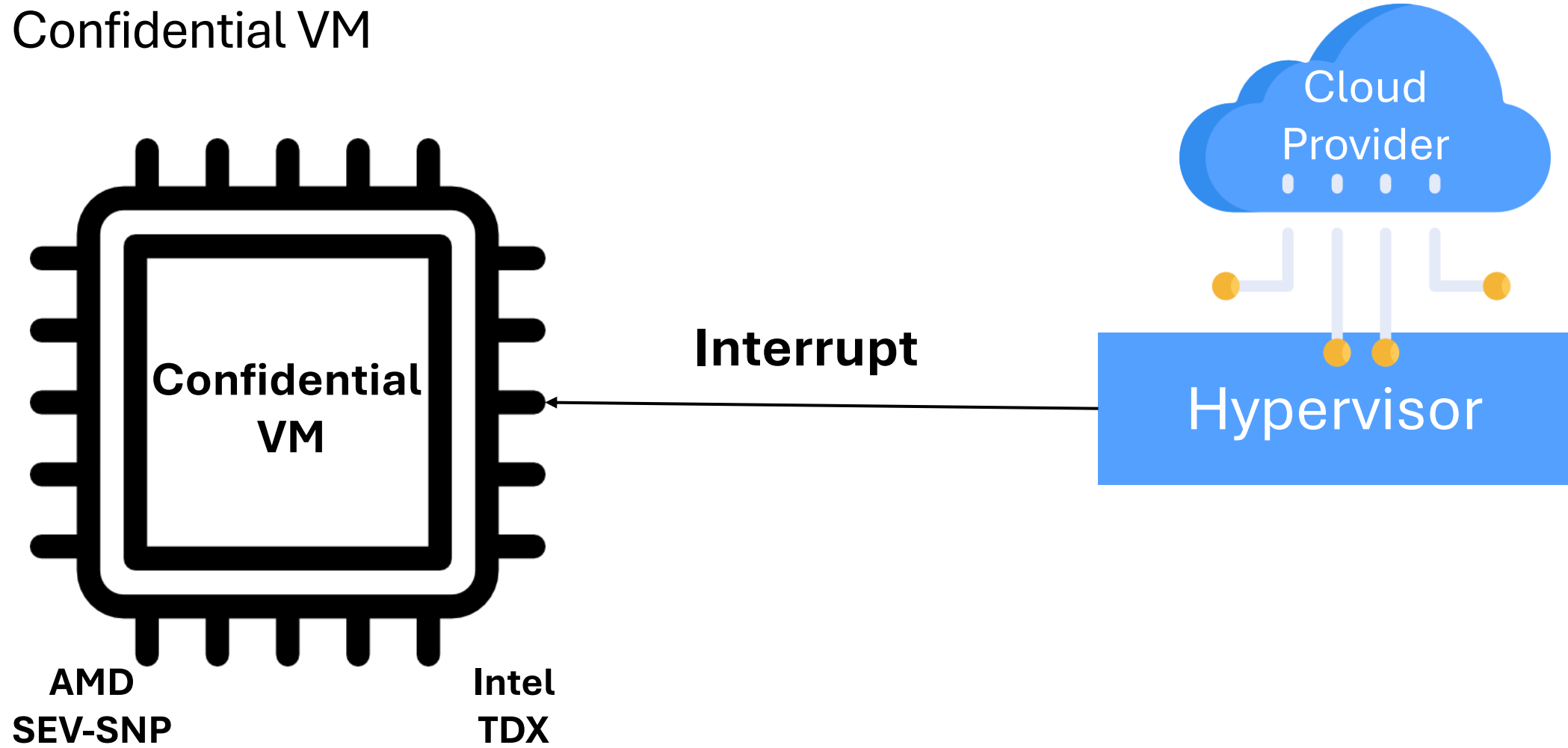


Heckler: Breaking Confidential VMs with Malicious Interrupts

