

# Rethinking the Security Threats of Stale DNS Glue Records

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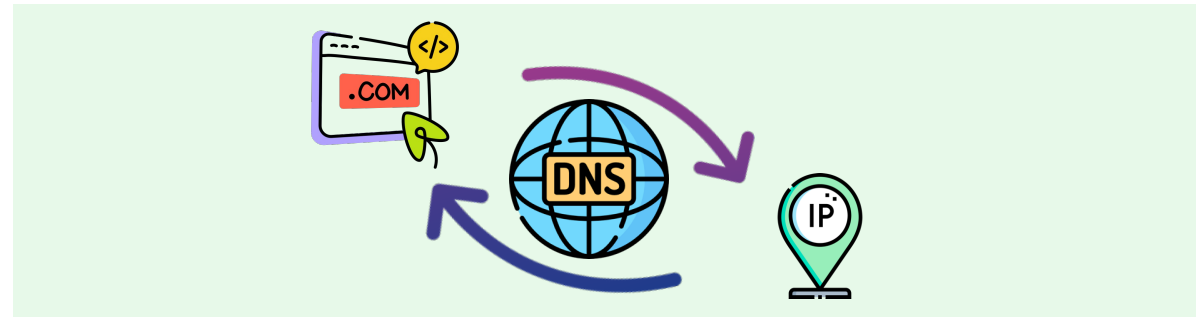
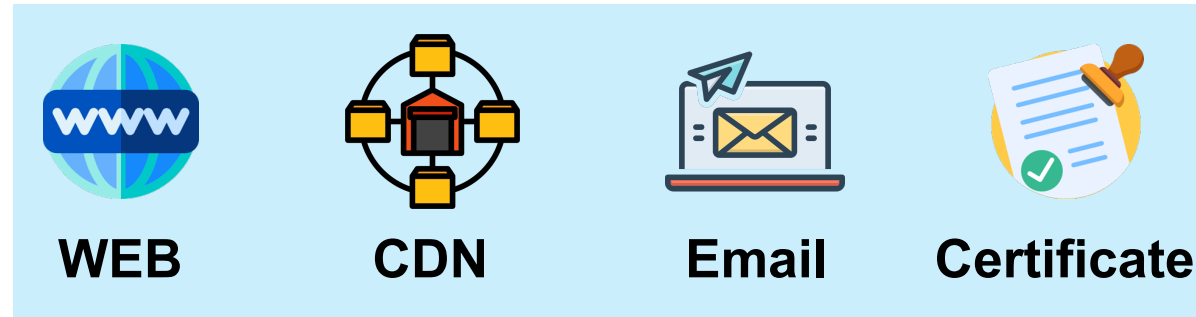
<https://chaoyi.lu>

# Brief Summary

- **Stale glue records point to invalid nameserver IPs**
- **Nearly a quarter of the glue records are stale, affecting more than 6 million active domains.**

# Domain Name System

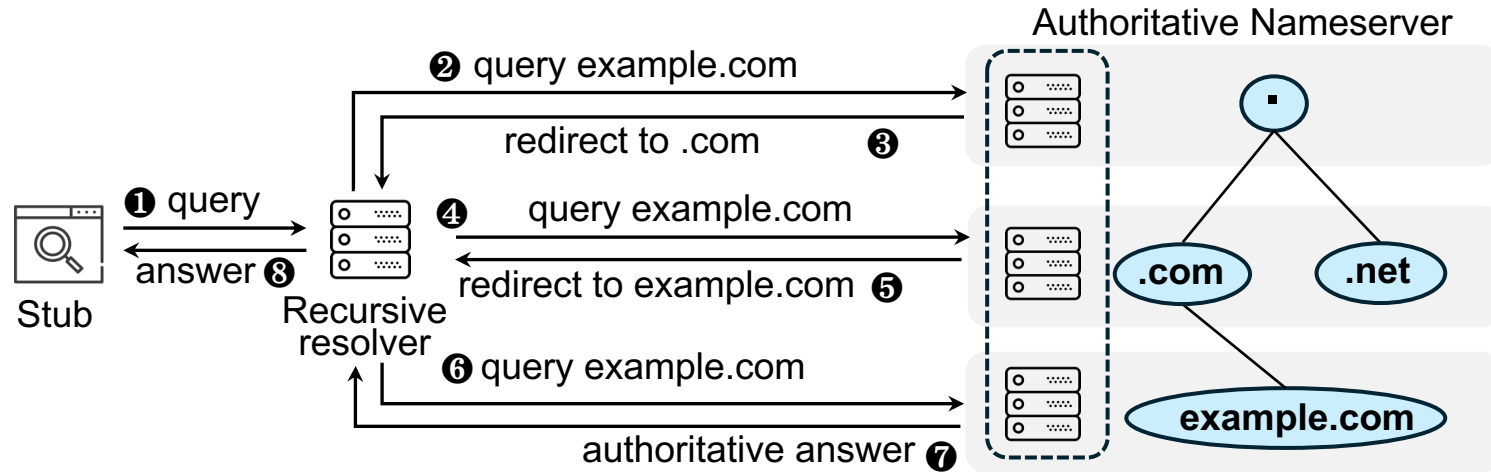
## ❖ Translating domain names to IP addresses



**entry point of many Internet activities**

# Domain Name System

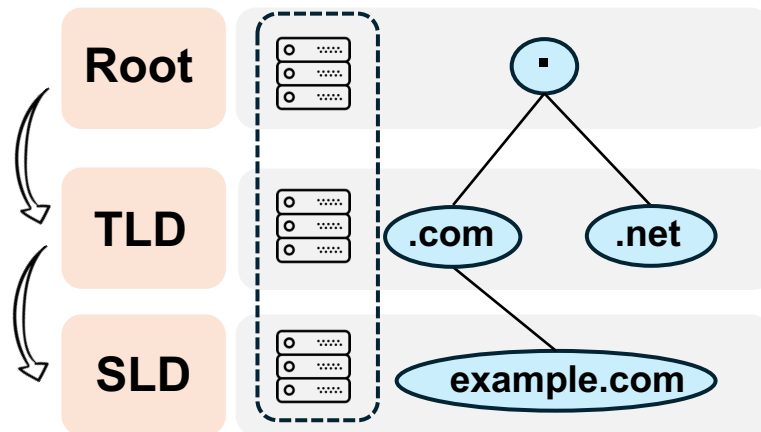
- ❖ Translating domain names to IP addresses
- ❖ Resolution process



