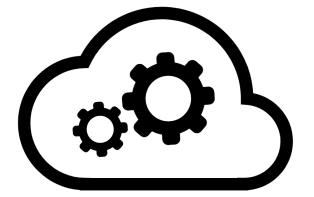
Cloud Computing Topics Preview



Kshiteej Mahajan

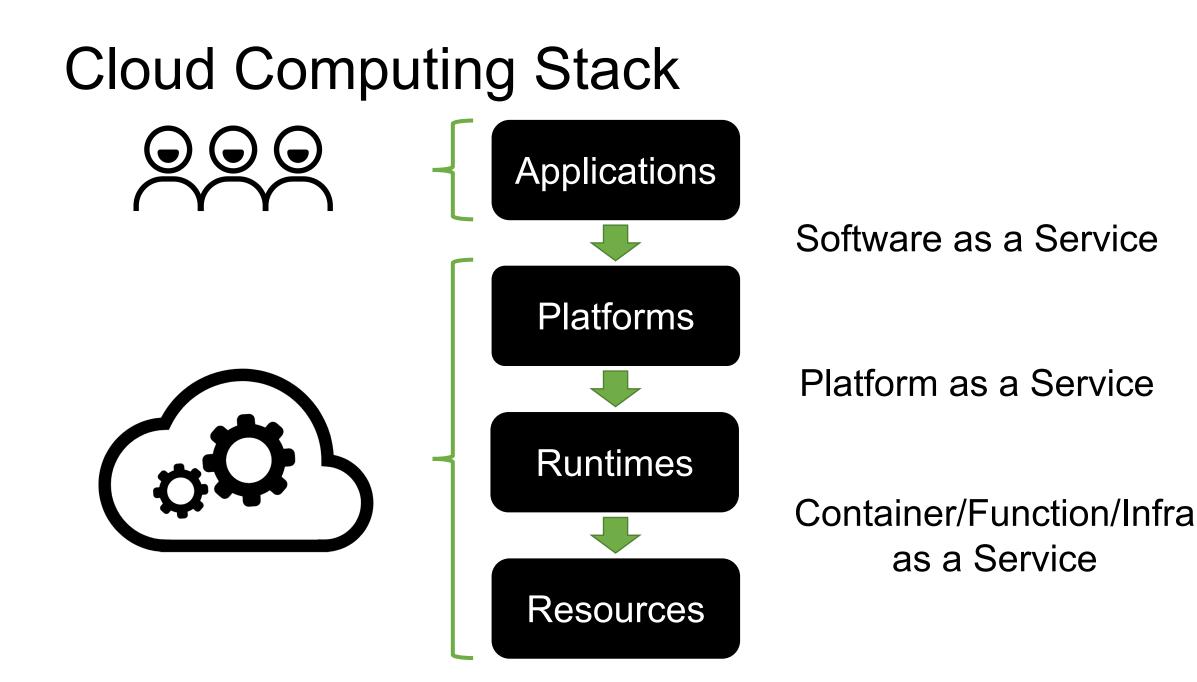


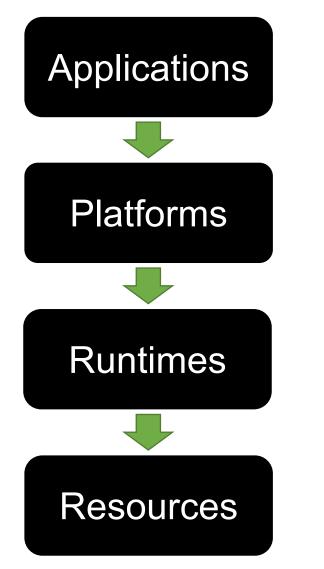
Agenda

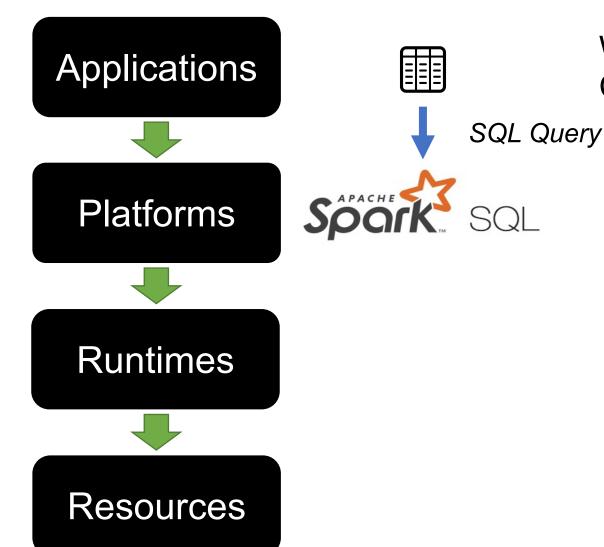
- Cloud Computing for Data Analytics 101
 - Cloud Computing Stack
 - Explaining the Stack
 - Challenges and Evolution
- Cloud Computing Papers at ATC
 Problems and Key Ideas

