

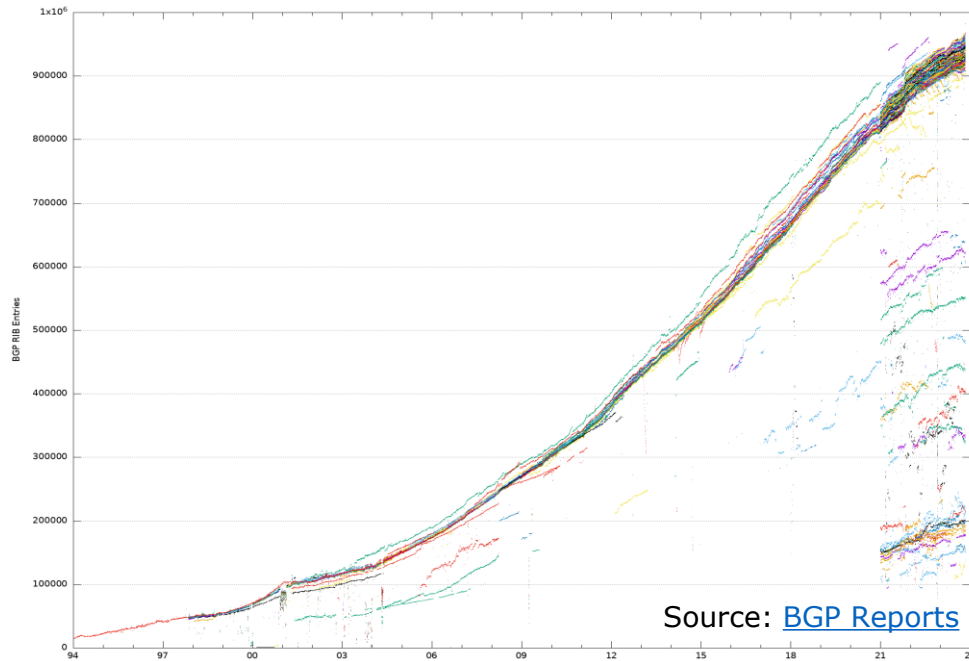
# Learning with Semantics: Towards a Semantics-Aware Routing Anomaly Detection System

Yihao Chen, Qilei Yin, Qi Li, Zhuotao Liu, Ke Xu,  
Yi Xu, Mingwei Xu, Ziqian Liu, Jianping Wu

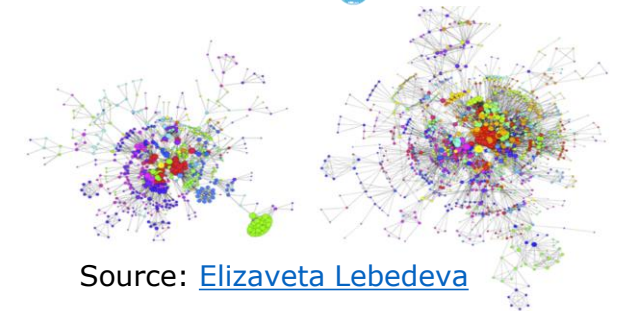
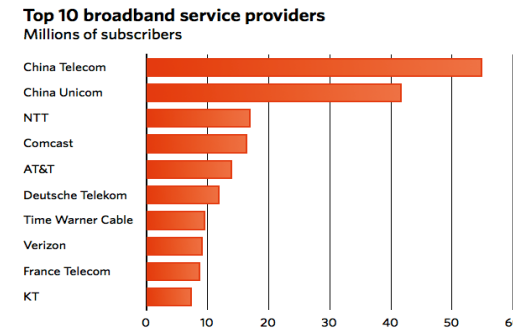


# BGP in Today's Internet

- The foundational routing protocol maintaining **global Internet connectivity**.
- Over **960k interdomain routes** in operation, supporting more than **75k ASes**.



Rapid Growth of the BGP Table



Source: [Elizaveta Lebedeva](#)

Vast Applications and Services over BGP

# BGP (In)security

- BGP does not guarantee the **authenticity** and **integrity** of route announcements
- RPKI and other security extensions, e.g., BGPsec, are **not widely deployed**



Source: [The Record](#)

### KlaySwap crypto users lose funds after BGP hijack

Hackers have stolen roughly **\$1.9 million** from South Korean cryptocurrency platform **KLAYswap** after they pulled off a rare and clever BGP hijack against the server infrastructure of one of the platform's providers.