# Domain Name System

- ❖ Translating domain names to IP addresses
- ❖ Resolution process
- ❖ Hierarchical Name Space
  - ❖ Authoritative zones: root, TLD, SLD

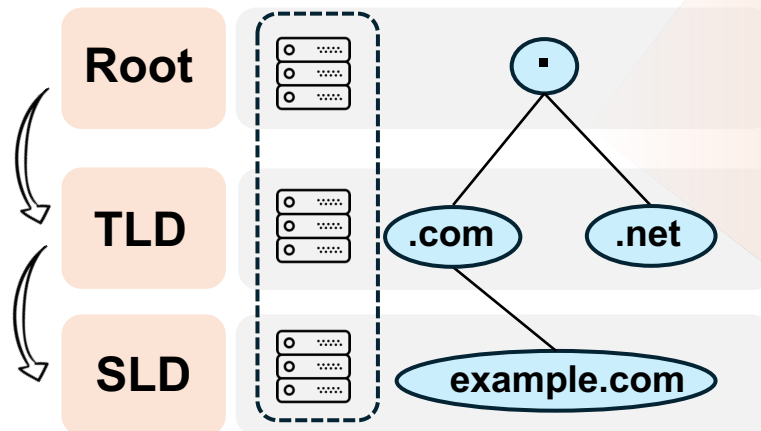
Parent zone maintains delegation records for their child zone.



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## Types of delegation

### In-domain delegation

```
foo.com NS ns1.foo.com
```

# Domain Name System

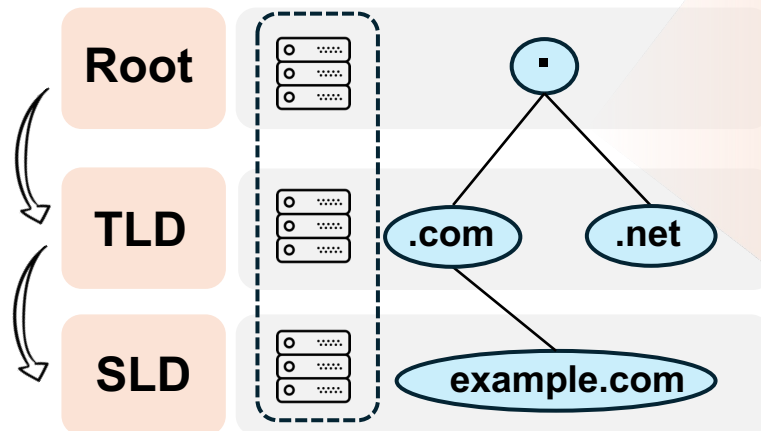
- ❖ Translating domain names to IP addresses

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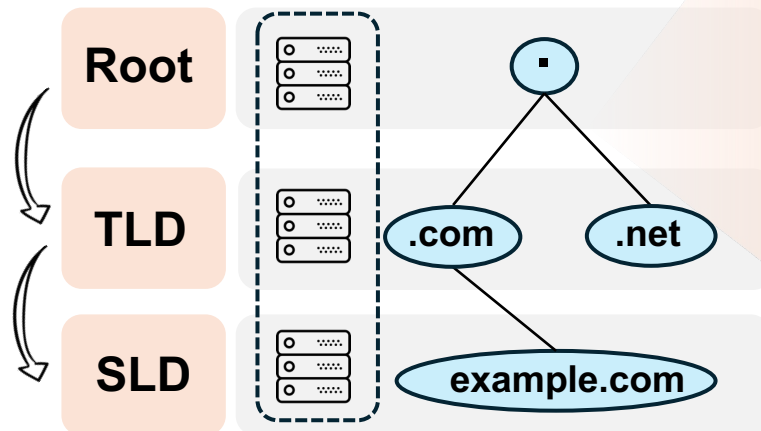
### Sibling-domain delegation

`foo.com NS ns1.exam.com`

# Domain Name System

- ❖ Translating domain names to IP addresses
- ❖ Resolution process
- ❖ Hierarchical Name Space
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Parent zone maintains delegation records for their child zone.



