1714	.2074	.1378	.0725	.1317	.0332	.2034	.2330	.1756	.0295	.1397	.1216
YG	.85	.1373	.0969	.1646	.0289	.1576	.1570	.1549	.0664	.0394	.0323	.5437	.5056	.5816	.5086	.5897	.5805	.5404	.4347	.0356	.0210
	.90	.1716	.1037	.1612	.0253	.1868	.1710	.1577	.0736	.0404	.0342	.5681	.5182	.6089	.5129	.6036	.5980	.5702	.4818	.0372	.0222
	.95	.1730	.1197	.2155	.3785	.1971	.2064	.1884	.0838	.0418	.0348	.5821	.5439	.6208	.5504	.6223	.6190	.5716	.4538	.0346	.0231
ADA	.85	.1262	.0820	.1468	.0445	.2130	.1418	.1160	.0701	.0771	.0731	.1724	.0926	.2425	.0603	.3358	.3379	.2337	.0749	.0985	.0725
	.90	.1543	.0964	.1795	.0534	.2588	.1652	.1394	.0729	.0855	.0704	.2129	.1146	.3026	.0776	.4124	.4103	.3639	.0823	.1008	.0764
	.95	.2139	.1381	.2605	.0768	.3777	.2230	.1823	.0855	.0872	.0733	.3019	.1589	.4245	.1186	.5780	.5667	.4105	.1038	.1041	.0784
KL	.85	.0904	.0811	.0997	.0357	.0965	.0689	.0745	.0331	.0900	.0729	.0799	.0764	.0819	.0683	.0788	.0762	.0769	.0313	.1099	.0737
	.90	.1077	.0970	.1202	.0549	.1134	.0918	.0874	.0319	.0939	.0744	.0979	.0939	.1013	.0848	.0960	.0863	.1249	.0317	.1099	.0715
	.95	.1381	.1150	.1936	.0978	.2052	.1686	.1719	.0376	.0994	.0776	.1350	.1331	.1418	.1265	.1294	.1206	.1450	.0600	.1171	.0754
JLSB	.85	.0692	.0440	.0798	.0234	.1248	.0854	.0886	.0656	.0709	.0720	.1453	.0786	.2025	.0595	.2618	.2673	.1958	.0768	.0901	.0681
	.90	.0886	.0536	.1046	.0296	.1618	.1135	.1070	.0664	.0767	.0728	.1673	.0911	.2335	.0708	.3001	.3094	.3050	.0777	.0911	.0699
	.95	.1846	.1189	.2381	.0746	.3317	.2319	.1449	.0814	.0838	.0740	.2180	.1174	.3111	.1096	.3983	.3924	.3142	.0950	.0940	.0734



C1: state-of-the-art anonymization techniques are vulnerable to one or several modern DA attacks

C2: no DA attack is general optimal. The DA performance depends on several factors, e.g., similarity between anonymized and auxiliary graphs, graph density, and DA heuristics

SecGraph: Release & Support

- Website

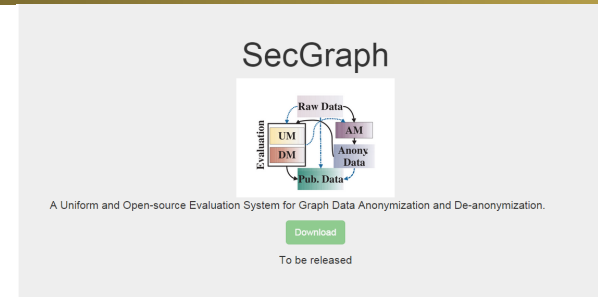
- <http://www.ece.gatech.edu/cap/secgraph/>
- Software
- Datasets
- Documents
- Demo
- Q&A

- Modes

- GUI
- Command line

- Supporting

- Windows
- Linux
- Mac



Anonymization Module (AM)

This module can anonymize raw graph data and generate anonymized data. In this module, we implement 11 state-of-the-art graph data anonymization schemes, including edge listing based algorithms, k-anonymity based algorithms and its variants, aggregation/classifier based algorithms, differential privacy based algorithms, and the random walk based algorithm.

Utility Module (UM)

This module can evaluate raw/anonymized data's utility with respect to the 12 graph utility metrics and 7 application utility metrics. With the UM, we can determine whether the data to be published/obscured (e.g., the anonymized data) satisfies required utility requirements. We can also evaluate how an anonymization algorithm preserves data utility.

De-Anonymization Module (DM)

This module offers 15 structural based de-anonymization algorithms (SDA) (all the existing SDA algorithms, to the best of our knowledge). In this module, the security of data to be published/obscured can be evaluated with real-world powerful SDA attacks. More importantly, the effectiveness of an anonymization algorithm can be examined by this module, i.e., whether the anonymized data of an anonymization algorithm is resistant to modern SDA attacks.

User chooses to send results from the Random Add and Delete component into the Random Swap component

After applying two anonymization components the user chooses to apply the ILS De-Anonymization component

Results Blocks

Utility Summary	De-Anonymization Summary	Quantification Summary (Seed based)	Quantification Summary (Seed free)
Algorithm1 preserves 75% Algorithm2 preserves 70% Algorithm3 preserves 80% Algorithm4 preserves 85% Algorithm5 preserves 95% Algorithm6 preserves 45%	Algorithm1 de-anonymize 62% Algorithm2 de-anonymize 57% Algorithm3 de-anonymize 46% Algorithm4 de-anonymize 41% Algorithm5 de-anonymize 32% Algorithm6 de-anonymize 56%		

Recommended Algorithm: Algorithm 1

Anonymization Summary (Block 2)	Anonymization Summary (Block 3)	De-Anonymization Summary (Block 4)
Changed Edge: 1548617 Load Time: 1001047034420	Changed Edge: 2154825 Load Time: 202472313200	Matched: 4692971 Right: 4271955 Wrong: 420716 Ratio: 0.1024615468739588 LoadTime: 3119546833240

```
CA: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\sky>_
```



Conclusion

- We analyzed existing graph anonymization techniques and de-anonymization attacks
- We implemented and evaluated **SecGraph**: a uniform and open-source evaluation system from graph data anonymization and de-anonymization

Acknowledgement

We thank the anonymous reviewers very much for their valuable comments!

We are grateful to the following researchers in developing SecGraph:
Ada Fu, Michael Hay, Davide Proserpio, Qian Xiao, Shirin Nilizadeh,
Jing S. He, Wei Chen, and Stanford SNAP developers

Thank you!

Shouling Ji

sji@gatech.edu

<http://www.ece.gatech.edu/cap/secgraph/>

<http://users.ece.gatech.edu/sji/>