Cloud Computing for Data Analytics



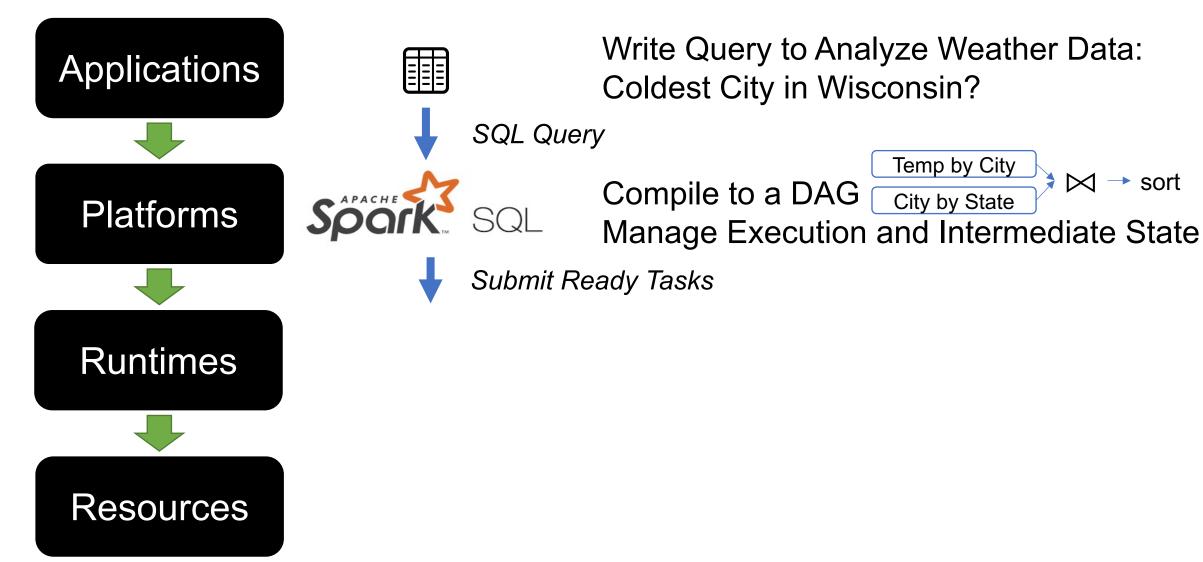






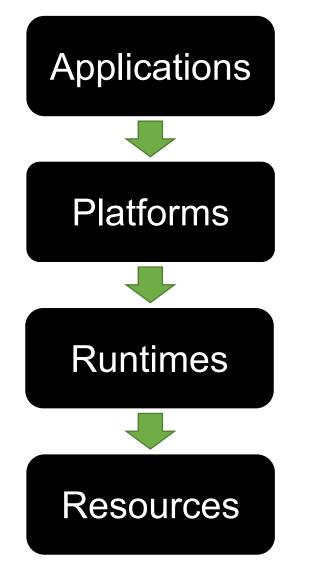
Write Query to Analyze Weather Data: Coldest City in Wisconsin?







Cloud Computing Stack



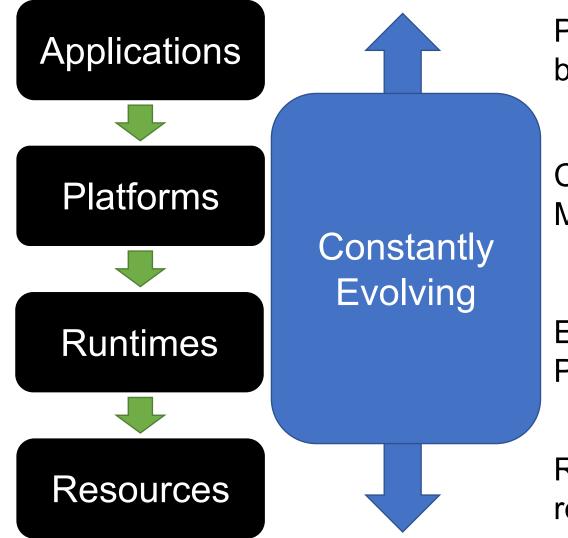
Programming Abstractions / API exposed by Platform to express computation