Loss of Millions in a Single BGP Anomaly

Source: [Qrator Labs](#)

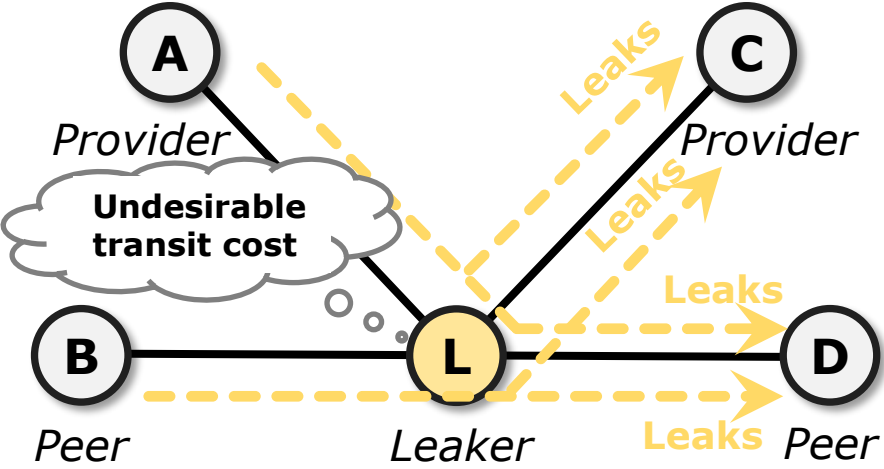
2024, Q1	
BGP ROUTE LEAKING ASes	BGP HIJACKING ASes
1 815	9 488
2 057	12 085
2 249	10 935
Unique Route Leakers: 3 017	Unique BGP Hijackers: 15 000

Thousands of BGP Incidents in Q1 2024

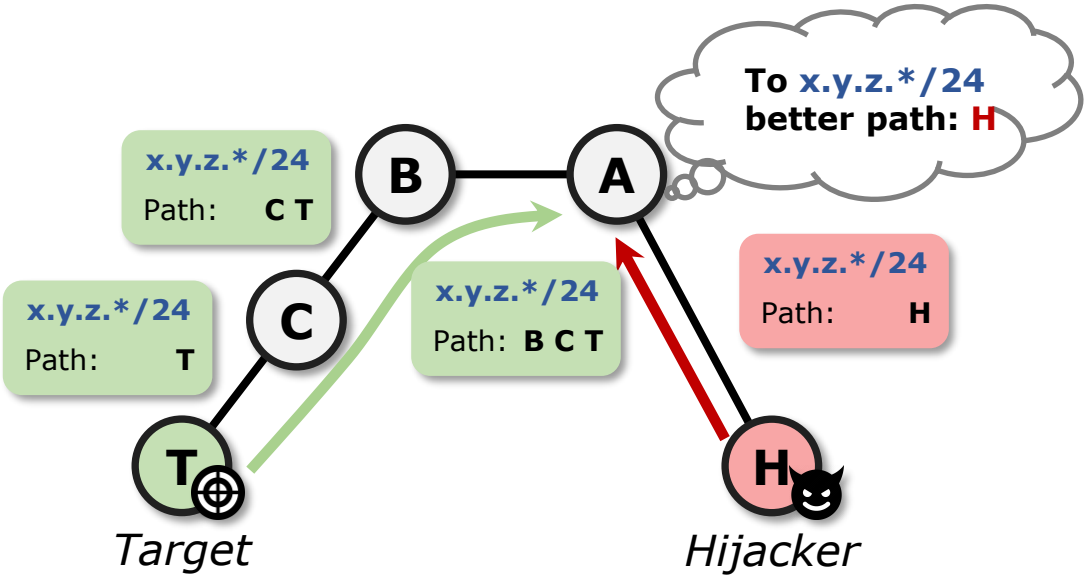
**BGP routing anomalies are still a major threat to the current Internet!**

# BGP Routing Anomalies

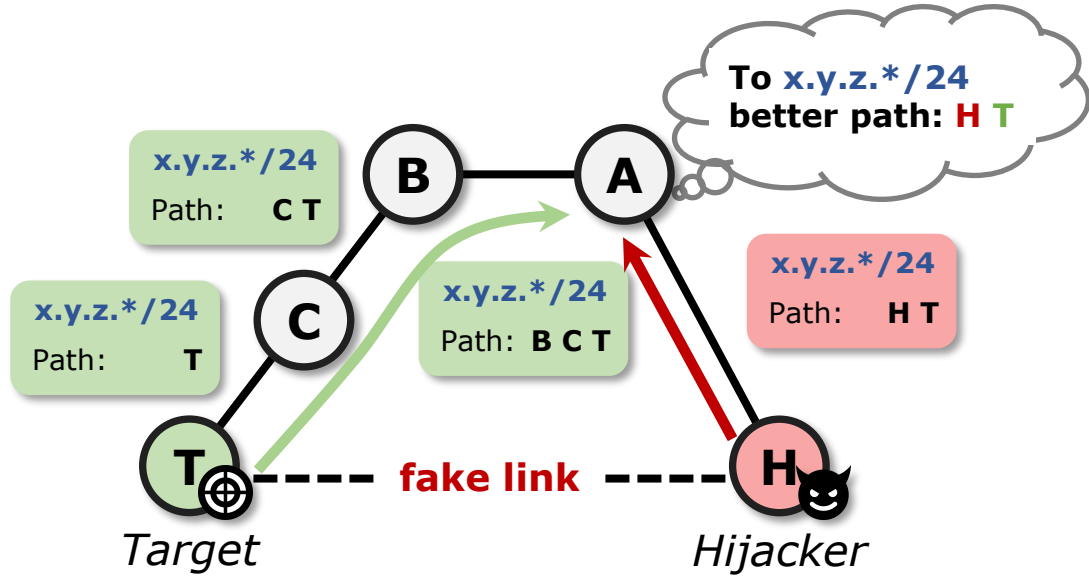
- Typical BGP anomalies
  - BGP hijacking (origin/path)
  - BGP route leak



