

When Malware Changed Its Mind: An Empirical Study of Variable Program Behaviors in the Real World

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Malware Behavior Changes Across Environments

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- Missing libraries, different language settings, etc.^[1]

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- Prudent practices^[2]:
 - “[...] caution generalizing from a single OS version [...]”

[1] Lindorfer et al. "Detecting environment-sensitive malware." *RAID*, 2011.

[2] Rossow et al. "Prudent practices for designing malware experiments: Status quo and outlook." *IEEE S&P*, 2012.

Malware Behavior Changes Across Environments

- Example: **Ramnit Worm**

```
1  int __cdecl try_to_exploit(LPSTR lpCommandLine)
2  {
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4      {
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7              if ( !check_updates_xp((int)"KB3000061") )
8              {
9                  if ( is_admin() )
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18             if ( is_admin() && check_authority() > 1 )
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<https://cert.pl/en/posts/2017/09/ramnit-in-depth-analysis/>

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 - Line 22
 - Local Privilege escalation on Win 7
 - Creates hundreds of **mutexes**
 - until exploit succeeds

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 - Exploits CVE-2013-3660
 - Line 22
 - Local Privilege escalation on Win 7
 - Creates hundreds of **mutexes**
 - until exploit succeeds
 - Only works on:
 - vulnerable OS versions
 - when run in **non-admin**