## Types of delegation

### In-domain delegation

```
foo.com NS ns1.foo.com
```

### Sibling-domain delegation

```
foo.com NS ns1.exam.com
```

### Out-domain delegation

```
foo.com NS ns1.foo.net
```



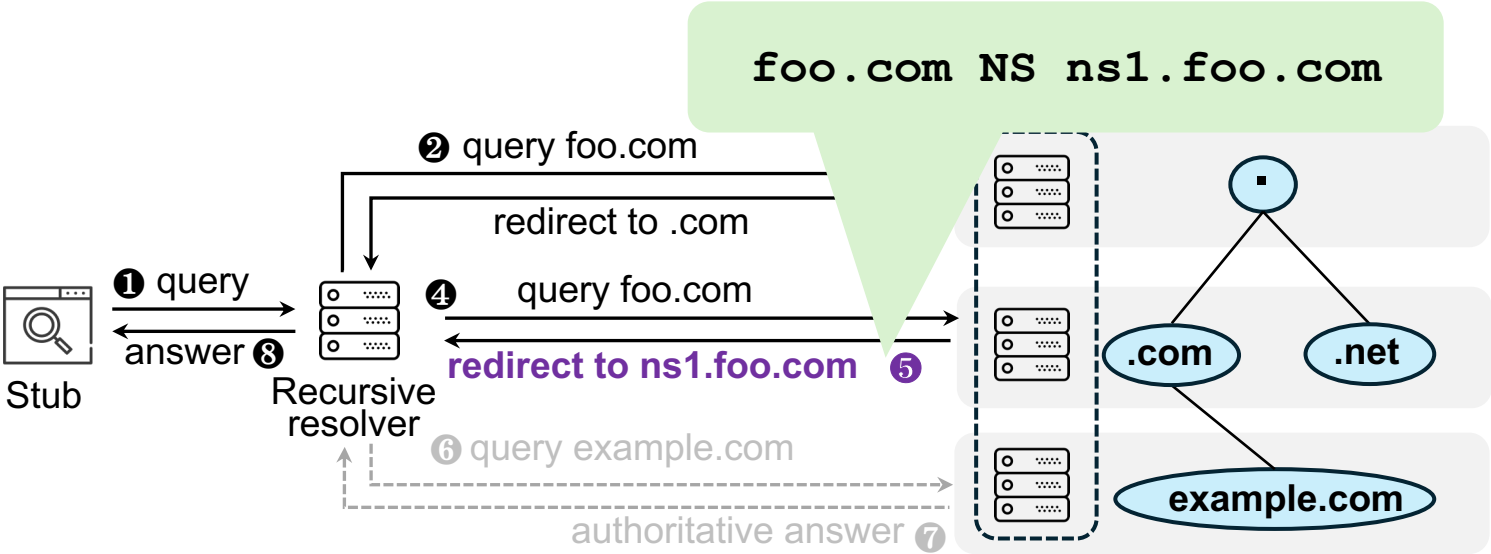
# DNS Glue Records – Resolution Loop

## In-domain delegation

```
foo.com NS ns1.foo.com
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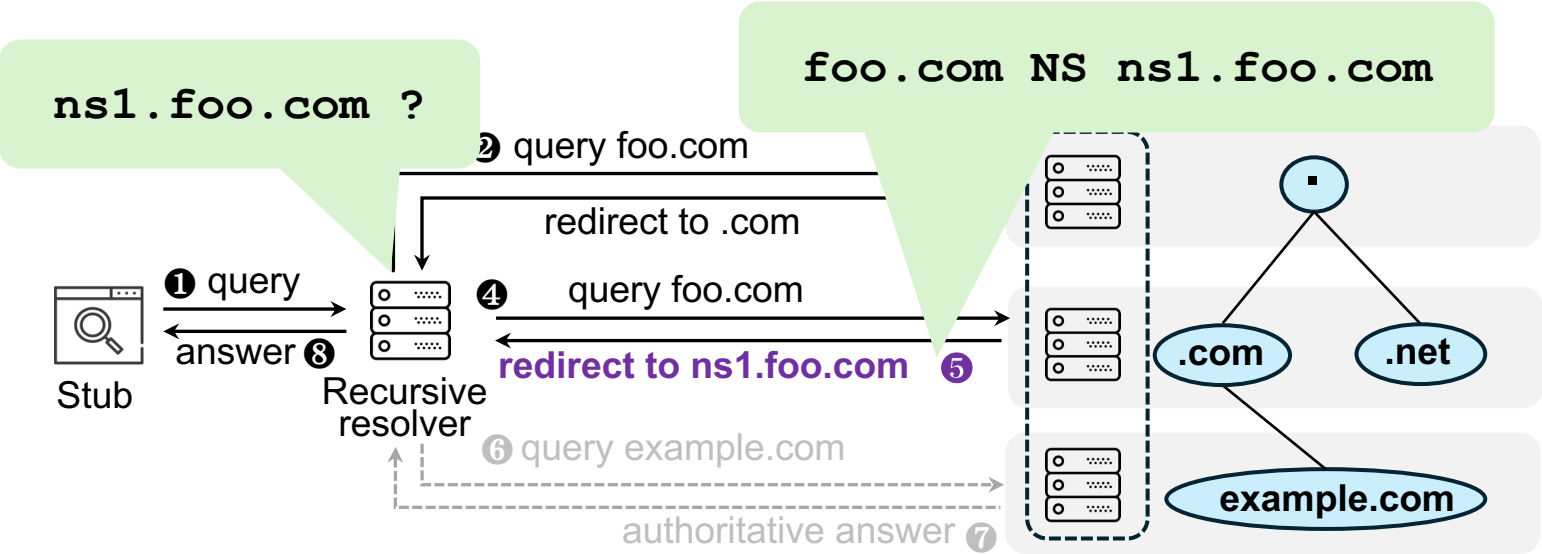
# DNS Glue Records – Resolution Loop

**In-domain delegation**  
`foo.com NS ns1.foo.com`



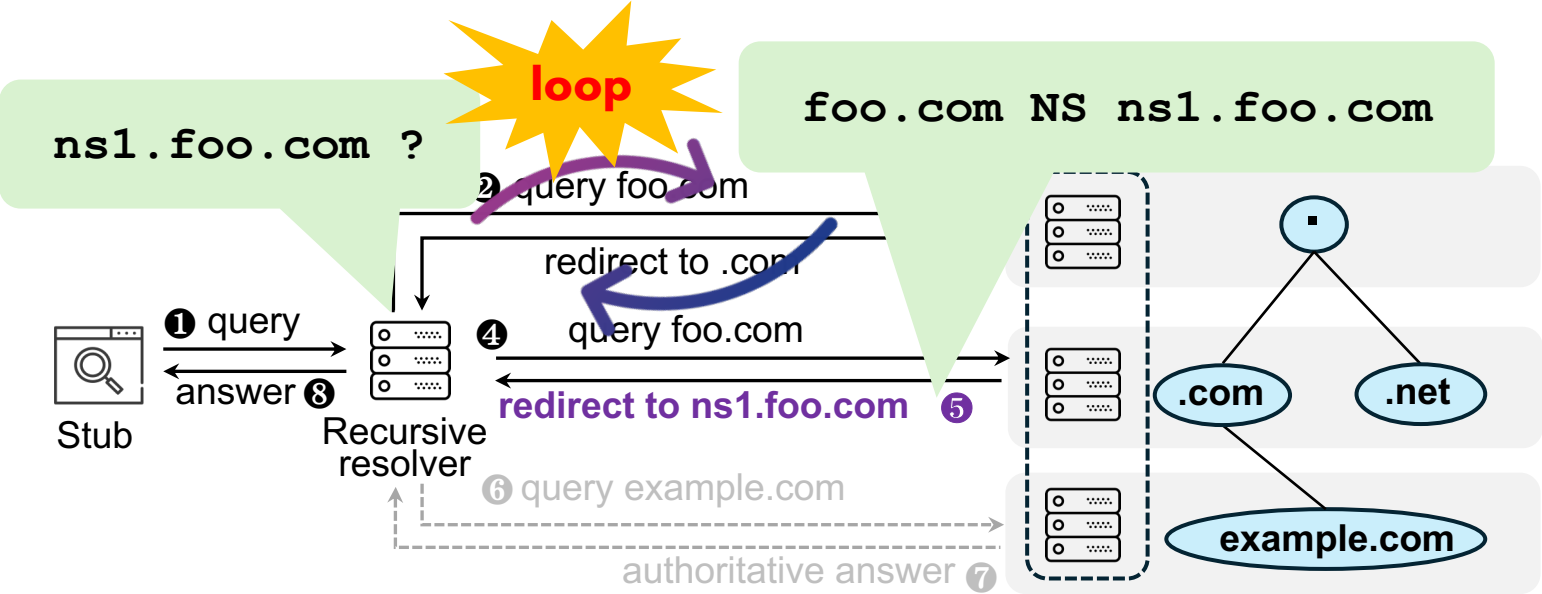
# DNS Glue Records – Resolution Loop

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# DNS Glue Records – Resolution Loop

**In-domain delegation**  
foo.com NS ns1.foo.com



# DNS Glue Records Prevent Resolution Loop

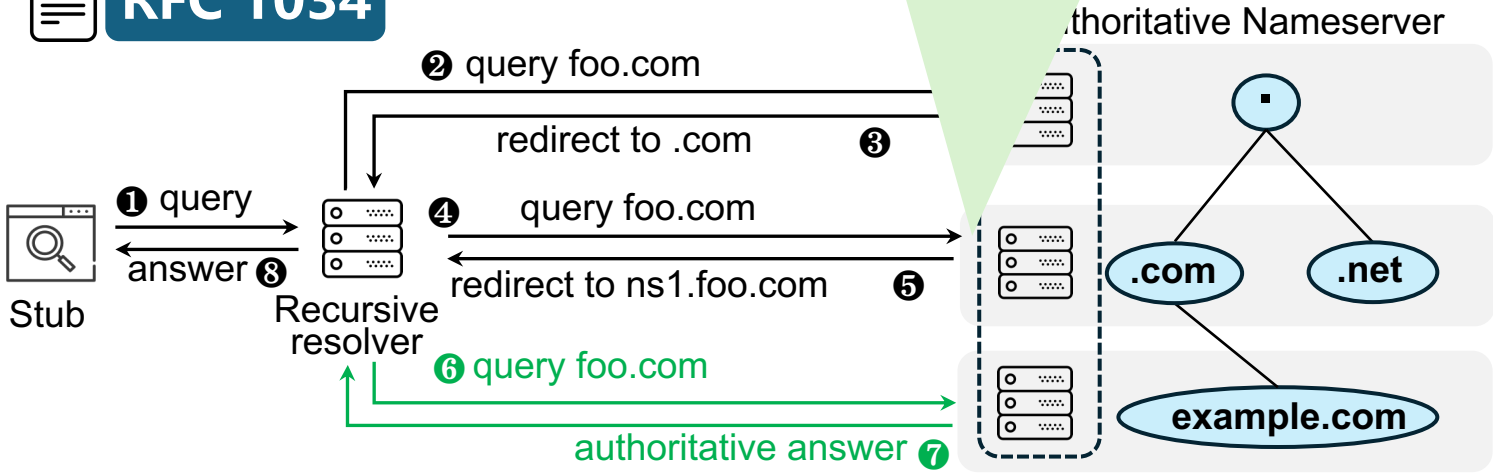
## In-domain delegation