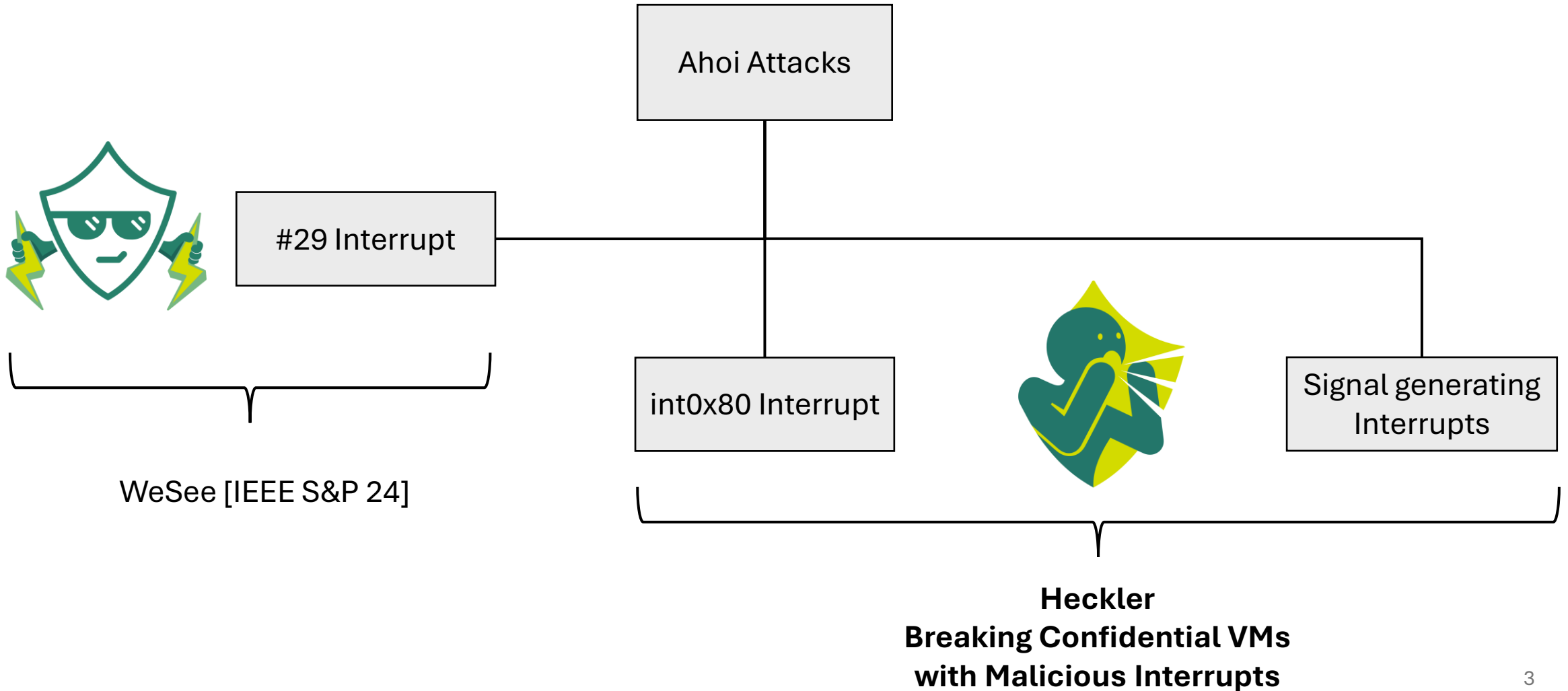
Benedict Schlüter, Supraja Sridhara, Mark Kuhne, Andrin Bertschi, Shweta Shinde