Compilation as a dataflow of tasks Manage Execution and Intermediate State

Execute tasks submitted by Platform and give status

Runtime gives access to resources in the Cloud

Cloud Computing Stack is Evolving



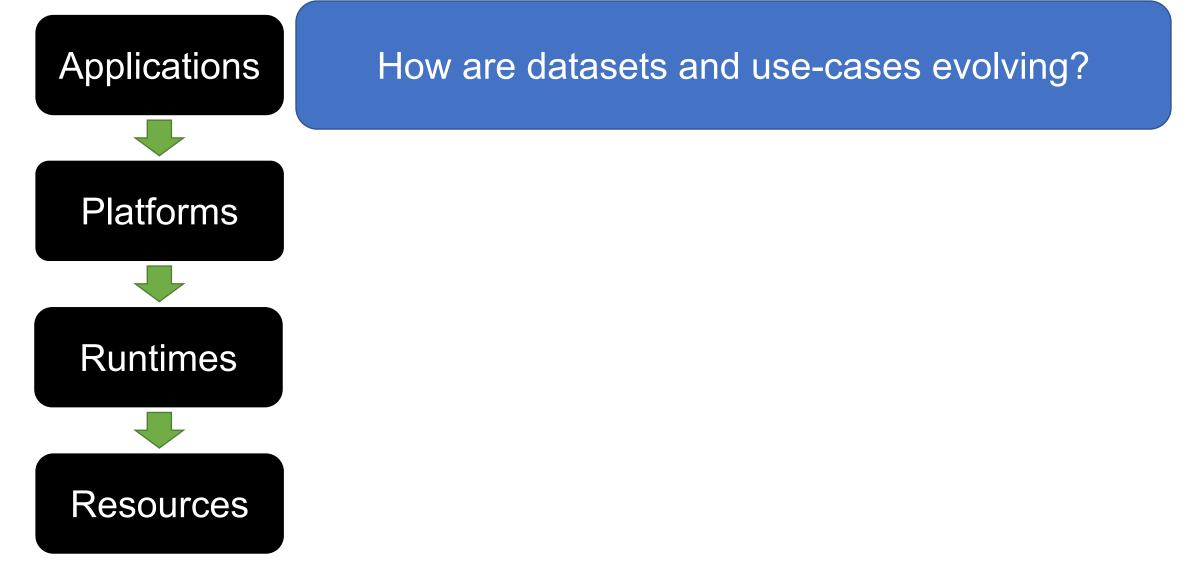
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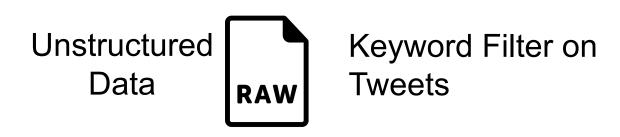
Runtime gives access to resources in the Cloud