```
foo.com NS ns1.foo.com
```

To fix this problem, a zone contains "glue" RRs which are not part of the authoritative data, and are address RRs for the servers.

 **RFC 1034**

```
glue records →  
foo.com NS ns1.foo.com  
ns1.foo.com A 192.168.1.1
```



# Takeaway

**Glue records are necessary resource records used to resolve resolution loops.**

However, the community seldom pays attention to the security threats associated with them.

# Why the Neglect of Glue Records?

In RFC 1034, the use of glue records is restricted

*These RRs are only necessary if the name server's name is "below" the cut, and are only used as part of a referral response.*

Mainstream DNS software assigns a low trust level to glue records

## BIND9

Definition	Level	Description
dns_trust_ultimate	9	This server is authoritative
dns_trust_secure	8	Successfully DNSSEC validated
dns_trust_authanswer	7	Answer from an authoritative server
dns_trust_authauthority	6	Received in the authority section from an authoritative response
dns_trust_answer	5	Answer from a non-authoritative server
dns_trust_glue	4	Received in a referral response
dns_trust_additional	3	Received in the additional section of a response

## Knot Resolver

Definition	Level	Description
KR_RANK_SECURE	32	Verified trust chain from the closest TA
KR_RANK_AUTH	16	Authoritative data
KR_RANK_INSECURE	8	Proven to be insecure
KR_RANK_MISSING	7	No RRSIG found
KR_RANK_MISMATCH	6	-
KR_RANK_BOGUS	5	Ought to be secure but isn't
KR_RANK_INDET	4	Unable to determine whether secure
KR_RANK_TRY	2	Attempt to validate
KR_RANK_OMIT	1	Do not attempt to validate
KR_RANK_INITIAL	0	Initial-like states

# Question

**Does the usage of glue records adhere to best practices?**

No. Many **stale glue records** are left in zone files. Mainstream resolver software uses glue records in places **beyond in-domain delegation**.



# DNS Glue Records in Zone Files

**1,096  
TLDs**

**.com, .net, .org, ...**

**300M+ domain names**

**2M+ glue records**

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Glue