BGP Route Leak Illustration



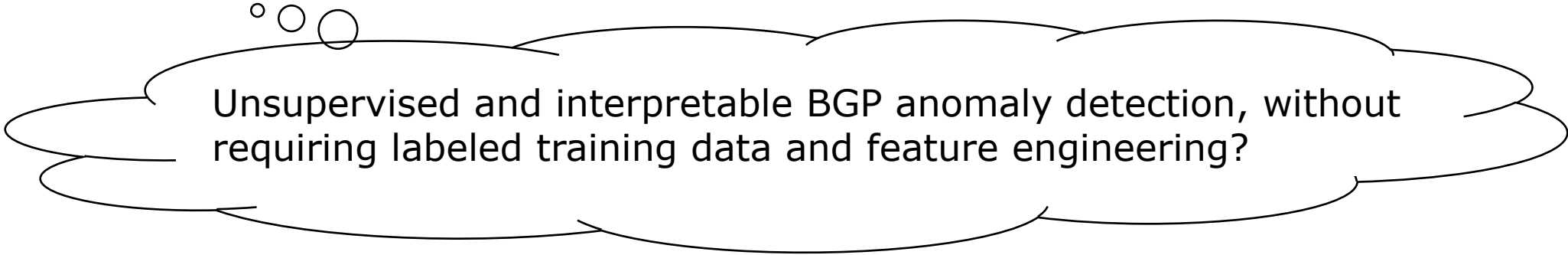
BGP Origin Hijacking Illustration



BGP Path Hijacking Illustration

# BGP Anomaly Detection

- Traditional methods    ARTEMIS [TON'18], HEAP [JSAC'16], Argus [IMC'12], BGPmon [CATCH'09], .....
  - Reliance on extensive **configuration** and/or **data probing**.
  - Require significant **manual investigation**.
  - Limited to **specific anomaly types**.
- ML-based methods    AP2Vec [TNSM'22], Dong et al. [ICNP'21], Hoarau et al. [LCN'21], Testart et al. [IMC'19], .....
  - Significant training overhead: large-scale **data labeling** and **feature crafting**
  - No BGP semantics embedded -> **uninterpretable results**



Unsupervised and interpretable BGP anomaly detection, without requiring labeled training data and feature engineering?

# Our Intuition

- Indications of BGP anomalies?

⇒ **Drastic routing path changes.**

- Ways to profile the “drasticness” .....

- Geolocation? **Inaccurate**
- BGP statistics? **VP bias**



Geolocation



BGP statistics

⇒ **A quantifiable representation capable of characterizing an AS's overall routing behaviors.**

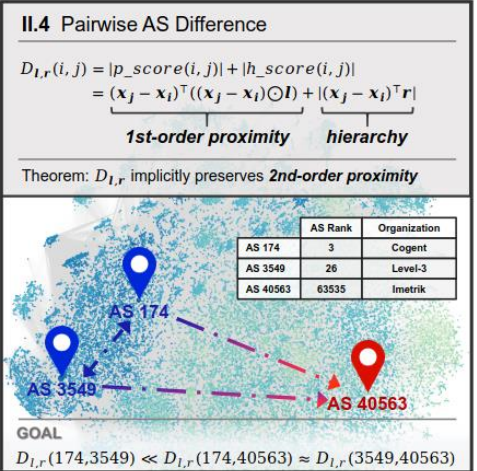
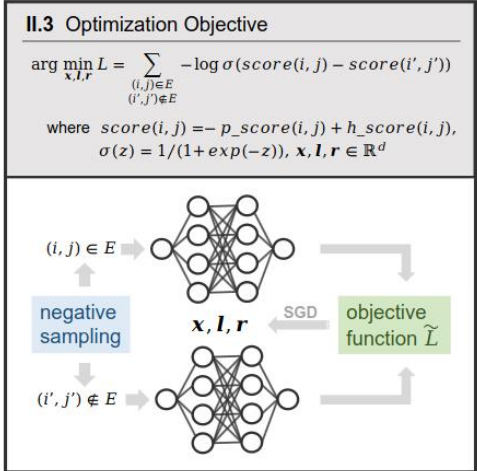
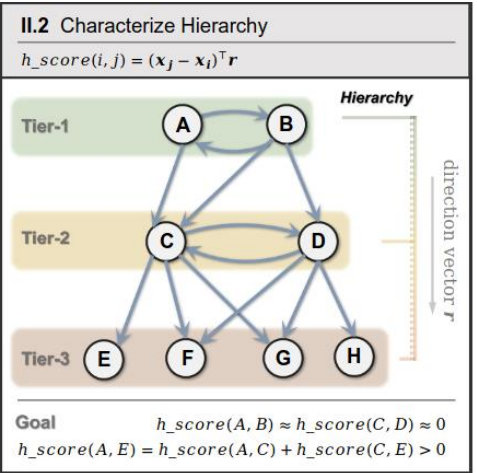
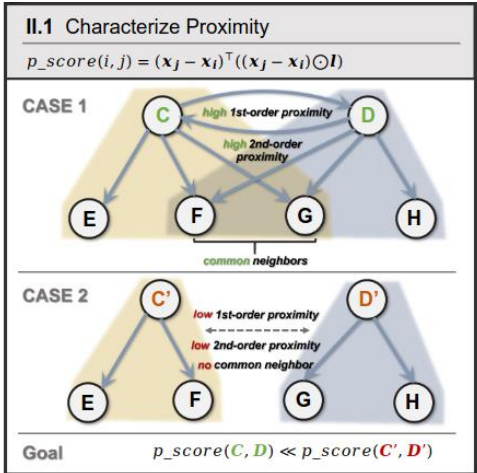
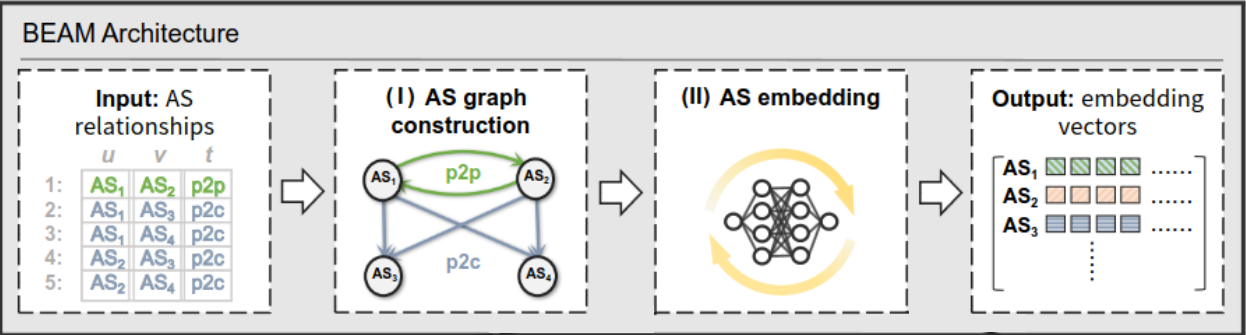
- What direct/indirect customers does it serve?
- What direct/indirect providers does it access?