Cloud Computing Stack is Evolving









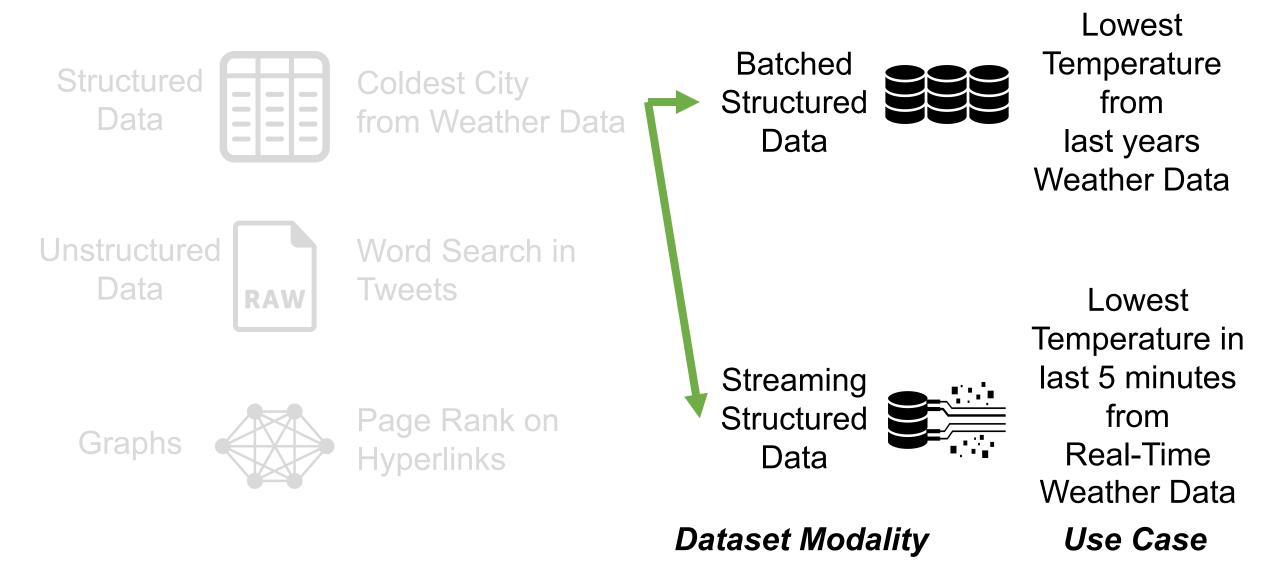


Page Rank on Hyperlinks

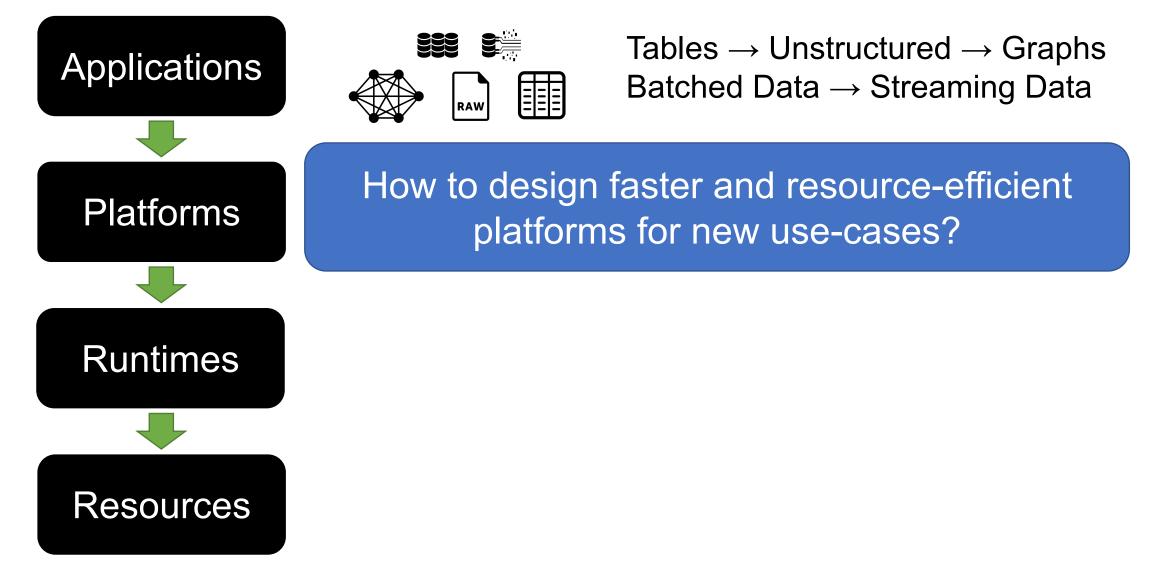
Dataset Type

Use Case

Applications



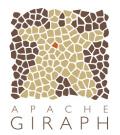
Cloud Computing Stack is Evolving



Platforms

Batched Graph Analytics Streaming Graph Analytics Batched Unstructured Data Analytics

Streaming Unstructured Data Analytics BatchedStreamingStructuredStructuredData AnalyticsData Analytics