```
;.com zone file  
example.com NS ns.example.com  
ns.example.com A 1.2.3.4 (Correct)  
stale.com NS ns.stale.com  
ns.stale.com A 4.5.6.8  
ns-old.stale.com A 8.8.9.9
```

```
; example.com nameserver  
example.com NS ns.example.com  
ns.example.com A 1.2.3.4
```

```
; stale.com nameserver  
ns.stale.com A 2.3.4.5
```

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# DNS Glue Records in Zone Files

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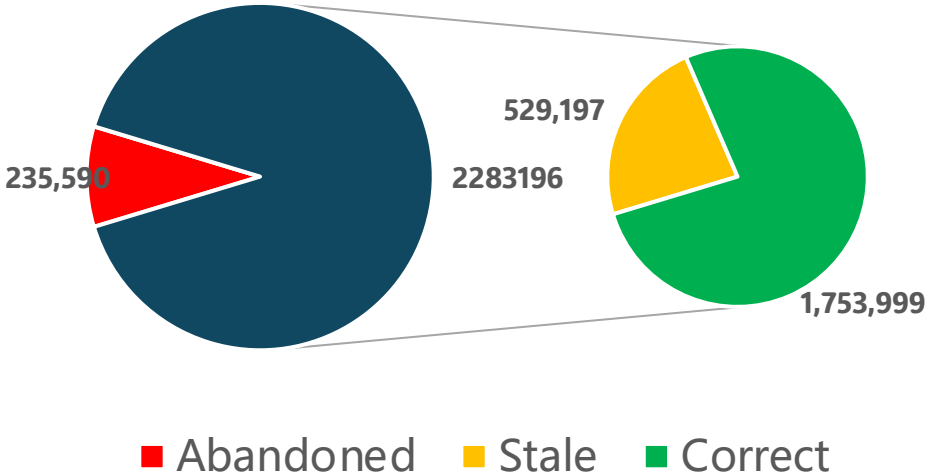
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ns.stale.com A 4.5.6.8 (Stale)  
ns-old.stale.com A 8.8.9.9 (Expired)
```

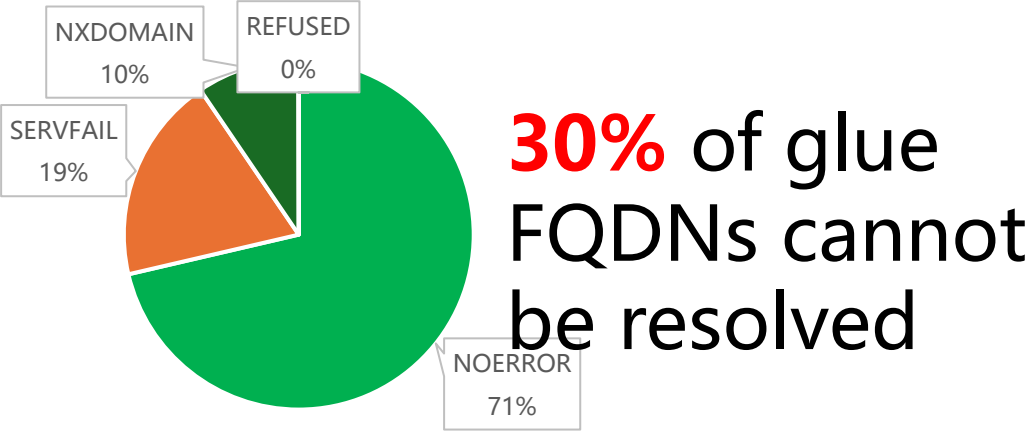
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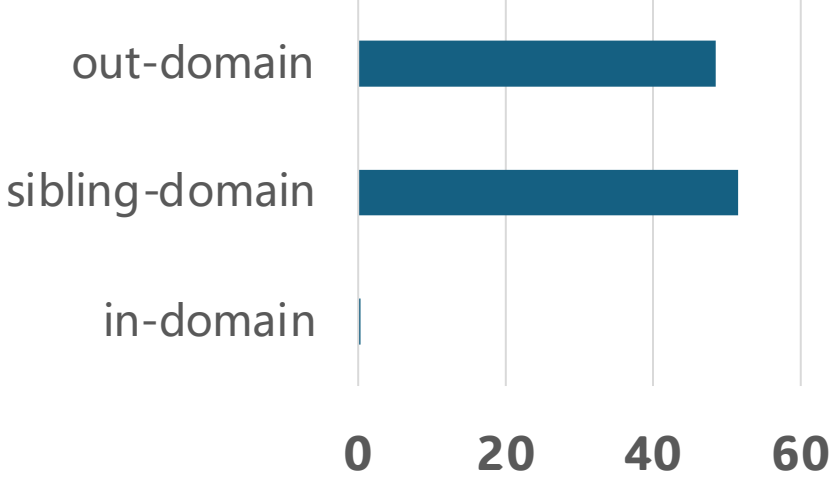
# Significant # of Stale and Flawed Glue Records