**AS Routing Role: An AS's overall routing behaviors, determined by its unique set of **routing policies**.**

How to learn the routing role of each AS?

# Introducing BEAM: An Embedding Model

- BGP sEmAntics-aware network eMbedding
- Routing role: characterize overall relationships
- Two key properties
  - AS Proximity
  - AS Hierarchy
- A dedicated network representation learning model that fully integrates BGP semantics

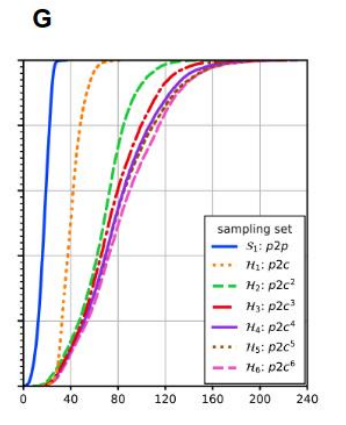
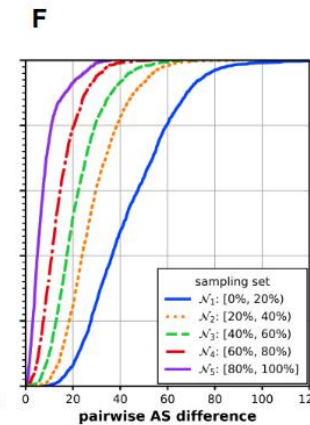
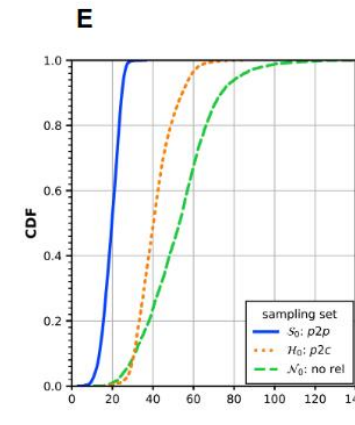
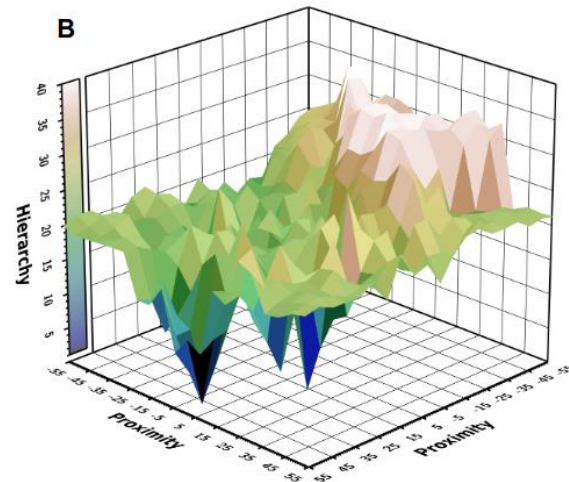
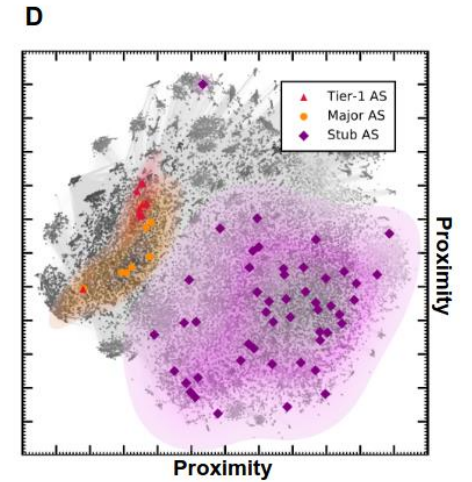
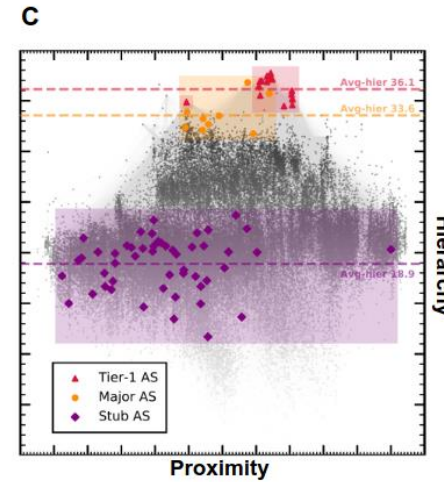
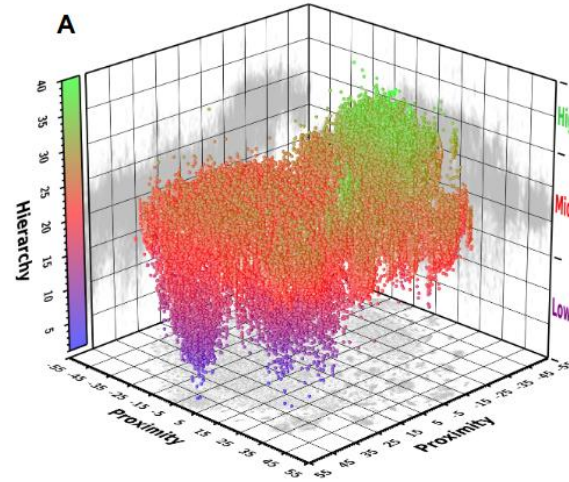