GraphX





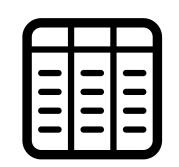




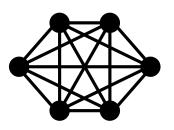
MATERIALIZE











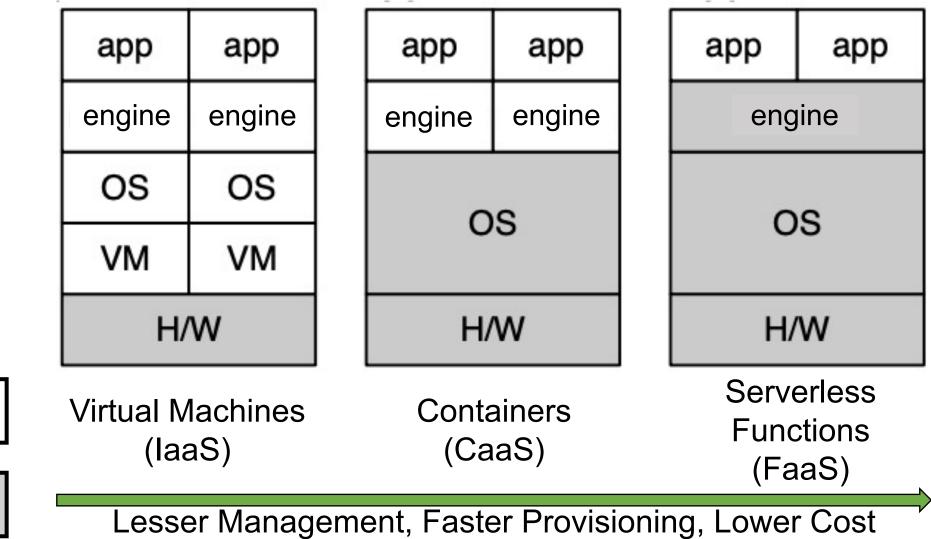




Cloud Computing Stack is Evolving



Runtimes



* Image from OpenLambda, HotCloud'16

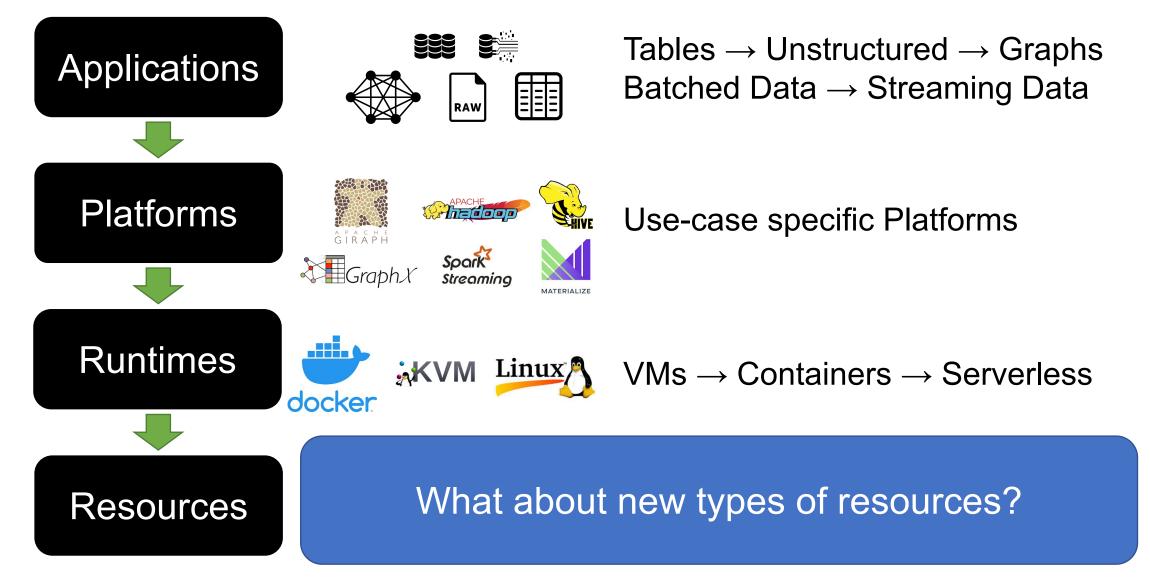
Task

Managed

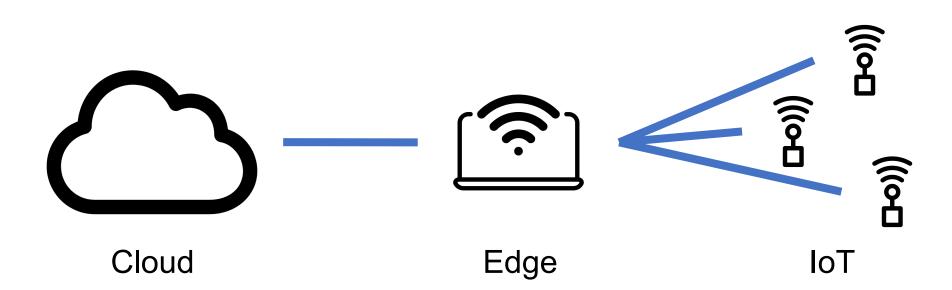
Shared

by Tasks

Cloud Computing Stack is Evolving



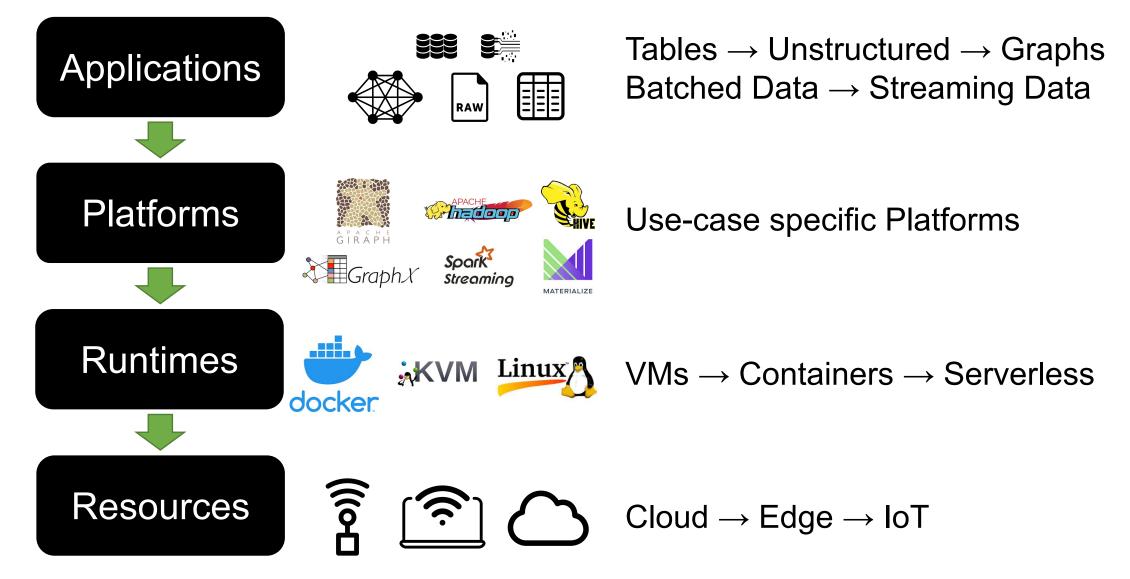
Resources



Machines with Accelerators, More Memory, Faster Interconnects

Partition Compute Operations across Cloud, Edge and IoT Resources

Cloud Computing Stack is Evolving



Applications Platforms **Runtimes** Resources

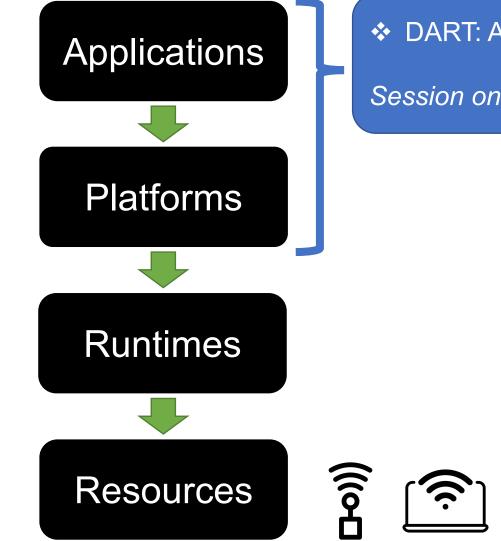
DART

✤ aDFS

 Controlling Memory Footprint of Stateful Streaming Graph Processing

✤ CrystalPerf

- Experiences in Managing the Performance and Reliability of a Large-Scale Genomics Cloud Platform
 Fighting the Fog of War: Automated Incident Detection for Cloud Systems (Warden)
- Scaling Large Production Clusters with Partitioned Synchronization (ParSync)
- ✤ FaaSNet
- ✤ Faastlane
- SONIC

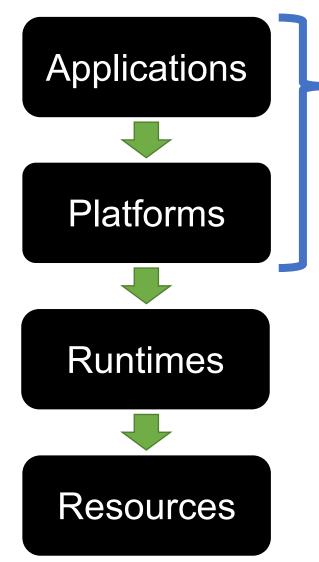


◆ DART: A Scalable and Adaptive Edge Stream Processing Engine Session on July 14 → Searching for Tracks: Graph

Problem: Edge Stream Processing

Issues