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Research Questions

RQ1: Variability analysis in the wild

- What parts of the execution trace vary more? And by how much?

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RQ2: Invariant analysis in the wild

- Can we find behavioral invariants across executions?

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RQ2: Invariant analysis in the wild

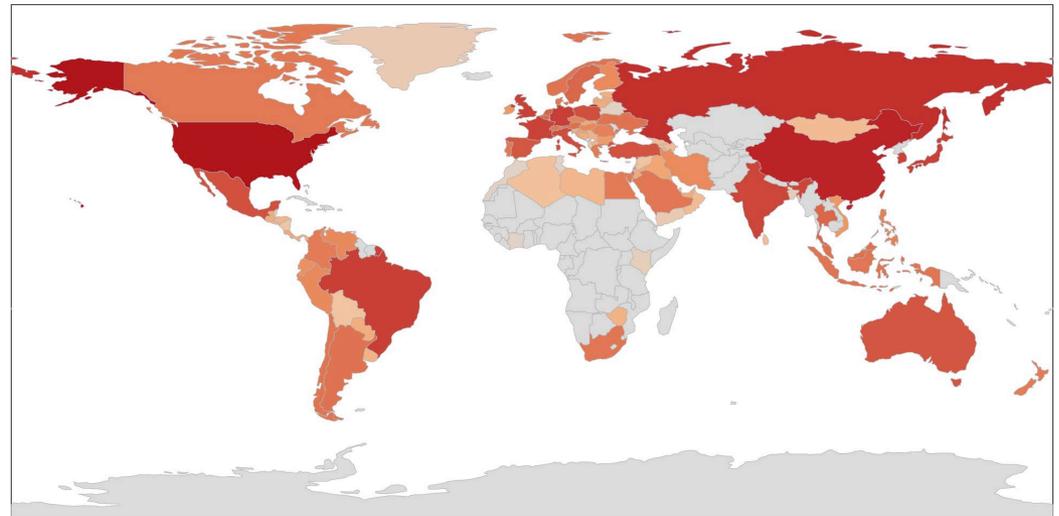
- Can we find behavioral invariants across executions?

RQ3: Impact of variability

- What is the impact of variability on malware detection and clustering?

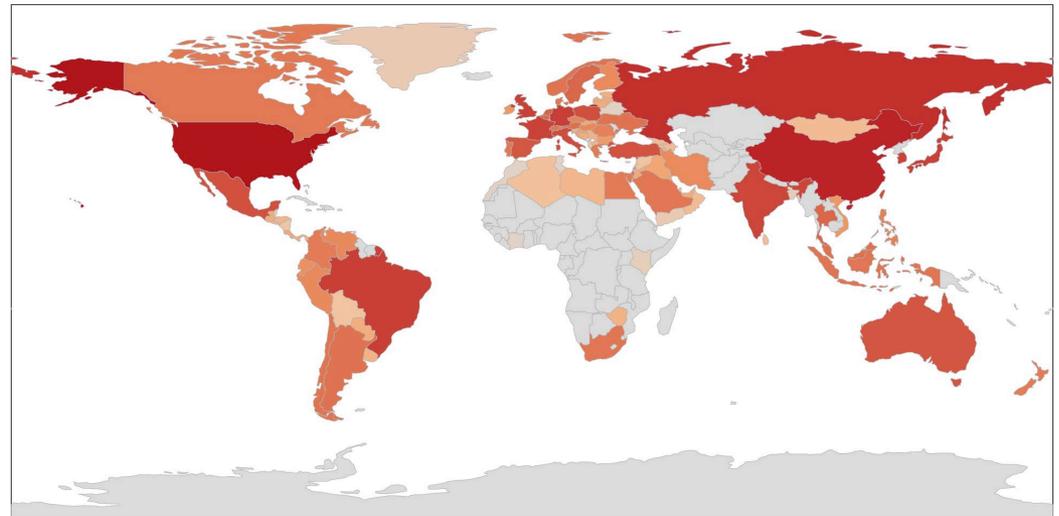
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- **7.6M** execution traces
- **5.4M** real users' machines in **>100 countries** in the world
- From **2018**



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- From **2018**
- No private data is collected, passive recording



The Dataset (introduction)

Action type	File name	File path	...	sample Hash	Exec.id	Mach.id
File Create	setup.exe	CSIDL_PROFILE	...	AAA	1	abc
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22K benign, **2.4K** malware and **1.6K** PUP

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- Ramnit worm exploit

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RQ1: Variability Analysis In The Wild

- Ramnit worm exploit
- When this line is reached
 - ~100 more mutex create events
 - based on the **machine**

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Methodology
(for each hash)



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(Group by machine ID and remove executions after week 0)