# Routing Role Analysis

- 3D Visualization
  - Tier-1
  - Major but not Tier-1
  - Stub
- Pairwise AS Difference
  - 1st-order proximity
  - 2nd-order proximity
  - Hierarchy

**The intrinsic routing characteristics are reserved.**



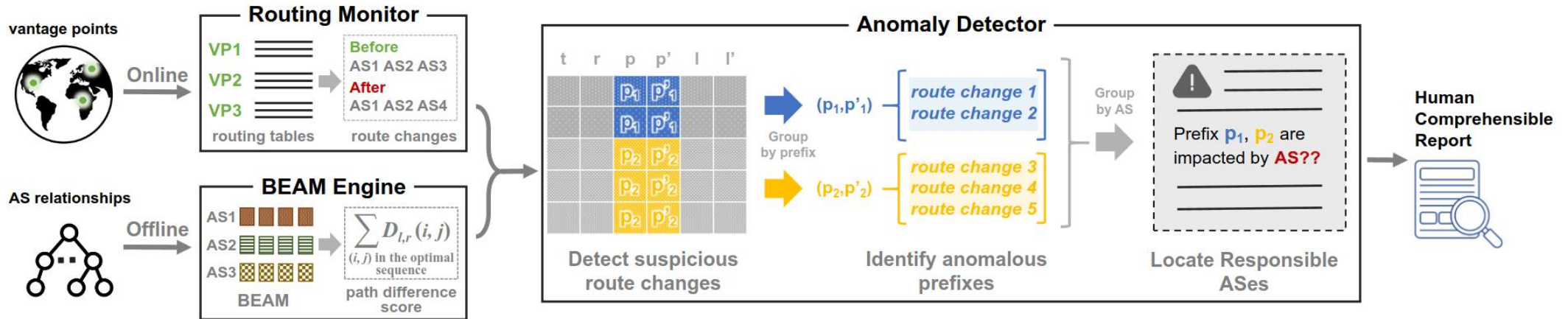


# Detection System Based on BEAM

- **BEAM engine:** offline model training from monthly AS relationships
- **Routing monitor:** online route monitoring from multiple public vantage points
- **Anomaly Detector**
  - Detect suspicious route changes with high path difference
  - Identify anomalous prefixes by prefix-indexed grouping
  - Locate responsible ASes by frequent itemset mining