- Exponential Increase in IoT apps \rightarrow Centralized Monolithic Master \rightarrow Long Tail-Latency
- Unexpected and Frequent Failures → Provision more Resources / Buffer Data → Poor Fit for Edge
- DART Key Ideas
 - Decentralized architecture
 - DHT based P2P overlay of Streaming Operations for Scalability, Low-Latency and Failure Recovery



- aDFS: An Almost-Depth-First-Search Distributed Graph-Querying System
- Controlling Memory Footprint of Stateful Streaming Graph Processing

Session on July $14 \rightarrow$ Searching for Tracks: Graph

Problem: Graph Analytics

- Graph Analytics 101
 - vertices partitioned across machines
 - Compute Phase: function(vertex_i) \rightarrow intermediate_state_i
 - Aggregation Phase: vertex_i = aggregate(vertex_{x...z})
 - $vertex_{x...z} \rightarrow neighbors(vertex_i)$
- Issues
 - Dynamic Intermediate State
 - Uncontrolled Memory Consumption

Problem: Graph Analytics

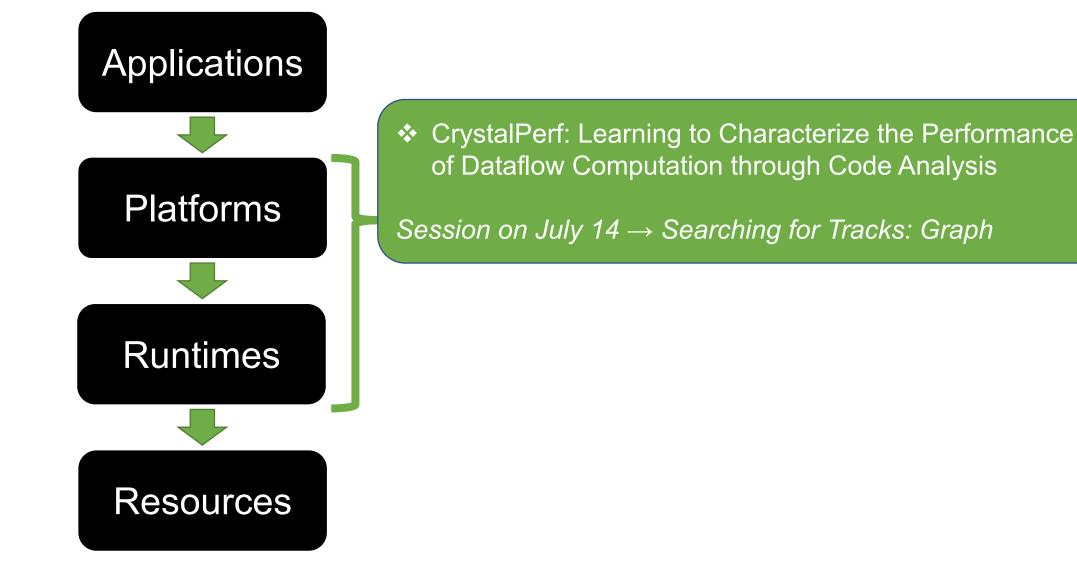
- aDFS Key Ideas
 - Operates under strict Memory Consumption Limits
 - Graph Processing is a combination of BFS- and DFS-traversal
 - Judicious runtime execution decisions to switch across
 - BFS-traversal for more parallel work, more memory and better performance
 - DFS-traversal for eager completion of intermediate work and reduce memory
 - Flow Control to minimize cross-machine chatter and work under target machine memory constraints