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Total: 52

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[45, ..., 52, ..., 92, ..., 100]

IQR → 92 - 52 = 40



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} Analysis in the paper

[45, ..., 52, ..., 92, ..., 100]

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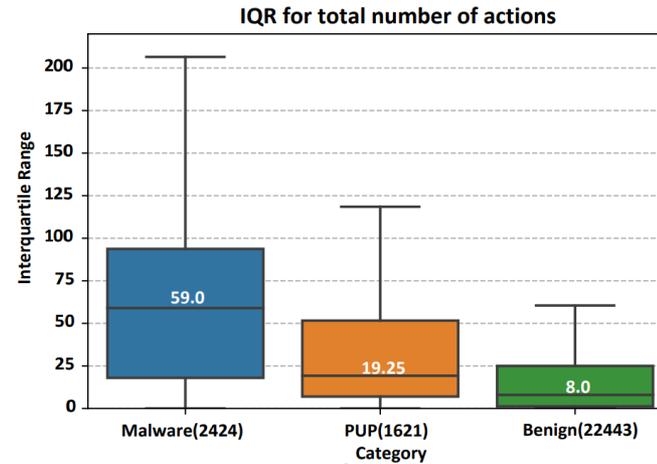


RQ1: Variability Analysis In The Wild (machines)

-  IQR $\rightarrow 92 - 52 = 40$
-  IQR $\rightarrow 10$
-  IQR $\rightarrow 0$
-  IQR $\rightarrow 100$
- ...
-  IQR $\rightarrow 60$

For all malware (blue boxplot)

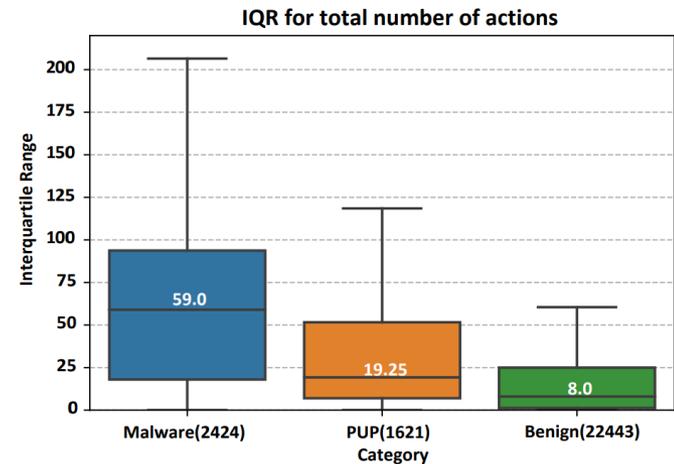
For all PUP (orange boxplot)



For all benigns (green boxplot)

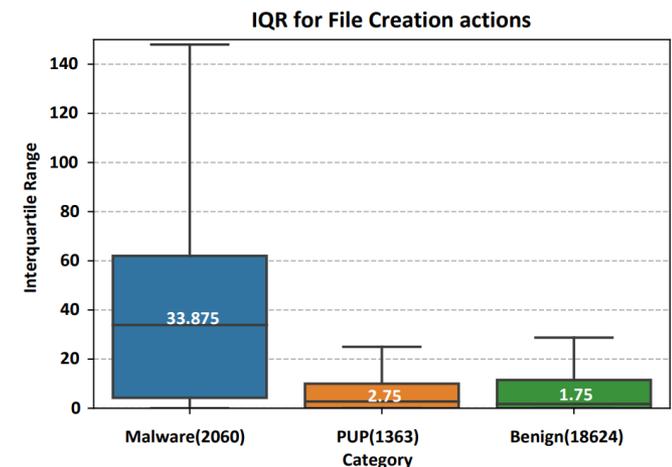
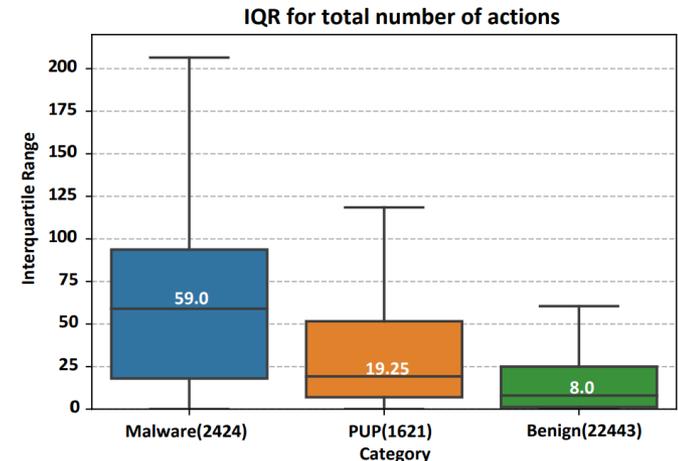
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- At least 50% of the malware:
 - **59** missing or additional actions



RQ1: Variability Analysis In The Wild (machines)

- At least 50% of the malware:
 - **59** missing or additional actions
- File creation
 - The major source of machine-induced variability in malware.



RQ1: Variability Analysis In The Wild (machines)

- Methodology:
 - IQR of the number of unique parameter values across different machines.
- Number of unique file names varies by **25** across machines

		Median			75 th percentile		
		Mal	PUP	Ben	Mal	PUP	Ben
File	Path	4	1	-	10	3	2
	Name	25	2	1	49	8	8
	Ext.	3	1	-	5	2	1

RQ1 Summary

- High variability in malware across machines
 - File Creation makes up most of variability in malware
 - File name is the most variable parameter

RQ2: Invariant Analysis In The Wild

- Focus on action-parameter pair
 - used in Sigma
 - used in cuckoo