ETH Zurich

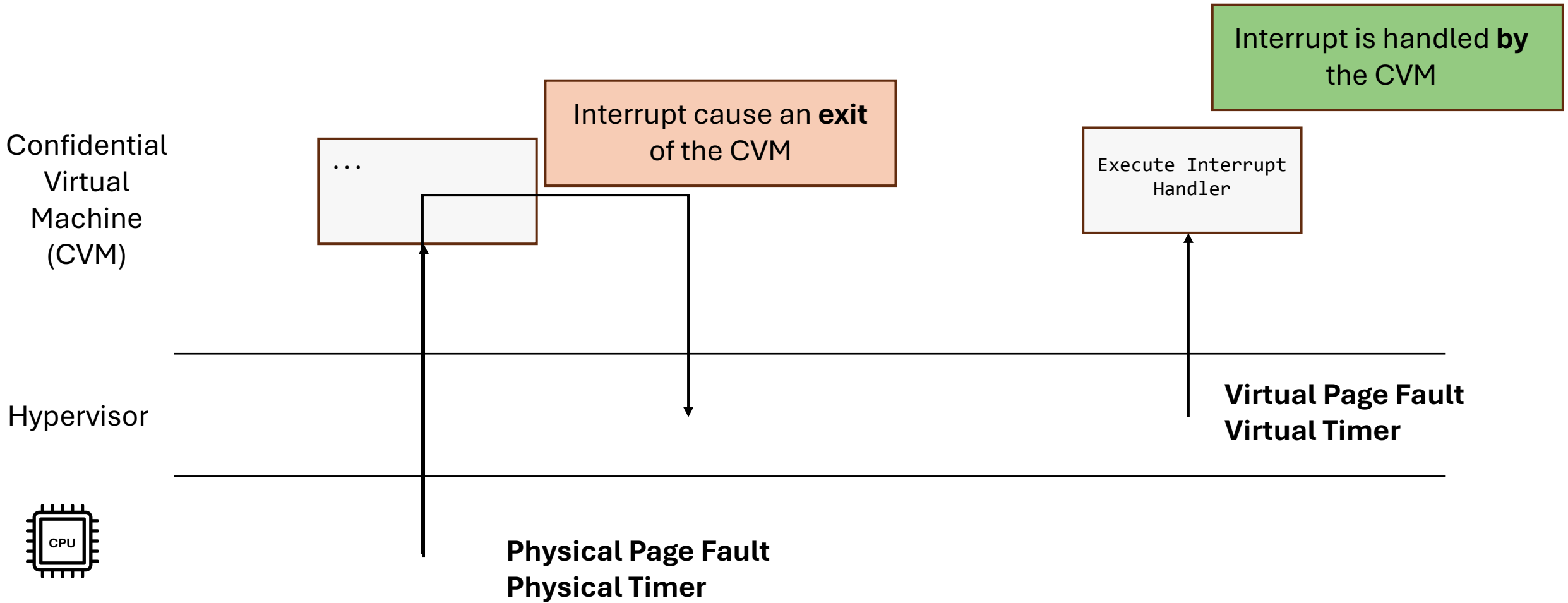
Confidential VM



Overview



Destination of Interrupts



int 0x80: Legacy Systemcall Flow

userspace

```
rax = #write_sys  
int 0x80  
...
```

Userspace Register State

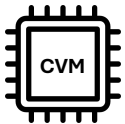