Problem: Graph Analytics

- Issues in Streaming Graph Analytics
 - Addition or Deletion of Edges or Vertices → Recompute from Intermediate State for changed portions of Graph
 - Maintain all Intermediate State \rightarrow Memory Intensive
- Key Ideas in

Controlling Memory Footprint of Stateful Streaming Graph Processing

- Selective Stateful Iterative Model
 - How many and which vertex states to track?
- Minimal Iterative State Model
 - Eliminate the need for intermediate state tracking for several classes of graph algorithms



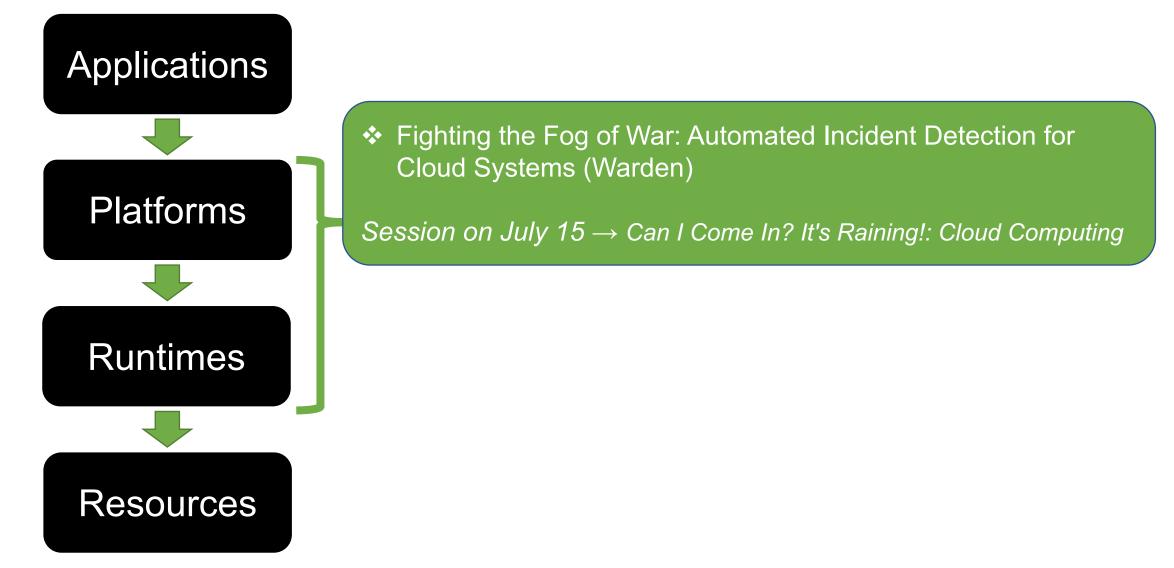
Problem: Perf. Estimation

- Issues
 - Intrusive Platform-specific Code Instrumentation \rightarrow Doesn't Generalize
 - Generate Low-level Traces \rightarrow Requires Manual Analysis
- Key Ideas in CrystalPerf
 - Platform-agnostic and Automated
 - Learning Performance Models for different DAG ops using ML
 - Training from Execution Profiles consisting of Code Documentation, Call Traces, Resource Config, Operation Execution Time
 - Prediction using Performance Models