**23.18%** of glue records are stale



**30%** of glue FQDNs cannot be resolved



**0.29%** of delegation are in-domain delegation

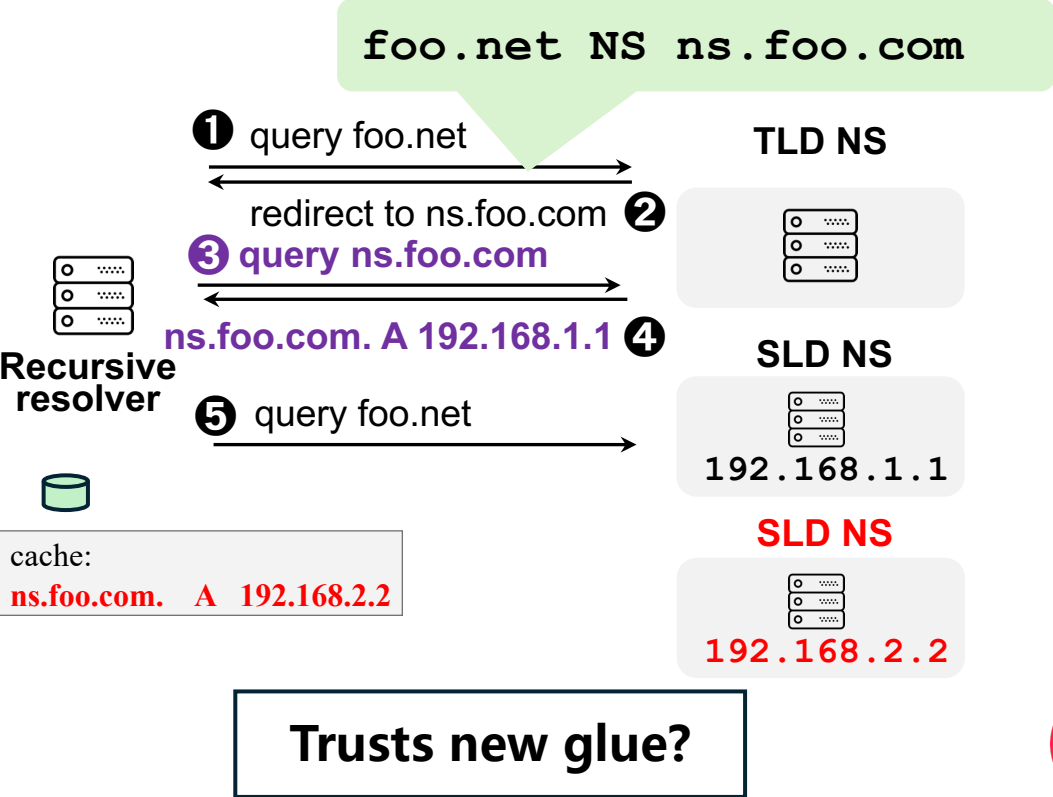
# Question

**Can these forgotten stale glue records be exploited ?**

Yes, mainstream DNS software **directly uses glue records** without verification.

# Glue Record Use in DNS software

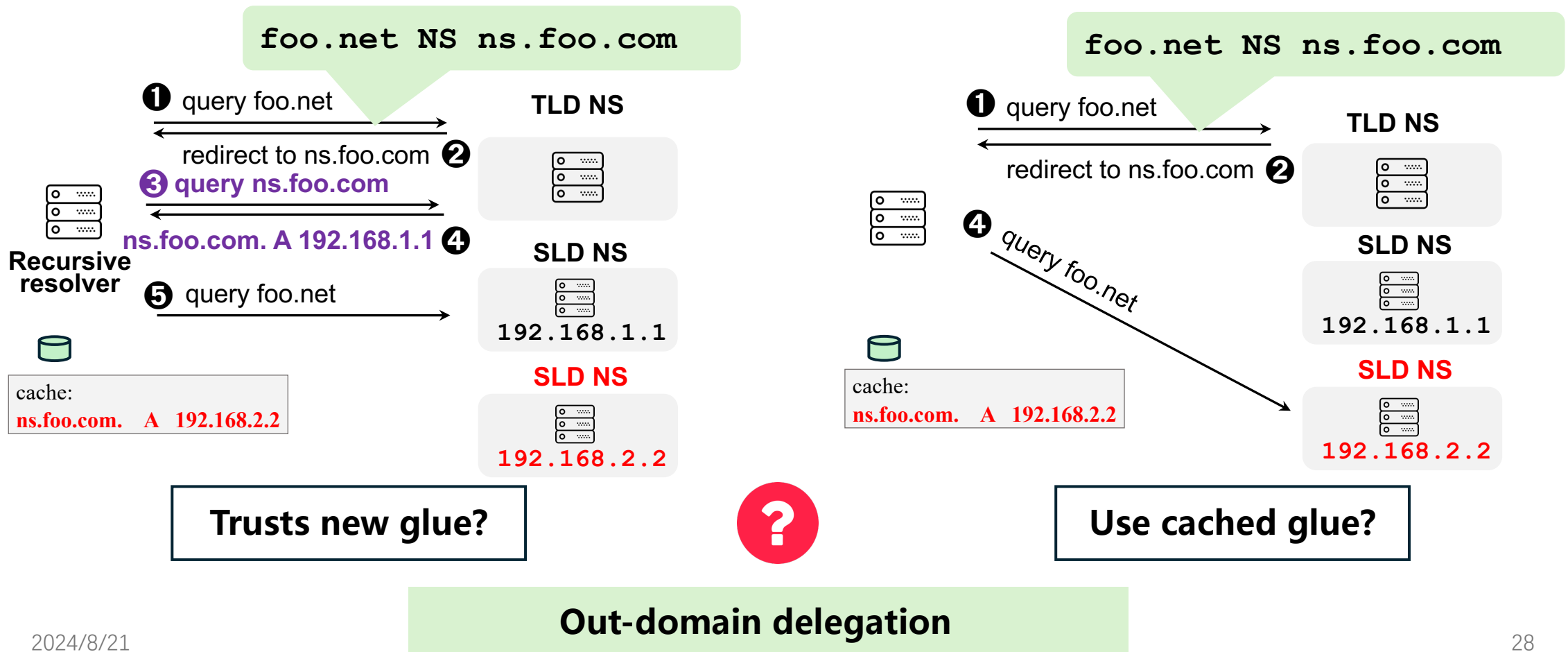
❖ Will cached glue records be used in future, out-domain lookups?



Out-domain delegation

# Glue Record Use in DNS software

❖ Will cached glue records be used in future, out-domain lookups?