```
rax : 4
```



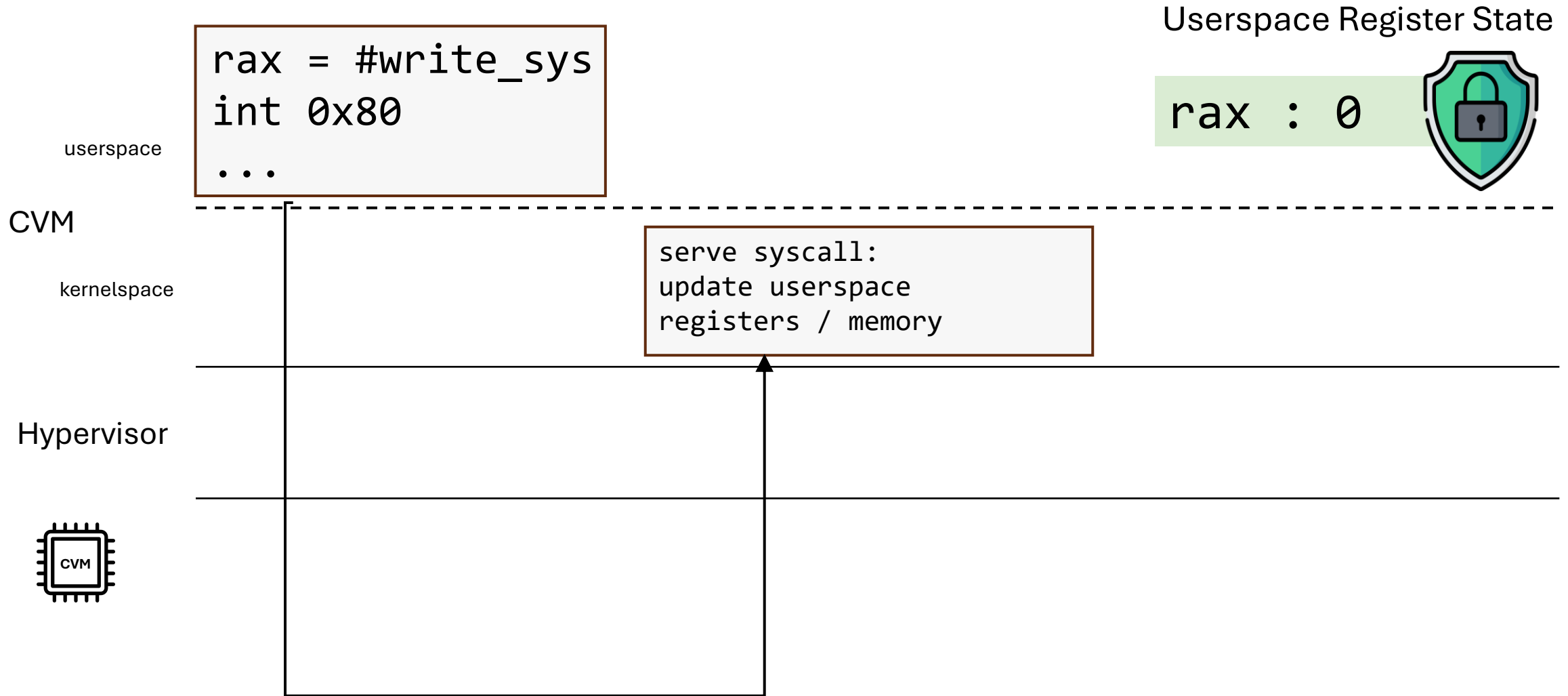
CVM

kernelspace

Hypervisor



int 0x80: Legacy Systemcall Flow



Remote Authentication

Victim

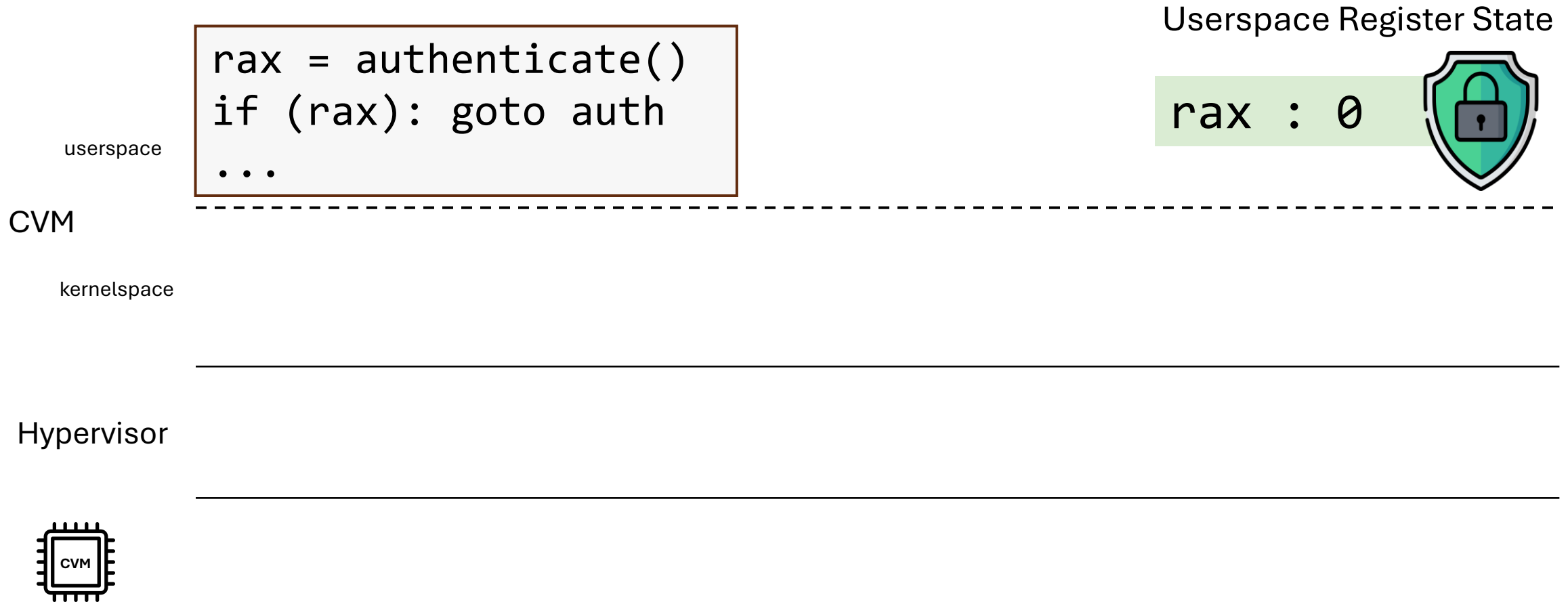
```
rax = authenticate()  
// Branch based on rax
```