**Interpretable  
Alarm Reports**



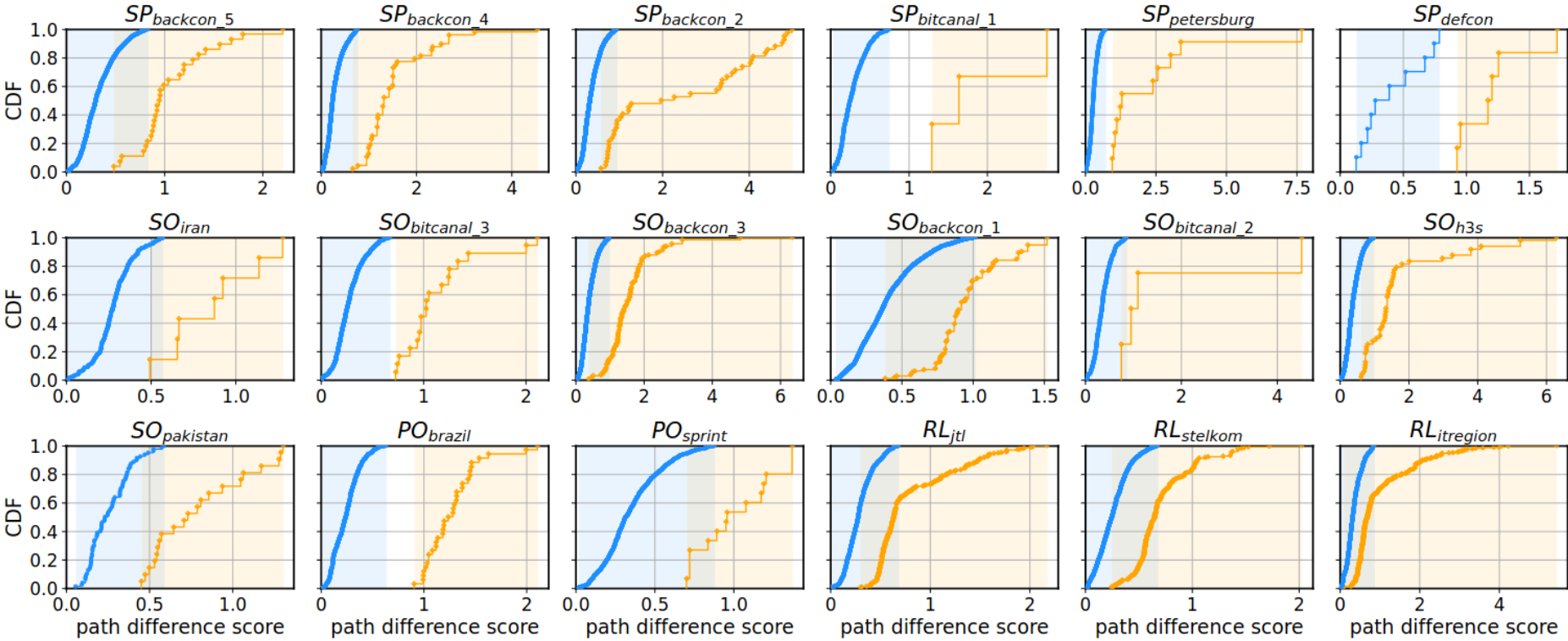
# Experiment Setup

- **Ground truth:** 18 reports on historical incidents spanning from 2008 to 2021
  - 15 BGP hijacking (2 prefix and 13 subprefix hijacking)
  - 3 BGP route leak incidents
  - A total of 11,861,377,951 route announcements
- **Baseline**
  - 6 variants: Edit Distance, Jaccard Index, Line, Marine, node2vec, SDNE
  - 2 state-of-the-art ML-based system:
    - AV: using word embedding to represent ASN
    - LS: supervised LSTM based detector
- **Real-world deployment**
  - AS 4134 (rank top-100), China Telecom
  - One-month span of detection since Jan 1 2023



# Evaluation: Path Difference Score

- 18 reports on historical routing anomalies spanning from 2008 to 2021



**Anomalous route changes show significantly greater path difference.**

# Evaluation: Detection Performance

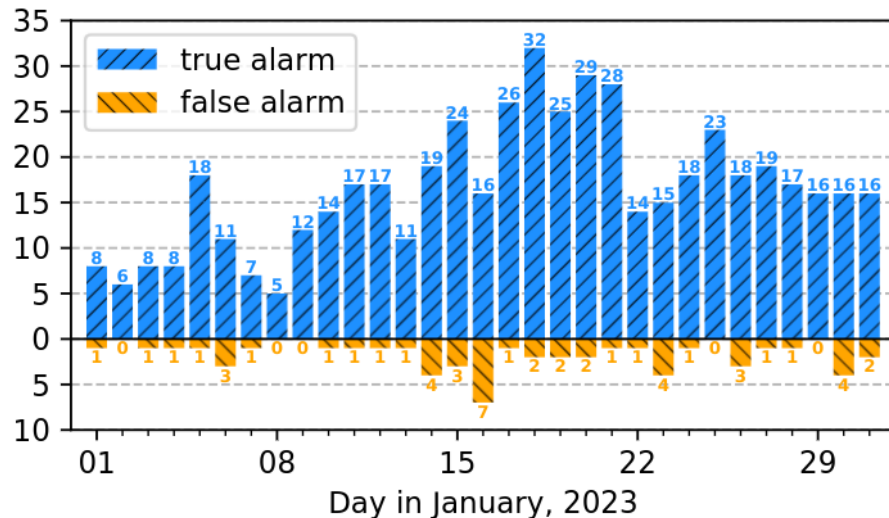
- All 18 anomalies are **correctly detected** by ours **within tens of alarms**.
- Ours reports **no false alarms** for **6 datasets**, and only **5 false alarms** in the worst case.
- The baselines cannot detect all anomalies and raise more false alarms than ours.
- The baselines require many extra data to train the models.