# DNS software uses cache without validation



✘ **Caching and using glue without validation.**

**All DNS software**

✘ **Misplaced trust for unvalidated glue records.**

**BIND9, PowerDNS, Knot, Microsoft DNS, Simple DNS Plus**

# Question

**How to exploit the abundant stale glue records?**

**Shadow caching**

# Shadow Caching – Awaking stale glue records

## ❖ injecting stale glue records to target resolver

### ❖ Step 1: configure delegation relationship

.com zone file

```
ns1.vulner.com A 192.1.1.1  
attack.com NS ns1.vulner.com
```

.net zone file

```
victim.net NS ns1.vulner.com
```

# Shadow Caching – Awaking stale glue records

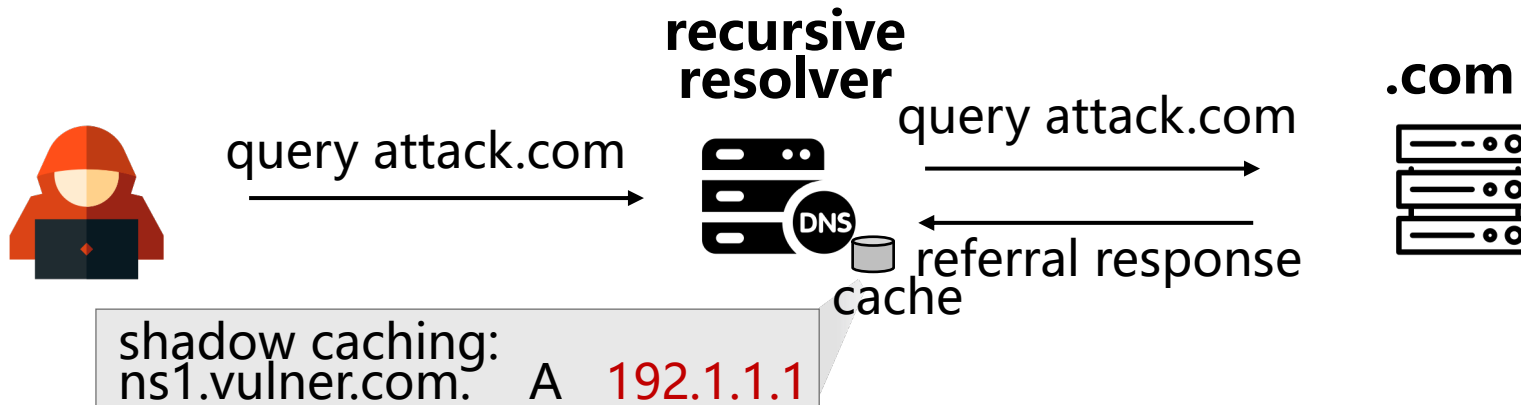
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```
.net zone file
victim.net NS ns1.vulner.com
```

### ❖ Step 2: lookup to target resolvers



# Shadow Caching – Attack

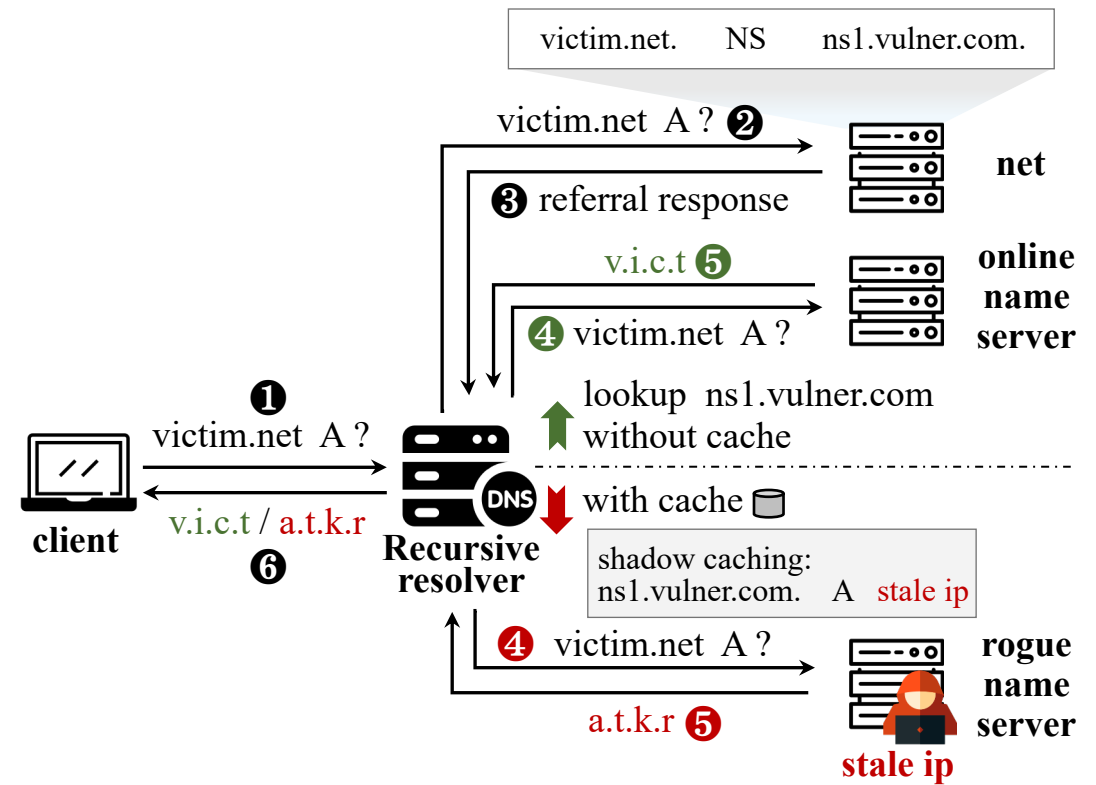
## ❖ Domain takeover

### Assumption

- ❑ Exploitable stale glue records
- ❑ Assignable cloud IPs

### Exploiting Idea

- ❑ Injecting the *shadow caching* by attack.com
- ❑ Resolvers applies shadow caching directly, if it exists



# Shadow Caching – Attack

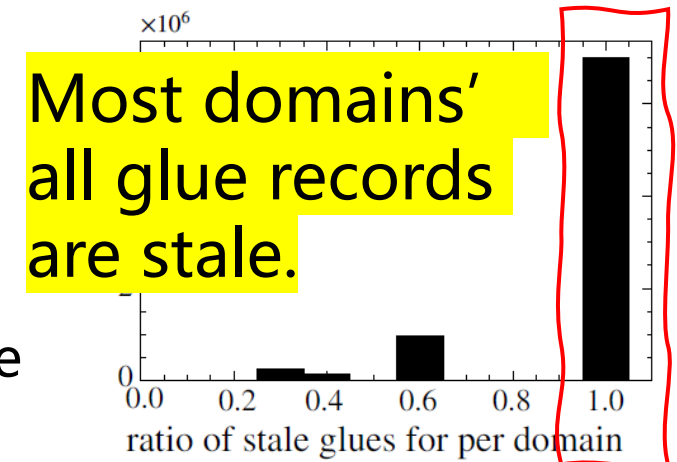
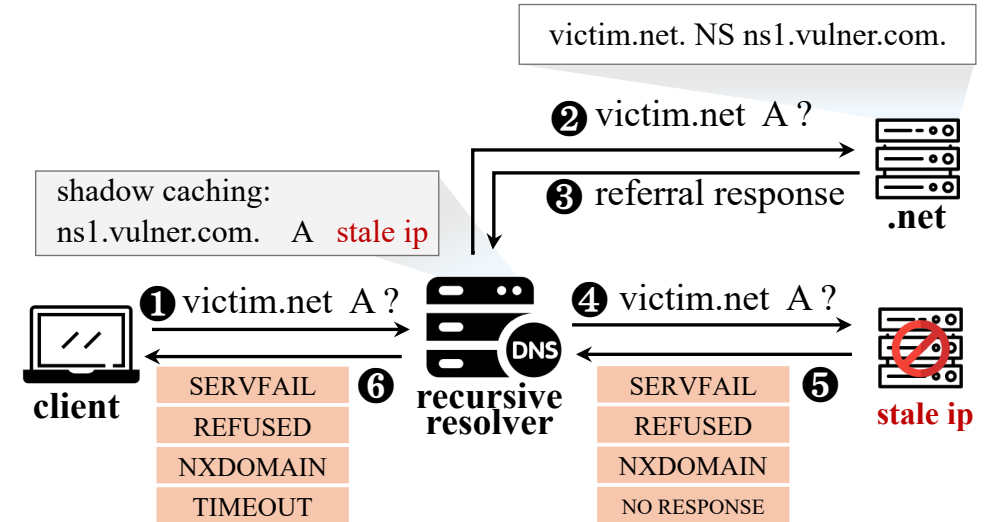
## ❖ Denial-of-Service

### Assumption

- ❑ Exploitable stale glue records
- ❑ The domain is **out-domain delegation** and **all GlueFQDNs** of nameservers are stale.

### Exploiting Idea

- ❑ Injecting the *shadow caching* by attack.com
- ❑ After multiple retries, resolvers returns a failed response