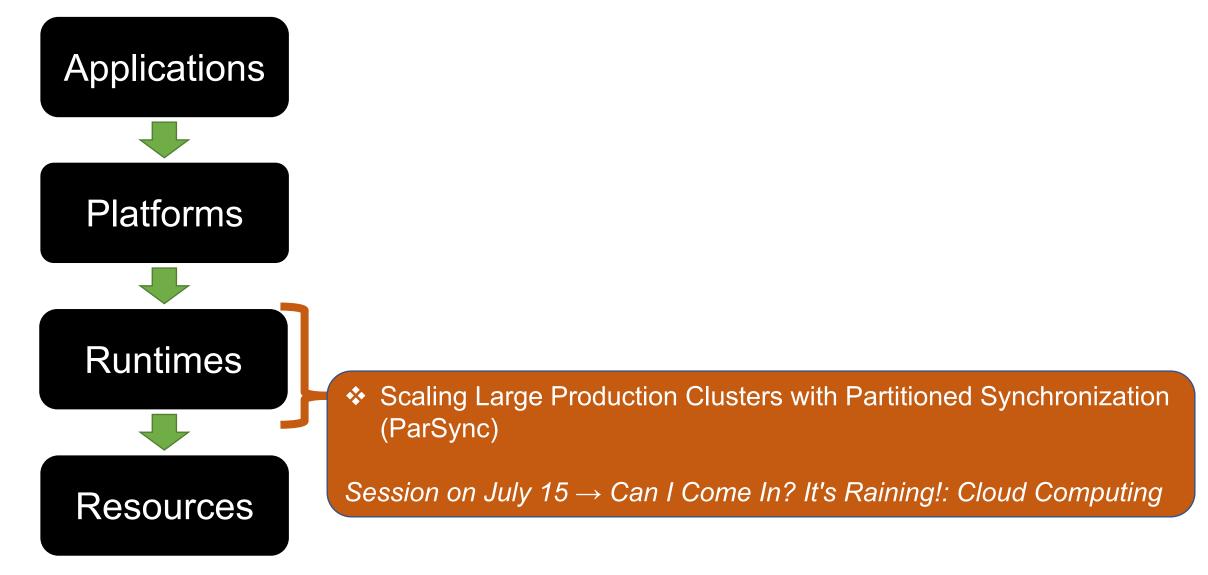
Problem: Perf. Debug

- Issues
 - No trivial performance debugging methodology works
- Key Ideas
 - Found the VM aging problem in OpenStack/KVM stack: VM aging \rightarrow TLB misses \rightarrow EPT violations \rightarrow Hypervisor Interrupts \rightarrow Slowdown
 - Investigated several VM aging mitigation strategies



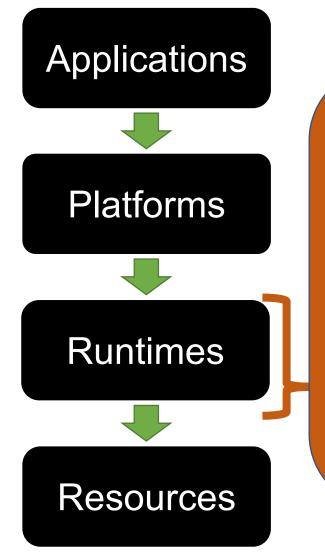
Problem: Perf. Incident Detection

- Issues
 - Handcrafted Rule-based Alert Signals for Incident Detection → Inaccurate and Slow
- Key Ideas in Warden
 - Alert Signal Pruning
 - Learned Model for Incident Detection
 - Input: Features extracted from Pruned Alert Signal and Engineering Activities
 - Auto-Identification of Incident-indicating Alerts via Group-based Model Interpretation
 - Automatic Notification to only the necessary on-call engineers



Problem: Scaling Scheduler

- Issues
 - Shared State Scheduler \rightarrow Not Robust in High Contention Scenarios
 - Two-level Scheduler \rightarrow Poor Scheduling Efficiency and Quality
- Key Ideas
 - Partitioned Synchronization Architecture
 - Fine-grained Staleness Aware Shared State Scheduler
 - Robustness with High Scheduling Efficiency and Quality



FaaSNet: Scalable and Fast Provisioning of Custom Serverless Container Runtimes at Alibaba Cloud Function Compute

Session on July 15 \rightarrow Can I Come In? It's Raining!: Cloud Computing

- Faastlane: Accelerating FaaS Workflows
- SONIC: Application-Aware Data Passing for Chained Serverless Applications

Session on July 16 \rightarrow But You Played with Me Yesterday: Serverless Computing and Consistency

Problem: Scaling Serverless

- Issues
 - 1. High Function Provisioning Latency
 - Demand Bursts \rightarrow Images served from Central Registry \rightarrow IO and network bottlenecks
 - 2. High Function Provisioning Costs
 - Higher Request Load → Images served from P2P Registry with more highperformance dedicated root nodes → Increasing Costs
 - 3. High Function Communication Latency
 - Communicate via object storage or distributed shared memory or global message queues \rightarrow High interaction latency
 - Function placement is not communication-aware \rightarrow High Interaction Latency

Problem: Scaling Serverless

- Key Ideas in FaaSNet (Overcoming High Provisioning Latency and Costs)
 - Per-Function Non-Overlapping Balanced Overlay Trees
 - Use existing VMs for distributing container images
- Key Ideas in Faastlane (Overcoming High Interaction Latency)
 - Interacting Functions as separate threads within same process or separate processes in same container
- Key Ideas in SONIC (Overcoming High Interaction Latency)
 - Scheduler with communication-aware Function Placement
 - Dynamic choice of data-passing technique for each function interaction

Applications Platforms **Runtimes** Resources

DART

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