Dataset	Detected									#Alarms(#FalseAlarms)								
	ED	JI	Li	Ma	NV	SD	LS	AV	Ours	ED	JI	Li	Ma	NV	SD	LS	AV	Ours
<i>SP<sub>backcon_5</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	18(5)	12(3)	21(4)	15(3)	17(2)	9(1)	62(31)	5(1)	34(2)
<i>SP<sub>backcon_4</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	14(1)	8(1)	15(2)	13(1)	12(1)	7(1)	42(17)	22(6)	21(0)
<i>SP<sub>backcon_2</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	29(7)	21(7)	24(5)	25(7)	21(4)	8(3)	38(13)	23(18)	37(1)
<i>SP<sub>bitcanal_1</sub></i>	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	16(0)	16(0)	14(0)	18(0)	17(0)	7(0)	67(36)	30(10)	16(0)
<i>SP<sub>petersburg</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	22(3)	14(0)	21(3)	20(1)	16(0)	12(2)	66(28)	37(16)	24(0)
<i>SP<sub>defcon</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	7(2)	7(2)	9(3)	9(3)	9(3)	2(2)	28(10)	17(9)	7(1)
<i>SO<sub>iran</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	15(1)	8(1)	24(5)	12(2)	16(3)	0(0)	21(11)	19(10)	31(2)
<i>SO<sub>bitcanal_3</sub></i>	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	26(4)	24(3)	29(6)	25(3)	26(5)	7(0)	44(19)	17(8)	40(1)
<i>SO<sub>backcon_3</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	32(8)	23(4)	27(6)	34(8)	34(9)	6(1)	49(27)	19(9)	35(5)
<i>SO<sub>backcon_1</sub></i>	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	19(6)	16(4)	35(14)	18(4)	17(7)	0(0)	63(35)	25(11)	18(3)
<i>SO<sub>bitcanal_2</sub></i>	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	16(1)	15(1)	17(2)	15(1)	16(1)	12(2)	39(14)	29(8)	24(0)
<i>SO<sub>h3s</sub></i>	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	11(1)	3(0)	15(3)	12(2)	9(0)	5(1)	38(22)	27(8)	14(0)
<i>SO<sub>pakistan</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	12(4)	8(2)	9(2)	10(4)	8(1)	1(0)	26(14)	2(0)	10(1)
<i>PO<sub>brazil</sub></i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	30(5)	32(4)	30(5)	37(5)	25(3)	11(2)	52(25)	28(11)	51(1)
<i>PO<sub>sprint</sub></i>	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	20(0)	18(0)	16(0)	22(2)	19(2)	10(2)	84(24)	33(8)	29(0)
<i>RL<sub>jtl</sub></i>	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	17(1)	16(1)	21(2)	16(2)	17(1)	6(3)	60(40)	21(11)	46(5)
<i>RL<sub>stelkom</sub></i>	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	25(4)	21(2)	34(6)	26(3)	23(3)	4(0)	284(225)	17(8)	43(3)
<i>RL<sub>itregion</sub></i>	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	25(0)	21(1)	23(0)	20(0)	21(3)	6(2)	74(44)	23(9)	44(4)
<b>Overall</b>	11/18	11/18	12/18	13/18	14/18	0/18	9/18	4/18	18/18	354(53)	283(36)	384(68)	347(51)	323(48)	113(22)	1137(635)	394(161)	524(29)

# Real-World Deployment

- Deployed in AS 4134 of China Telecom, detecting from January 1 to February 1 2023
- 152,493,303 live route announcements, 5,106,442 route changes, and **548 raised alarms**.
- On average, 17.68 alarms per day, including **1.65 false alarms**.

#Affected Routes	#Affected Prefixes	#Affected Origins
1,202	961	477



Alarm 0 Timestamp: 1672506280

- [185.88.176.0/24 → 185.88.176.0/24] {...}
- [185.88.177.0/24 → 185.88.177.0/24] {...}
- [185.88.179.0/24 → 185.88.179.0/24] { VP 6762, **VP 6453** }

P1 (Unauthorized Route Change)

**Before**

6453, 49666, 42440, 16322, 60976, 201691  
(WEIDE, 185.88.179.0/24)

**After**

6453, 49666, 42440  
(RDG-AS, 185.88.179.0/24)

6453	0.000	0.249	0.793	1.373	1.865	2.581
49666	0.249	0.000	0.242	0.617	0.978	1.461
42440	0.793	0.242	0.000	0.192	0.386	0.712
6453	49666	42440	16322	60976	201691	

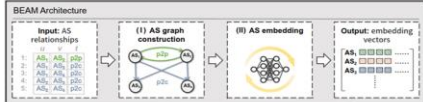


# Summary

## Intuition: represent AS routing roles

**Introducing BEAM: A Novel Approach**

- BGP sEmAntics-aware network eMbedding
- Routing role: characterize overall relationships
- Two key properties
  - AS Proximity
  - AS Hierarchy
- The first dedicated network representation learning model that fully integrates BGP semantics