```
class CreatesUserFolderEXE(Signature):
    name = "creates_user_folder_exe"
    description = "Creates an executable file in a user folder"
    severity = 3
    families = ["persistence"]
    authors = ["Kevin Ross"]
    minimum = "2.0"
    ttp = ["T1129"]
```

```
directories_re = [
    "[a-zA-Z]:\\\\" + Users + "\\(?:[\\w\\\\]+\\\\" + AppData + "\\|\\.*)" ,
    "[a-zA-Z]:\\\\" + Documents + "\\ and \\\\" + Settings + "\\(?:[\\w\\\\]+\\\\" + Local + "\\ Settings + "\\|\\.*)" ,
]
```

```
def on_complete(self):
    for dropped in self.get_results("dropped", []):
        if "filepath" in dropped:
            droppedtype = dropped["type"]
            filepath = dropped["filepath"]
            if "MS-DOS executable" in droppedtype:
                for directory in self.directories_re:
                    if re.match(directory, filepath):
                        self.mark_ioc("file", filepath)
```

```
return self.has_marks()
```

<https://github.com/cuckoosandbox/community/tree/master/modules/signatures>

logsource:

category: process_creation

product: windows

detection:

selection:

CommandLine: '*-noni -ep bypass \$*'

condition: selection

<https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma>

RQ2: Invariant Analysis In The Wild



Action type	File name	File path	...	sample Hash	Exec.id	Mach.id
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...	AAA

Extract parameter values



CSIDL_PROFILE
 icon.png.wnry
 setup.exe
 cmd.exe|del|virus.exe

Split them by delimiter



CSIDL_PROFILE
 icon
 png
 wnry
 setup
 exe
 cmd
 del
 virus



Action type	File name	File path	...	sample Hash	Exec.id	Mach.id
Mtx. Create	mtx!asjfk	-	...	ABC	5243523	abd
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mtx!asjfk
 CSIDL_PROFILE/folder1
 runprogram.exe
 icon.png
 CSIDL_APPDATA/bin
 config.ini
 setup.exe



mtx!asjfk
 CSIDL_PROFILE
 folder1
 runprogram
 exe
 icon
 png
 CSIDL_APPDATA
 bin
 config
 ini
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 exe