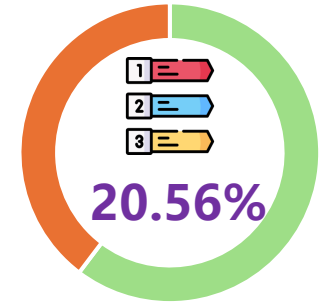


# Vulnerable Glue Records and Domains

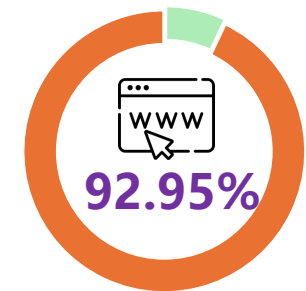
## Domain takeover

**193,558** exploitable stale glue records mapping to 100,258 cloud IPs.

**6,398,631** domain names susceptible to takeover.



Tranco Top 1M



Active domains

## Denial-of-Service

**784,693** active domains susceptible to denial-of-service attacks

# Vulnerable Software and Resolver

❖ 9/9 DNS resolver software vulnerable to **domain takeover, DoS**



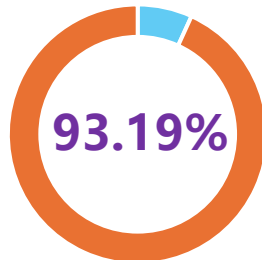
❖ 14/14 DNS Public DNS vulnerable to



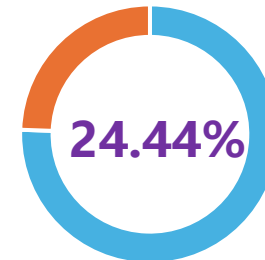
**domain takeover, DoS**



❖ Open Resolvers



Domain takeover



DoS



# Discussion & Mitigation

## ❖ Vulnerability Disclosure

- ❑ Acknowledged and remediated by **.info** and **.org registry**
- ❑ Confirmed by 4 affected vendors: PowerDNS, OpenDNS, and Alibaba Cloud DNS, etc.

## ❖ Root Cause

- ❑ Poor DNS glue records management
- ❑ Irregular DNS software behavior

## ❖ Mitigation Solution

- ❑ Enhance management of delegation records
- ❑ Avoid using glue record caching under out-domain delegation

# Conclusion

## ❖ Systematic analysis of glue records

- ❑ across 1,096 TLDs and 9 major DNS software

## ❖ Novel attack

- ❑ new exploitation method for stale glue records, especially under **out-domain delegation**

## ❖ Comprehensive evaluation

- ❑ over 6 million domains are vulnerable
- ❑ 90% of open resolvers and 14 public DNS are vulnerable

# Thanks!

# Questions?

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