**E.1 Characteristic Proximity**

CASE 1:  $\beta_{proximity}(i, j) = \log \frac{d(i, j)}{d(i, k) + d(j, k)}$

CASE 2:  $\beta_{proximity}(i, j) = \log \frac{d(i, j)}{d(i, k) + d(j, k)}$

**E.2 Characteristic Hierarchy**

Theme 1:  $\beta_{hierarchy}(i, j) = \log \frac{d(i, j)}{d(i, k) + d(j, k)}$

Theme 2:  $\beta_{hierarchy}(i, j) = \log \frac{d(i, j)}{d(i, k) + d(j, k)}$

**E.3 Optimization Objective**

$$\min_{\beta} \sum_{i, j \in E} \sum_{k \in E} \left( \log \frac{d(i, j)}{d(i, k) + d(j, k)} - \beta_{proximity}(i, j) \right)^2 + \sum_{i, j \in E} \left( \log \frac{d(i, j)}{d(i, k) + d(j, k)} - \beta_{hierarchy}(i, j) \right)^2$$

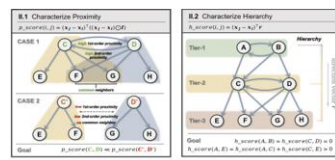
where  $\beta_{proximity}(i, j) = \beta_{proximity}(j, i)$ ,  $\beta_{hierarchy}(i, j) = \beta_{hierarchy}(j, i)$ ,  $\beta_{proximity}(i, i) = \beta_{hierarchy}(i, i) = 0$

**E.4 Pairwise AS Difference**

$$D_{ij}(i, j) = \beta_{proximity}(i, j) - \beta_{hierarchy}(i, j)$$

$$D_{ij}(i, j) = \log \frac{d(i, j)}{d(i, k) + d(j, k)} - \log \frac{d(i, j)}{d(i, k) + d(j, k)}$$

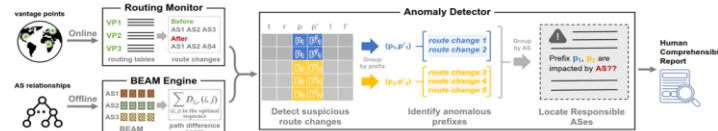
Theme:  $D_{ij}$  quantify pairwise 2nd-order proximity



## Workflow: learning, detection, interpretation

**Anomaly Detection System**

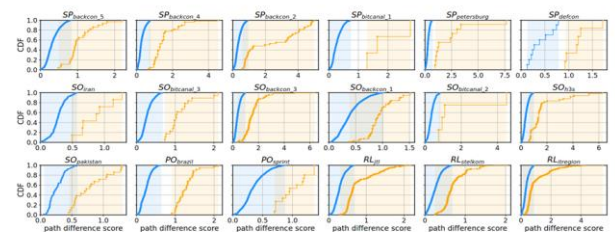
- BEAM engine: offline BEAM model training from montly AS relationships
- Routing monitor: online route announcement fetching from multiple public vantage points
- Anomaly Detector:
  - Detecting suspicious route changes with high path difference
  - Identifying anomalous prefixes by prefix-indexed grouping
  - Locating responsible ASes by frequent itemset mining



## Evaluation: over 11 billion announcements

**Evaluation: Path Difference Score**

- 18 reports on historical routing anomalies spanning from 2008 to 2021
  - 15 BGP hijacking (2 prefix and 13 subprefix hijacking)
  - 3 BGP route leak incidents
  - A total of 11,861,377,951 route announcements



## Deployment: large ISP real-world deployment

**Real-World Deployment**

- Deployed in a large ISP (top 100), detecting from January 1 to February 1 2023
- In total, the system processes 152,493,303 live route announcements, detects 5,106,442 route changes and raises 548 alarms.
- On average, 17.68 alarms per day, including 1.65 false alarms.

**Table 2: The overall impact of the detected anomalies.**

#Affected Routes	#Affected Prefixes	#Affected Origins
1,202	961	477

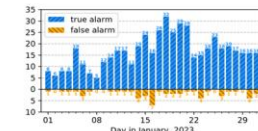


Figure 8: Daily alarm number in real-world deployment.

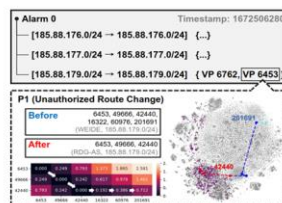


Figure 10: An anomaly report in real-world deployment.

## Thank you!

### Key Takeaways

- AS routing roles capture overall routing behaviors of ASes.
- Routing anomaly detection can be achieved by detecting routing role churns.
- Our system can detect previous confirmed anomalies with minor false alarms.
- Routing-role change analysis enables visually interpretable anomaly alarms.

**Contact:** [yh-chen21@mails.tsinghua.edu.cn](mailto:yh-chen21@mails.tsinghua.edu.cn)

**Code:** <https://github.com/yhchen-tsinghua/routing-anomaly-detection>