OpenSSH

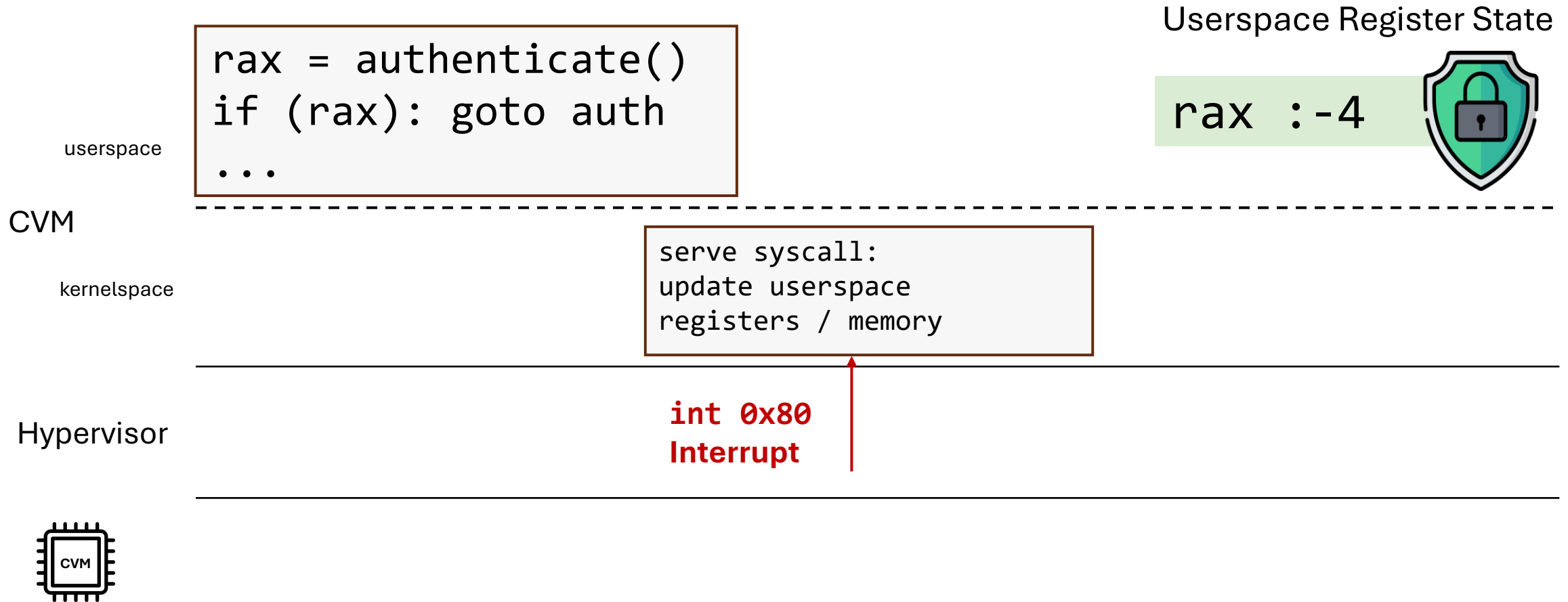
Interrupt

Hypervisor

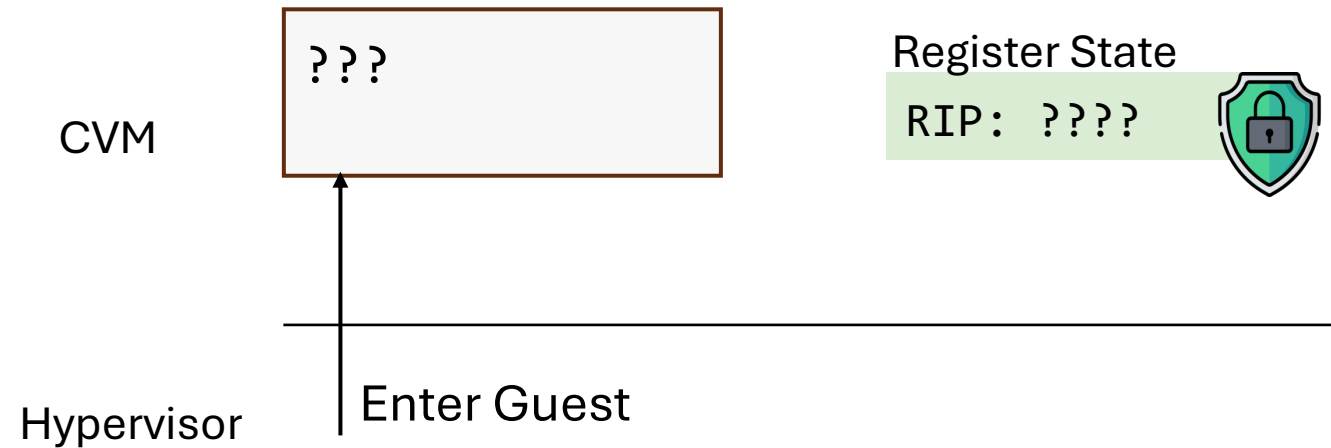
Heckler Attack (Intel TDX and AMD SEV-SNP)



Heckler Attack (Intel TDX and AMD SEV-SNP)



Hypervisor View on CVM Execution State



```
rax = authenticate()  
if (rax): goto auth  
...
```

The code block shows a snippet of assembly-like code. A yellow lightning bolt icon is positioned to the right of the code, with a blue arrow pointing from the lightning bolt to the `authenticate()` function call in the first line of the code.

Tracking the page-level execution state of CVMs

```
rax = authenticate()  
if (rax): goto auth  
...
```

Page A

```
call authenticate  
test eax,eax  
je auth  
...
```

Page B

```
do authentication  
...  
ret
```

Hypervisor
observes page
faults

Page A
Page B
Page A

**Inject interrupt before marking
Page A as executable**

Finding Gadget Pages

Offline Phase

0xF00, 0x100, 0x200,
0x700, 0x900, 0x500,
0xB00, 0xC00, 0x900



Page A: 0xF00
Page B: 0x900



f(...)