RQ2: Invariant Analysis In The Wild



CSIDL_PROFILE
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exe



(Remove values that appear in benign samples)



wnry → appears in 30/50 machines → **60%**

virus → appears in 10/50 machines → **20%**

} appear in **65%** of the machines

RQ2: Invariant Analysis In The Wild

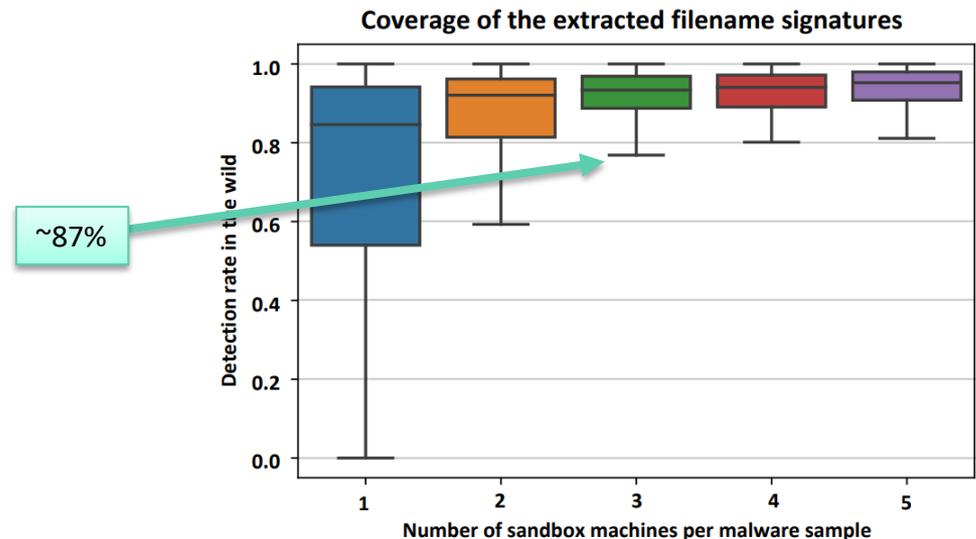
- How to maximize coverage?
 - **Assumption:** Sandbox is undetectable.

RQ2: Invariant Analysis In The Wild

- How to maximize coverage?
 - **Assumption:** Sandbox is undetectable.
- Pick n machines to get the bag of tokens
 - Check how much coverage would we get on the other machines.

RQ2: Invariant Analysis In The Wild

- How to maximize coverage?
 - Maximum coverage in 3 randomly generated machines
 - For file name tokens
 - One file name token doesn't appear in all machines.
 - Use more than 1 file name

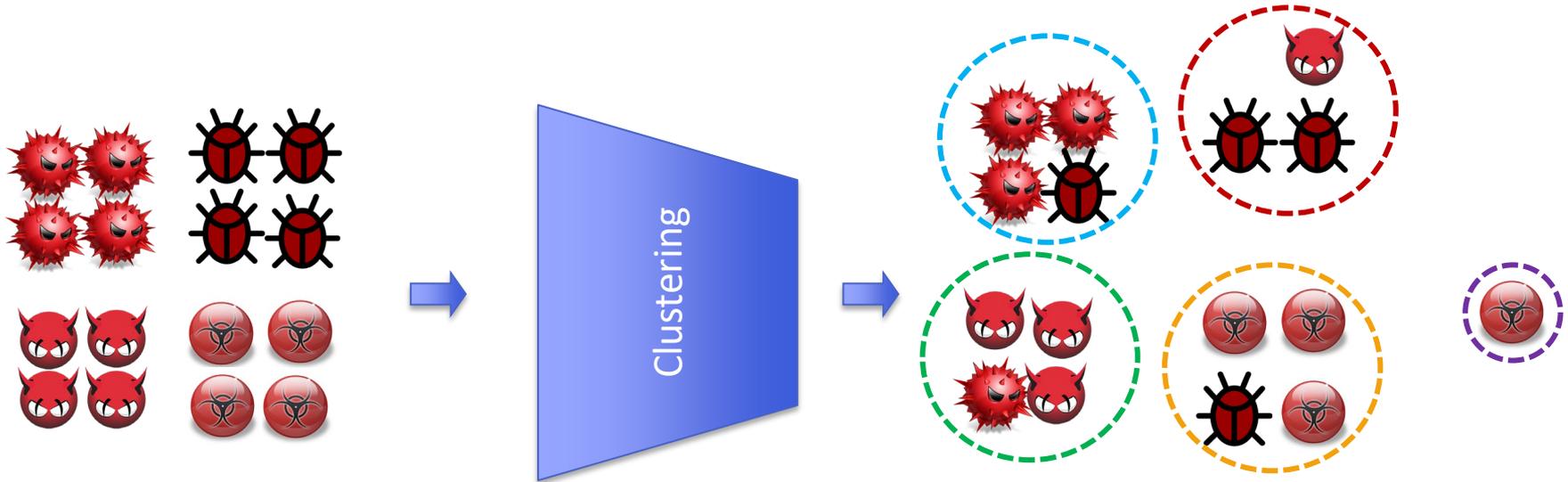


RQ3: Impact Of Variability

- In terms of:
 - Clustering
 - Anomaly detection (AccessMiner^[1])

RQ3: Impact Of Variability (clustering)

- Methodology:
 - Get 4 executions per malware sample in the same week
 - Reproduce the clustering by Bailey et al.^[1]



RQ3: Impact Of Variability (clustering)

- Results (out of **2424** malware samples):
 - 1,624 (67%) in the same cluster
 - 655 (27%) in 2 clusters
 - 121 (5%) in 3 clusters
 - 24 (1%) in 4 different cluster

RQ3: Impact of variability (clustering)

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clustering results with 1 trace per sample
may not correctly cluster malware into families

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- First measurement of malware behavior at scale:
 - Single trace per malware sample is not enough
- Variability in malware is greater than PUP and benign
 - Across both time and machines
- It's still feasible to find invariant in malware behavior
 - AV vendors can safely do it

Thank you!

Erin Avllazagaj

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