Attack Phase

0x800, 0x100, 0x200,
0x700, 0x900, 0x500,
0xB00, 0xC00, 0xA00

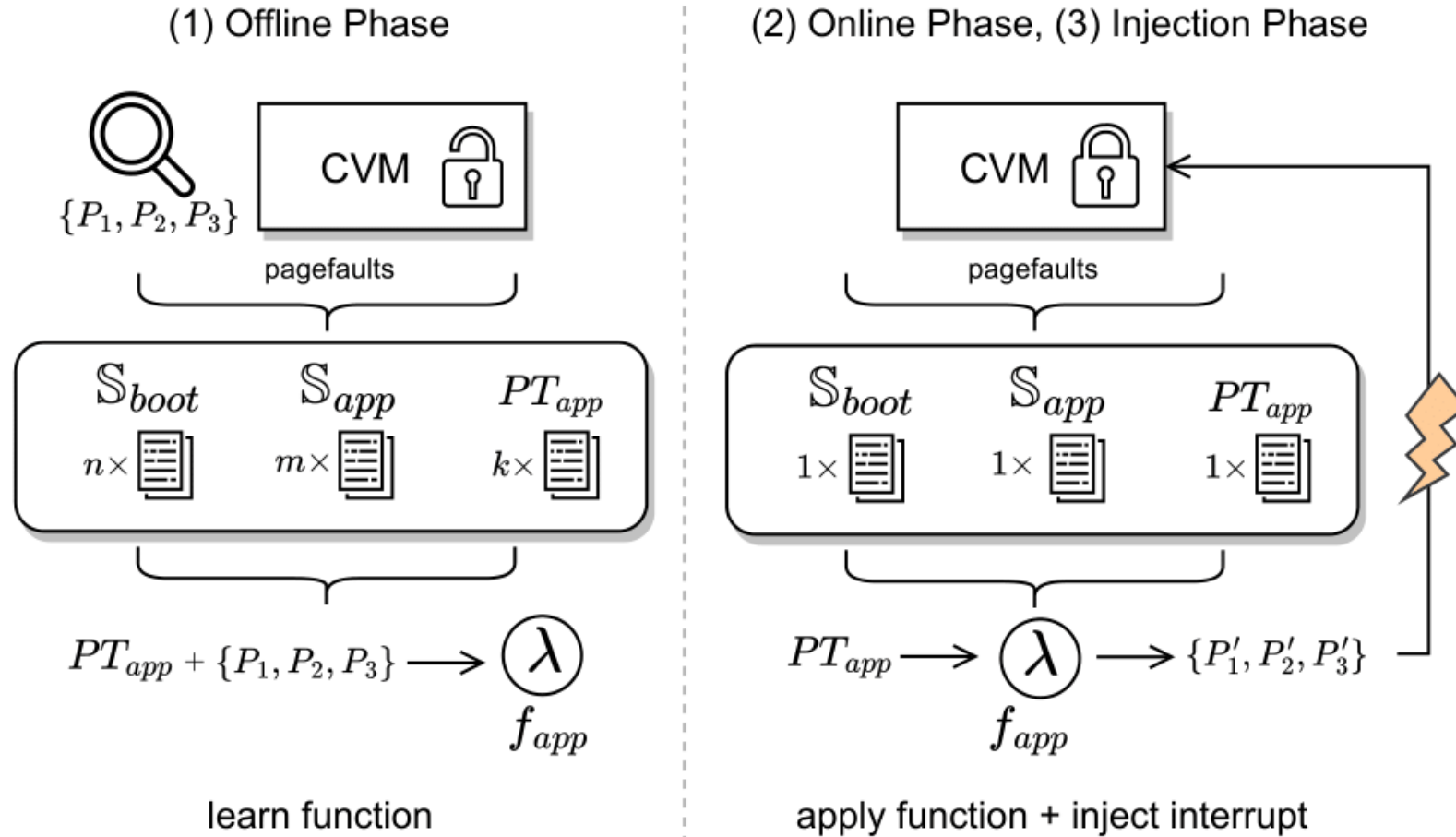


f(...)



Page A: 0x800
Page B: 0xA00

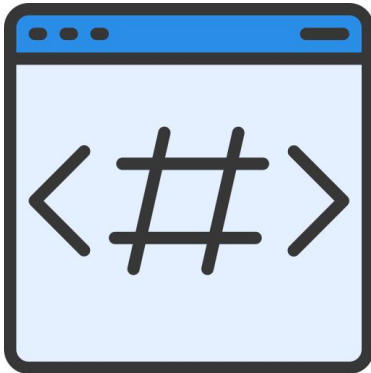
Finding Gadget Pages



Case Studies



Bypass OpenSSH's password authentication



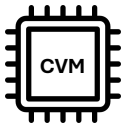
Bypass Sudo authentication (libPAM)

Signal Generating Interrupts (AMD SEV-SNP)

```
try {  
    v = Covariance(...);  
} catch(ArithmeticException ex) {  
    v = 0;  
}
```

CVM

Hypervisor



Signal Generating Interrupts (AMD SEV-SNP)

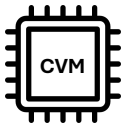
```
try {  
    v = Covariance(...);  
} catch(ArithmeticException ex) {  
    v = 0;  
}
```

CVM

serve interrupt:
Inject signal to
userspace

Hypervisor

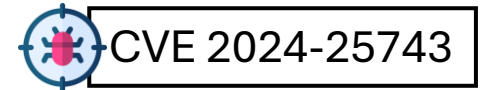
**int 0x10
Interrupt**



Root Cause

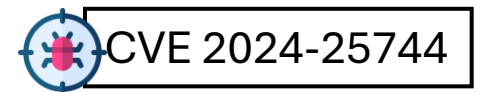
Hypervisor can inject interrupts that should never be generated by it

Hotfixes



Disable int0x80 syscall interrupt on CVMs (v6.7)

- Subsequent patch enables int0x80 **only** for TDX again and perform validation of interrupt source
- On SEV-SNP the VM cannot distinguish between interrupt sources



Signal generating interrupt sources remain unfixed until today (only SEV-SNP)

New class of attacks called Ahoi attacks:

- Malicious Interrupt Injection to trigger handlers
- This paper: int0x80 / signal generating Interrupts
- Our IEEE SP 2024 paper, WeSee: #VC

We demonstrate Heckler with case studies:

- OpenSSH password authentication bypass
- libPAM password authentication bypass (sudo, doas, ...)

CVE 2024-25743 and 2024-25744



<https://ahoi-attacks.github.io/>